# DAVENPORT PUBLIC MUSEUM PUBLICATIONS IN BOTANY

Number 1



# THE VASCULAR PLANTS

of

# SCOTT AND MUSCATINE COUNTIES

With some reference to adjoining areas of surrounding Counties in Iowa and to Rock Island and Whiteside Counties in Illinois.

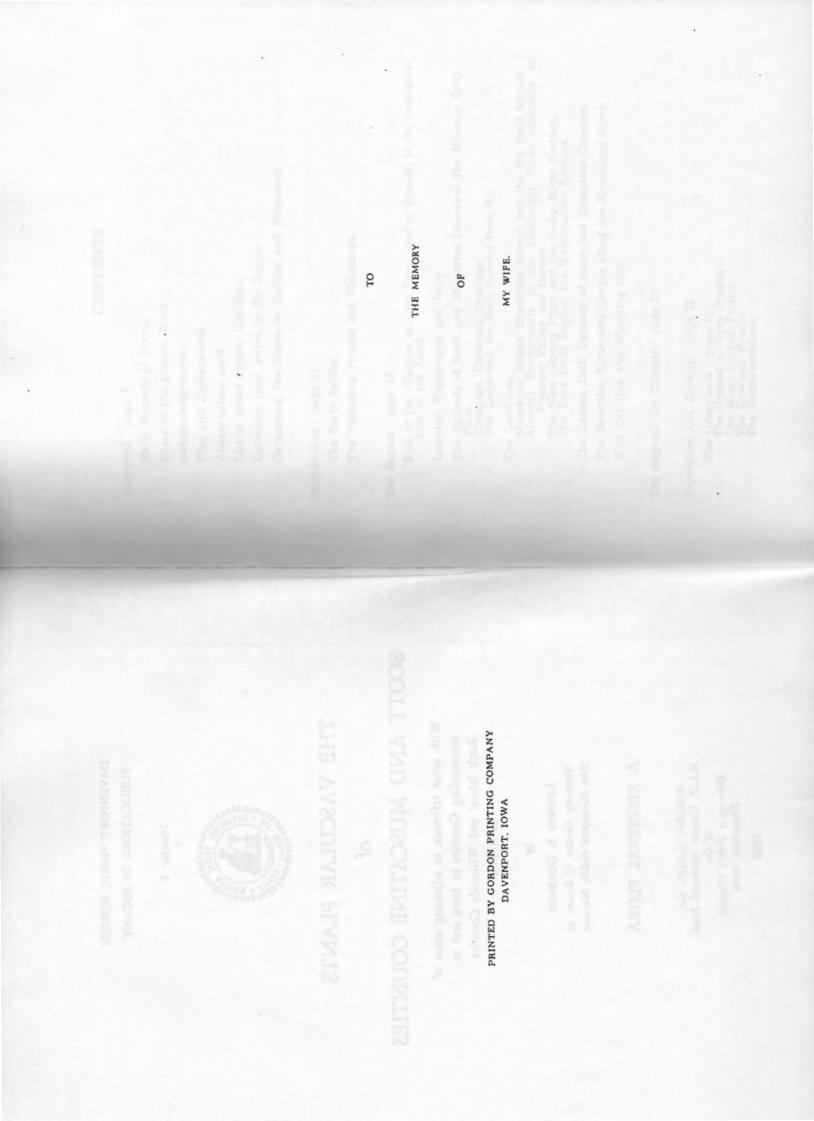
by

LUDWIG F. GULDNER Honorary Curator of Botany of The Davenport Public Museum

# A REGIONAL FLORA

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1960



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# FOREWORD

#### Lists by Previous Botanists

Short lists of native wild-flowers growing in and about Davenport were published in the Davenport Gazette in 1845 by Alfred Sanders, and in 1847 by Dr. C. C. Parry.

A small note-book now in the files of the Davenport Public Museum with a title-page reading, "List of Wild Plants found in the vicinity of Davenport, Iowa, 1847, and others found in connection with the Geological Survey, 1848, by C. C. Parry.", and in Parry's own hand appears here in print for the first time as a supplement to the present work in a literal transcription of the part which relates to the plants of Iowa. Some two hundred and seventy-five plants are listed; some of these items are validated by specimens in the Parry Herbarium now at the Iowa State College at Ames.

A more extensive "List of Phanerogamous Plants collected in the Vicinity of Davenport" by J. J. Nagel and J. G. Haupt during the years 1870 to 1876 inclusive was published in the "Proceedings of the Davenport Academy of Natural Sciences," Volume 1, in July 1876. This list is still very incomplete and the treatment very uneven, as may be seen from its mention of no grasses, only four Cyperaceae, and one aster. It must be used with care because of numerous inaccuracies, and from the fact that almost no supporting specimens are at hand.

The first flora that can pretend to comprehensiveness as well as accuracy is the "Flora of Scott and Muscatine Counties" by Barnes, Miller and Reppert published by the Davenport Public Museum (then the Davenport Academy of Natural Sciences) in 1900. It contains 1065 items, and was based on the collections of the authors during the years 1888 to 1898. Actual specimens are available to support practically all of the items mentioned. Considering the period and the literature available to the authors, the accuracy of the determinations is nothing less than astonishing. As evidence of its completeness may be cited its mention of 101 grasses, 49 carices, and 11 potamogetons. Any inadequacies in the work, as in Viola and Rubus, reflect merely the then existing state of knowledge in the literature.

#### Changed conditions seem to require fresh treatment.

Changes have, of course, occurred since those days both in additions to botanical knowledge and changes in botanical concepts with corresponding changes in the nomenclature. There are changes, too, in the face of the country-side due to the work of man, such as the introduction of new cultivated species, as well as unwelcome weeds and the elimination of native species, by the broadening of roads, the draining of ponds and marshes and the felling of woods. The native prairie species have all but disappeared, eliminated by cultivation and pastures, leaving only here and there in isolated corners, or along the railroads, pitiful remnants of the ancient and magnificent prairie

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flora. The native woodland species have fared somewhat better, but they too, are on the way to extinction, as year by year and bit by bit the trees are being put to the axe to make way for more crop-land or pasture, as if there were not already too much for our needs. The lover of nature among men as well as the botanist sighs with regret at the destruction of such a plant paradise as Lindle's Woods in Muscatine County, where grew the cinnamon fern, the asters umbelliformis and furcatus, Solidago patula and Equistum pratense, when he sees it given over to the ignoble (as well as uneconomical) use as a hog-lot.

Fifty-eight years have now passed since the appearance of the Flora, and there is need for a new work which takes into account some of the changes which have since taken place, some of the new species since discovered, and to bring the nomenclature more into accord with present usage.

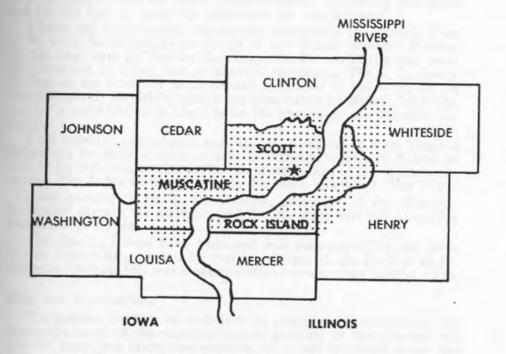
### Basis of the Present Work.

The present work is based in part on the "Flora of Scott and Muscatine Counties," in part on the Barnes Herbarium of the Davenport Public Museum. This collection, now numbering over nine thousand specimens of plants collected in and around Scott and Muscatine Counties, is assembled about the original collections by W. D. Barnes, numbering about thirty-five hundred specimens. Other collections numbering about one thousand specimens by Edith Ross and some few hundred by Naomi Melville have been added, as well as my own collections, about five thousand in number and made during the last twelve years. There are also several hundred specimens collected for the most part in Muscatine County by the late Professor Shimek as well as several hundred duplicate sheets by Reppert from Muscatine County; all acquired by the Barnes Herbarium through the kindness of Professor Thorne.

The extensive Reppert Herbarium, composed of plants of Muscatine County and now incorporated in the Herbarium of the State University of Iowa has been freely consulted by permission of the Curator, Professor Thorne, whose kindness is gratefully acknowledged. Thanks are also tendered to Professor Pohl, Curator of the Herbarium at Iowa State College, for permission to consult the Herbarium of that institution, and to examine a number of plants in the C. C. Parry Herbarium, now housed there. A number of plants from our area went to Ames by exchanges by Barnes and Reppert with R. I. Cratty, the then Curator.

#### Acknowlegements

I have freely asked the help of distinguished authorities in the determination of troublesome specimens, and the favor has invariably been graciously extended. I am particularly grateful to E. J. Palmer, without whose aid the genus Crataegus would not have been satisfactorily treated; and to F. J. Hermann for much and repeated help with the Cyperaceae. J. R. Swallen has given much help with the



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grasses. I am indebted to G. N. Jones for help with Amelanchier and the Biotian asters. S. F. Blake and Lloyd H. Shinners have named some of the asters. The determinations of several of the violets were made by N. H. Russell. I have been greatly helped by C. B. Heiser, who has annotated many troublesome sunflowers, and contributed much to my understanding of that perplexing genus. R. C. Friesner (now deceased) has given help with the goldenrods. I am indebted to J. A. Steyermark for much enlightenment concerning the roses and for the loan of numerous specimens for comparison.

I have had much useful information concerning the climate from L. W. Dick, Meteorologist in charge of the Moline Weather Bureau. To the keen eyes of Thomas Morrissey the Barnes Herbarium owes the collection of many rare or unusual specimens. The L. C. Bailey Hortorium has rendered much needed assistance in the study of the genus Rubus by furnishing specimens determined by Bailey, for study, and by a contribution of the Gentes Herbarium to the Museum Library.

I am indebted to Professor and Mrs. W. A. Davis of West Virginia University for their opinion on several difficult species of Rubus, as well as for information concerning the distribution of our midwestern species. The Index to the Catalog is the work chiefly of Tom Thew.

I am grateful to Dr. L. H. Kornder, president of the Museum, to Donald Herold, its director, and to the staff for the unsparing assistance given me.

And finally, I have been sustained and encouraged by the faith in this undertaking shown by the late Msgr. U. A. Hauber of St. Ambrose College; this was made manifest in numerous helpful ways.

#### Plan and Explanations

The present work is an endeavor to produce a record, from my own experience of the vascular plants growing in the general region of Scott and Muscatine counties. It is not intended to be the conventional Flora restricted by county lines, but will range into adjoining areas of surrounding counties in Iowa, and into Rock Island and Whiteside counties across the river in Illinois, these also being areas where I have done some collecting.

It will differ also from the usual county Flora in that, in keeping with the trend shown in the recent Manuals, some introduced and cultivated woody and herbaceous plants have been included. Some readers may regard these as superfluous baggage; others may find them of interest.

The classification and order followed are those of the eighth edition of Gray's Manual; but I have declined to follow Fernald in some of his innovations. The names of the grasses employed by Hitchcock and Chase have been used; and in the case of the Carices the descriptions, keys and names given by K. K. Mackenzie have been used. Keys are omitted because a number of excellent ones are readily available, for example those in Jones' Flora of Illinois, Deam's Flora of Indiana and Gray's Manual, eighth edition; and their inclusion would have been superfluous.

All collections made in counties other than Scott and Muscatine, and not represented by specimens from within these latter counties will be indicated by the character "(" to donote that they would be excluded from the usual county Flora.

Definite citations are made for every taxon mentioned, including mention of the county in which collected, the locality, sometimes the date, and the Herbarium in which the specimen is preserved. When the last datum is lacking it means that the specimen is in the Barnes Herbarium of the Davenport Public Museum.

With only two or three exceptions every taxon mentioned has been seen and verified by me, and a specimen is available for reference in every case. If there are errors in the determinations, I have to assume the responsibility.

The Barnes Herbarium contains many specimens with no, or inadequate, data as to the locality from which they come. Like so many of the older collectors, W, D. Barnes was careless in this respect, and like them seemed to consider possession of the specimen to meet all the requirements. Such specimens I have been in the habit of designating "X" specimens, because their source was not stated. While there is good reason to believe these collections came from our area, obviously they can be used for our purpose only if supported by another specimen definitely indicated to be from our counties, in which case it may be assumed that they are indeed of local origin.

Search was made for such corroborating specimens, when none were present in the Barnes Herbarium, or among the Reppert and Shimek collections, at the State University of Iowa and at Iowa State College. The result was that only a few of these "X" specimens remain unvalidated.

A very limited use has been made of these "X" specimens in the citations and these mostly of species recorded in the Flora of Scott and Muscatine Counties, in the hope that authenticating collections may still be made.

Generally, only a few representative specimens are used in the citations; it will not be inferred that these are all the material available; and no deductions as to frequency can be made from them.

As accessions to the Barnes Herbarium are not numbered, it has been necessary to designate the specimen by the locality and the collector. For our purposes these will nearly always suffice.

A number of symbols have been found convenient in the citations:

indicates that the specimen, though present in the Barnes Herbarium, was collected outside the limits of Scott and Muscatine counties.

- X means that no precise locality has been assigned for the specimen.
- S Scott County
- M Muscatine County
- RI Rock Island County
- Ill. Illinois
- SUI The Herbarium of the State University of Iowa
- ISC The Herbarium of the Iowa State College of Agriculture
- Fl. "The Flora of Scott and Muscatine Counties" by Barnes, Miller and Reppert.
- G. The present author
- All other names of counties and collectors are spelled out.

Several lesser known localities mentioned:

Lindle's Woods, Section 6, Lake Township Brasenia Pond, Section 6, Lake Township Pontederia Pond, Section 8, Lake Township Nelumbo Pond, Section 15, Lake Township

Weiss Slough, Section 18, T78 N., R2W, all in Muscatine county.

Names of collectors, with the approximate dates of their field work.

William D. Barnes	1890 - 1900
Ferdinand K. Reppert	1878 - 1900
Edith Ross	1878 - 1888
Naomi Melville	1892 - ?
Bohumil K. Shimek	1898 - 1937
Ulrich A. Hauber	1910 - 1936
J. H. Paarmann and	
Sarah F. Sheldon	1902 - 1928
Thomas Morrissey	1950
Ludwig F. Guldner	1946 —

Much care has been taken to insure the correctness of the short notes on the habitat. They are made throughout from my own experience, except for a few quotations which are indicated as from the "Flora of Scott and Muscatine Counties." When my experience seemed insufficient to warrant an opinion for a general note on the habitat, it was omitted entirely, and a bare citation made. Thus, there was occasionally offered the opportunity to give a specific habitat for a rare or infrequent specimen. Nothing has been lifted from the literature, as this work is intended to be a reflection of my work in the field, which covered a period of twelve years, during which most of Scott County and much of Muscatine has been repeatedly visited. These notes are derived from observations in the field, not compiled in the herbarium.

Exception may be taken to the notes on frequency of occurrence. Possibly the term "common" or "abundant" often might better have been used in place of "frequent." But estimates of frequency can at best be only rough approximations. To be of value, they must be based on observations extending over a considerable period of years. They are too much a product of chance and circumstance to have scientific value. On repeated visits to the same localities, I am constantly more deeply impressed by the immense changes in the character and abundance of the covering vegetation which occur from year to year. For a discussion of this subject, see "Deam's Flora of Indiana," page 1126, under the heading 'Distribution.'

While Scott and especially Muscatine county have been probably the most thoroughly botanized regions in the state, much more could be done. I could have wished to compile a calendar of blossoming times proper to the region. I could have wished to have given adequate attention to the Kansan uplands of both counties and to have more thoroughly canvassed the sands and marshes of Muscatine Island and the bottoms of the lower Cedar River. Crataegus, Potamogeton and Rubus might have been more thoroughly studied, had time permitted, and numerous other gaps might have been filled. However, the time has come when it is the part of prudence to commit these notes to print for what they are worth, in the hope that they may merit favor with those who may be interested.

Would that something of the quality and flavor, the feeling, of the region, something of the smell of the land, something of the freshness of its woods and fields and waters might have stolen into these pages!

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### **Everything flows.** Heraclitus

# INTRODUCTION

The early settler, on arriving in the region and making his way up to the top of the wooded bluffs which skirted the river, saw lying out before him to the west, as far as the eye could see, a vast green sea of waving grass with only an occasional isolated dot or island of dark woods; this was the primeval Prairie.

In all this immensity of green, the prevailing and characteristic feature was the tall grasses. Four or five of the most common species grew as tall or taller than a man, the dominant ones being the greater and lesser blue-stems (Andropogon Gerardi and Andropogon scoparius), the Indian grass (Sorghastrum nutans), the porcupine-grass (Stipa spartea), and the slough-grass (Spartina pectinacea). These covered at least three quarters of the prairie of the region and of the state; and of these, only the lesser blue-stem grew less tall than man. Other species of lesser height were infrequent. In moist places the slough-grass might attain a height of eight feet or more. Occasional poorly drained areas might have a covert of tall sedges. And scattered here and there in this vast expanse of grass were some of three or four score flowering plants, many of them tall Compositae; and many late-blooming, which were at home on the prairie,

It is hard for us who live nowadays to realize that in all this wilderness of grass there grew not a single blade of the common blue-grass which is now seen everywhere; it came in only with the white man.

Our early settler was not much taken with the prairie and avoided it as much as he could. He came from wooded country in the east, and his natural preference was for wood-lands not too distant from the streams. He chose a site for his house near the edge of a woods and felled some trees, with which he built his cabin. Where he had come from they believed that a land which grew no trees, like the prairie, was not a fertile land and was not fit for farming. After a few attempts, he had discovered that the thick, compact, tenacious sod formed by the prairie grasses was too tough for his old-fashioned plow and his oxen to cope with. The ground he had cleared in the woods, he used to plant his corn and beans. The soft, crumbly mellow mold of the forest floor, though encumbered with stumps, was easily tilled, and yielded well. The prairie would provide his oxen and his horse, if he had one, with pasturage; that was all he required of it.

The first impact of the coming of the white man fell upon the woods; and they have continued to slowly melt away ever since. The attack upon the prairie took place only later and began in earnest about the year 1847 when the new plow, invented by John Deere came into use. With its self-scouring steel moldboard it bit into the

tough prairie sod and turned it over, something the plows hitherto in use had not been capable of doing. In a year or two the sod rotted away sufficiently to render the soil tillable, and in the course of time the prairie became one of the most productive grain-bearing soils known.

Under the incessant encroachments of man, the prairie has now all but vanished, persisting only as remnants along railroad right-of-ways and in out of the way and unfrequented corners; and with it much of its rich and varied flora of grasses and flowering plants.

The woods, too, are slowly and almost imperceptibly yielding ground and being turned into pasture or cropland. Fringe-lands which should have remained untouched are being pressed into cultivation. Marshlands and ponds have been tiled and drained; lean sandy fields are fortified with fertilizer and put to the plow and virgin woods put to use as pig-pastures. Less than five per cent of the land in Scott County is not in use; in Muscatine County the percentage is somewhat higher.

The picture of the green sea of waving grasses with an occasional island of dark woods has given way to a prospect of fat and fertile fields of corn and beans, of green pastures stocked with sleek cattle, and prosperous farmsteads with comfortable homes and barns and with bulging granaries. 

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## THE REGION: LOCATION, TOPOGRAPHY AND SOILS

Our two adjoining counties lie in the middle of the lap of the great central valley of the country, on the eastern border of the state of Iowa. The Mississippi River here makes a great bend to the west before resuming its course to the south, and forms the southern and eastern boundaries of the counties. Some part of each county lies across the line of latitude forty-one.

Both are somewhat similar in shape, being roughly short-rectangular; each has a large part of its lower right-hand corner cut off by the river. Muscatine County lies south of and partly west of Scott, and there is a common boundary for some distance. The combined area is 887 square miles or 567,689 acres, nearly equally divided between them.

Scott County is bounded on the north by Clinton and on the west by Cedar and Muscatine. Muscatine County has Scott on the north, to the west lie Johnson and Louisa Counties, and to the south Louisa. On the Illinois side of the river and facing our two counties their full length lies Rock Island County, and at its north, Whiteside.

The grand features of the present topography were laid down on the foundation of native rock, in the main by the glaciers which successively covered the region. The debris brought in and left by the earlier glaciers was leveled off, the material ploughed up and reworked by the succeeding ones, which in turn left fresh deposits and fresh contours. The third, or Illinoian glacier, advancing into the region from the east pushed before it the great river, now the Mississippi which flowed along its front, as far west as the present Cedar. Near Columbus Junction the ice blocked the gap between the bluffs through which the river flowed, in this way ponding its waters far up its course, and that of its tributary, the present Iowa. The extensive inundation which followed gave rise to the glacial Lake Calvin, whose bed occupies part of the northwest third of Muscatine County. It is known as the West Liberty Plain.

Eventually the glacier receded to the east; the river also withdrew and found a new channel somewhat to the east of its present course. The waters of Lake Calvin disappeared, leaving exposed its flat bed. The westerly winds which prevailed began to pick up sand and silt and clay from its dried-out bed, and to deposit the material over the uplands which had been exposed by the recession of the icesheet. These wind-borne deposits in the course of years reached a thickness of some forty feet on the bluffs overlooking the Mississippi River. They are much less thick over most of the uplands. This dusty mantle is the loess.

The dust-laden winds tended to deposit their cargo over the higher places of the surface over which they swept, thus not only increasing the thickness of the mantle, but also accentuating its contours, and giving the land a more gently rolling character, which was further enhanced by weathering and erosion.

The accumulation of layers of unconsolidated material which covers the native rock may be illustrated by a road-cut made in 1947 on Middle Road in Section 35, Lincoln Twp.

Proceeding from the surface,

Black top-soil Peorian loess (buff-colored) Farmdale loess (red to red-brown) Illinoian gumbotil Illinoian drift Kansan gumbotil Kansan drift

Only one evidence of Nebraskan deposit has been noted in Scott County. Professor Richard C. Anderson of Augustana College recently found an exposure in the road-cut through the bluff at the intersection of routes 61 and 22, west of Rockingham in Scott County. I have seen this exposure and agree with his conclusion.

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Weathering and erosion was of course continously, though at varying rates, taking place during the glaciations. It may well be that some of the wider and deeper creek valleys had their beginnings during or even before the earliest ice-invasions.

#### The Uplands

The high loess-covered lands are the Upland or Illinoian Drift Plain. It comprises all of Scott County (except its northwestern corner which the glacier did not reach, and a narrow strip along the northern border). It also comprises all of Muscatine County (except the northwest corner and the area of Lake Calvin). In the northwest corner of both counties the Kansan drift lies directly under the loess.

The surface of the upland plain is flat, or at most very gently undulating over by far the greater part. Only on approaching the main streams, at a distance of some five miles does one see the swales deepening into valleys, and the terrain becoming more rugged.

A wide, flat divide runs through the upland, passing from the northeast to the southwest through Eldridge, Stockton and Summit at altitudes of 780, 726 and 727 feet respectively. The surface here is flat and level and the drainage is (or formerly was) poor. In places there still remain shallow pools or ponds or wet areas covered with marsh grasses and sedges. Such areas are often underlain by black, sticky, impervious clay loams. They may have provided the "buffalo-wallows" for the herds which roamed the region.

The drainage from this divide is to the north into the Wapsipinicon, to the west into the Cedar, and to the east and south into the Mississippi. As the numerous creeks approach the rivers, the land becomes more rolling and the creek-valleys deepen, the intervening upland remaining in the form of headlands or bluffs, most prominent along the Mississippi, where they rise some 150 feet above the stream. Bluffs are also present along the Cedar River, but here

they are mostly low. In many places the loess has been washed away, exposing the drift, and along the Mississippi erosion has cut deep gorges even into the underlying Devonian limestone. The bluffs are mostly too steep for cultivation, and many retain some of the original forest cover which crept up from the bottomlands. Some are used for pasture, others have been selected for home sites. In numerous places stands of bur-oaks may be seen clinging to the sides of the low hills in the county not far from the rivers; and clusters of ancient bur-oaks are scattered throughout the older parts on the hills of the town. They may well be the survivors of the Eastern Deciduous Forest, remnants of the "oak-openings" described by Shimek.

These uplands are the region of the primeval Prairie. From its ground-material, the dark fertile soil distinctive of the prairie was fashioned by the tall grasses, and time, and the weather.

The loess-derived prairie soils are dark in color and contain much organic matter. They are nearly neutral in reaction, and while free lime is absent, yet provide sufficient calcium and bases, loosely united with colloids, to make it one of the most fertile grass and grain bearing soils known. The soil scientists refer them to the Muscatine and Clinton silt loams, the Lindley silt loam and the Knox fine, sandy loam. They comprise not quite three quarters of the area of Scott County and not quite two-thirds that of Muscatine.

The region covered by these soils is the crop-land of the counties. Being used almost exclusively for agriculture, it provide but scanty fare for the collector. Such native plants as might a few years ago have been found along the unimproved roads and in the fencerows are now being exterminated by the bulldozers of the roadbuilding crews busily providing the farmer with the "farm to market" roads thought necessary in this modern age of progress.

## The Lowlands

The lowlands, comprising the terraces and the bottoms subject to overflow, occupy about 25 per cent of the area of Scott County and a somewhat larger percentage (about 35) of Muscatine. The most extensive are the regions known as Muscatine Island and the West Liberty Plain in Muscatine County, and the region of the Iowan drift along the southern shore of the Wapsipinicon in Scott County.

The tract of bottomlands called Muscatine Island is the wide expansion of floodplains and terraces which line the banks of the Mississippi River. It extends the whole length of the two counties in a strip varying from a few rods to mostly a half mile wide. Below the city of Muscatine, it attains a width of six or seven miles and extends beyond the southern limits of the county for a distance of six or seven miles. Here it rises to a height of some thirty feet above the surrounding level in the remains of an ancient terrace known as the Sand Mound. As the name indicates, the Sand Mound is a massive heap of sand, partly in the form of shifting dunes and blowouts, partly as sandy prairie relatively fixed by vegetation. Its flora is

exquisitely psammophile with characteristic and common sand-loving plants like Pancium pseudopubescens, Cyperus Schweinitzii, Froelichia floridana, Tephrosia virginiana and Ambrosia psilostachya, and such rare ones as Pentstemon grandiflorus and Physostegia virginiana (L.) Benth. var. arenaria Shimek. An attractive small lake near the east side of the Mound supports a considerable growth of Nelumbo and in the moist sand of its bordering thickets at the south end grow Aster dumosus, Bidens bipinnata and Potentilla pentandra.

While parts of the Sand Mound are cultivated, and given over to the raising of melons, milo or corn, much of it remains in the wild state with the native sand vegetation undisturbed.

The broad expanse of Muscatine Island is divided through the middle by the Slough, with its marshes and its lake, the remains of the river which once occupied this course. The part next to the river is a flat expanse of sand dotted here and there with abandoned gravel pits, whose sand heaps form its only relief, except at its southern end where the Sand Mound lies. The lean sandy soil is unproductive without fertilization and the chief crops are melons and milo. The part adjoining the curving line of the hills is made up of terrace soils derived from the loessial soils washed down from the uplands. It is mostly in general cultivation. The soils of the Slough are of the black, sticky, heavy loams of the Wabash series, and support a lush cover of sedges, marsh grasses and aquatic flowering plants.

Dark alluvial soils are found as bays or wide indentations towards the bluffs near Nahant and Pleasant Valley in Scott County, and at various other places along the river. When not subject to flooding, they may be in use as truck gardens or for raising tomatoes or onions, or, if lower-lying, left for pasture. When not in use they may support a vigorous growth of marsh grasses and sedges; such expanses are sometimes called lowland prairies or wild hay fields, but a more appropriate name would be sedge-meadows. When the bottomlands are wooded, as they usually are on the islands, they may bear stands of willow, cottonwood, soft maple, river birch, green ash, swamp white oak, and an occasional walnut or shag-bark hickory or sycamore.

The West Liberty Plain, the most extensive of the lowlands, lies in the northwest corner of Muscatine County. Its broad expanse was once the bed of the glacial Lake Calvin. The plain has a relief of only a few feet, and declines gently to the south. The Cedar River winds its way lazily along the base of the low bluffs which mark the western border of the Illinoian upland plain. It flows in a bed it has cut for itself in the soft deposits to a depth of thirty feet below the level of the plain. Though quite flat, the drainage of the plain is adequate and the land is used for general agriculture, except near the southern part which is wet and marshy. The soils are of the terrace and bottomland types.

The first bottoms adjoining the river and subject to overflow form a narrow strip composed of the dark Wabash silt and clay loams with alternate patches of sand and sandy loams extending to the foot of the hills. The bottoms are generally wooded with lowland forest trees, sparsely in places and given over to pasture, and are broken with wide openings of sedge-meadow and marshland. Small and shallow ponds are numerous especially in the region between Tice and Saulsbury Bridges. The low woods have nearly everywhere ascended the slopes and covered the tops of the low bluffs which skirt the river on the east. The whole region has not been too much disturbed and affords bountiful material for the collector; these parts were favorite collecting grounds for Reppert, and later for Shimek.

The Iowan glacier, or the Iowan phase of the Wisconsin glaciation was the fourth and last to cover any part of the region. Coming from the west, it pushed a long tongue-like lobe eastward as far as the Mississippi, crossing the present course of the Wapsipinicon, and covering a narrow strip, perhaps a mile wide, of the area south of the stream, and now lying in Scott County. Here it left, on its recession, a bizarre patchwork of soils on the former surface. No mantle of loess covers these deposits. The present surface is an alternation of glacial till, in places containing much limestone debris, and wind and water-borne sands and gravels. The area covered by each of these various deposits is mostly small, and their mixture lends the soil maps the appearance of a crazy-quilt. The line of the glacier's southern margin is obscured by the numerous boatshaped mounds of wind-borne sand and silt called the "paha." In the whole area of the drift-plain sand predominates, lying mostly on the slopes of the low hills; only along the river banks and on the islands of the river is there present the dark alluvial soils of the first bottoms. Near McCausland, however, there is a wide stretch of marsh and swamp land. The whole area of the Wapsipinicon bottoms was formerly poorly drained, and ponds and marshes were numerous; parts of it are covered with alluvial forest with large grassy openings of pastures.

The extensive area of sand lying east of McCausland and some of the lower sandy slopes support goodly growths of typical sandloving plants; in the drier parts, sedges like Cyperus Schweinitzii and Carex Muhlenbergii; in the moister parts, Carex scoparius, Carex Haydenii, several species of Scirpus and Eleocharis, and numerous species of Juncus.

The Kansan Upland lies in the northwest corner of Scott County, separated from the Illinoian uplands by the Cleona Valley, through which coursed the ancient river of Illinoian time. The till deposits here were transported by the second glacier, the last to reach this locality. These lands, like the Illinoian uplands are covered with a blanket of loess and their soils are of the dark kinds derived from that material. Having been subject to erosion thousands of years longer, its topography is more rugged, its steeper hills more timbered and given over to pasture than the Illinoian uplands. The northwest corner of Muscatine County is also occupied by an area of loess-covered Kansan drift, here separated from the Illinoian by the bottomlands of the glacial Lake Calvin, the present West Liberty Plain.

# The limestone gorges along the Mississippi. Wild Cat Den.

As they approach the river, numerous creeks have cut through the loess and drift into the Devonian limestone to a considerable depth, forming gorges with steep sides. Examples occur along the Mississippi above LeClaire, at Spencer Creek, at Devil's Glen, at Sweetland Creek, and along the lower reaches of Pine Creek. These steep limestone walls afford a habitat for some typical calciphiles. Above the mill on Pine Creek at Wild Cat Den are exposures of Pennsylvanian sandstone. Freshets sculptured the soft brown rock into deep ravines and gorges with high perpendicular cliffs, in places showing the laminae which indicate that the rock was formed in running water. The hilltops and the talus slopes are covered with upland forest types of trees: Here Pinus Strobus reaches its southernmost limit in Iowa; many other northern species are to be found here, and the ravines are covered with a luxuriant cover of many species of ferns.

No account of the region would be complete without mention of the noble promontory of Wyoming Hill, which rises to a height of some 200 feet above the river and juts forward almost to the water's edge. It affords a magnificent prospect of the river with its chains of islands reaching many miles up and down the stream, and of the steep wooded bluffs which line the eastern shores. How this immense rock of Pennsylvanian sandstone came to be heaved up to such height, and then tilted, can only be conjectured; could it have been the result of some erratic glacial movement, or undercutting by the river?

With such diversity of topography and soils as is afforded by the two counties, it would be strange if suitable habitats and conditions were not provided for the furniture of a rich and varied vegetation.

# THE REGION: CLIMATE

A happy combination of soil and climate has made the region once occupied by the prairie one of the most productive croplands of the world, especially for food grains for man and animals. While there is a wide annual range of temperature, mostly exceeding one hundred degrees, the extremes are usually of brief duration, and the normals are highly favorable for the vegetation and especially so for members of the grass family. Within this wide range of extremes there occur abrupt alterations of the weather at intervals averaging about three or five days, thus producing a changeable and varied type of climate. When the departures from the normals are too great or too long sustained, the effects are unfavorable. Excessive or prolonged drought, high winds, and killing frosts late in the spring are damaging factors; the latter is especially important in limiting the northward migration of southern plants.

The range of official recorded temperatures at Davenport is twenty-seven degrees below zero in January 1884, and 111 degrees in August 1936.

The balmy days of late October often carry over into the first weeks of November. Winter is then often ushered in with a storm of rain or sleet accompanyed by high winds. Thereafter for some four months there are periods lasting a few days to a week, of cold quietly flowing in from the northwest, (rarely from the southwest), or of cold waves with high winds and snow, alternating with periods of more moderate weather, with possibly a day or two of sunshine.

During our winter the sky is mostly overcast, and the frozen ground covered with snow most of the time. The average coldest day over a long period of years fell on January 21, or a full month after the solstice. The average temperature for January is 22 degrees.

The coming of spring is heralded even before the equinox by faint stirrings in the plant world. Normally the soft maples and the elms are in blossom about the first of April. The earliest wild flowers, the hepatica and the bloodroot may be found in flower in the woodlands at the end of the first week of April, give or take four or five days. The apricot is the earliest of the fruit trees to flower, and is quickly followed by the plum, the peach, and the cherry.

If the spring is a cold one, and if it is dry, the plant calendar may be retarded by as much as two weeks. I have seen the hepatica and the bloodroot reach the height of their bloom as late as April 24.

The coming of spring is always welcome, but its course until finally established, with its relapses and its hesitations, its promises and its disappointments, is often a protracted and bitter travail. Mild balmy days are rudely interrupted by violent thunderstorms with heavy rain or even a late snow-fall. The spring landscape is often exquisitely beautiful, but the tender foliage is only too often blasted by a late killing frost. The average date on which this falls is April 19, but it may occur as much as a month later. These late spring frosts are among the most displeasing and damaging features of our climate, not only for the immediate damage they cause, but for their influence in determing the kinds of plants that shall survive to make up our flora.

The rainfall for the three spring months is the heaviest for any quarter. It amounts to 11.47 inches. For the summer months, the mean is 10.42 inches; together they account for two thirds of the annual precipitation which is approximately 33.16 inches.

Summer is a long succession of warm to hot days, with abundant sunshine broken at intervals by thunderstorms. The hottest months are July and August and the hottest day over a long term of years falls usually in the third week of July; it may fall in mid-August in unusual seasons. Rainfall is subject to extreme variations, both as to amount and time of occurrence. It has varied from 7.21 inches to 0.14 inches in July and from 9.29 to .60 in September. When there is an annual deficiency in the precipitation, it is likely to occur in the months of July, August or September.

A lack of rain in the late summer, combined with the long hot days of sunshine with the thermometer reaching 90 to 100 degrees, and remaining high for days, combined with the prevailing hot winds from the southwest not infrequently brings about conditions approaching drought. Such a combination of heat and wind and lack of moisture may well be the factor responsible for the establishment of the primeval prairie.

After the first light frosts in October there come a number of warm balmy days in which the earth, having finished her labors for the year, lies back and basks in the mellow sunshine and takes her rest amid a glory of pale yellow and bronze and rusty reds. These days are often the most agreeable of the year. The average date of the first killing frost in autumn is October 16, but such frosts may occur a month earlier. Thus ends the growing season, which has lasted from April 19 to October 16, a period of 189 days.

It may be of interest to note that the temperature values of Scott county run somewhat higher than those of Johnson, as indicated by the officially recorded figures of the Weather Bureau at Davenport and at Iowa City. Iowa City is situated fifteen minutes of latitude farther north than Davenport, but the difference in temperatures is greater than can be ascribed to the difference in latitude. Thus the July and January average figures, and the record extremes run from two to four degrees higher at Davenport, and the growing season is from ten to fourteen days longer. It may be that the water mass of the Mississippi River exerts a tempering influence; air drainage due to topography may also have a bearing.

Late in March there are often strong winds for a number of days. Winds destructive to trees, not infrequently accompanyed by violent thunderstorms occur especially during the summer season; damage

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by hail to the lesser vegetation rarely occurs. The prevailing winds in winter are from the northwest, with frequent cold waves. The prevailing summer winds are from the southwest and are warm or hot, and dry from their passage over the southwestern plains states. These southwesterly winds of midsummer, especially if overly hot and dry and prolonged, are probably quite harmful to the vegetation by damaging or destroying the guard-cells of the stomata of the foliage, and thus promoting loss of moisture and drying-out. As before mentioned, these hot southwesterly winds probably were the dominant influence in the natural selection of plants which produced the primeval prairie with its black fertile soil; and, once established, have helped to maintain it and defend it against the encroachment of the Eastern Deciduous Forest.

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# VEGETATION AND ECOLOGY\* THE GRASSLANDS: THE UPLAND, OR TRUE PRAIRIE

The vegetation covering nearly the whole extent of the upland regions is (or rather was) that which is distinctive of the Tall-grass Prairie, in which several of the tall sod-forming species were dominant. Among these the most important and abundant were the greater and lesser blue-stems (Andropogon Gerardi and Andropogon scoparius), which together covered at least three-quarters of the area of the two counties, and of the state. Other tall species scattered among the blue-stems were the Indian grass (Sorghastrum nutans) and the early-flowering needle-grass (Stipa spartea). Growing in compact stands of some extent in moist situations was the high, coarse slough or cord-grass (Spartina pectinacea); it is more frequent, however, in the lowland prairies and the sedge meadows. The switch grass (Panicum virgatum), often attributed to the high prairie, is with us found almost exclusively on lower levels and on sandy soils. The nodding wild rye (Elymus canadensis) is rare in our native prairie; it appears more frequently in the guise of straggler along our roadsides. Other species of lesser height growing on the high prairie, but never forming more than a small fractional percentage of the grassy cover, are the June-grass (Koehleria cristata), the side-oats grama (Bouteloua curtipendula), and the prairie dropseed (Sporobolus heterolepis); most of these prefer more sandy situations than are afforded by the silt loam which covers the uplands.

Scattered among the tall grasses, and mostly blossoming before the tall species have attained much growth, are a number of lowergrowing species like the various panic grasses (Panicum scribnerianum, P. praecocius, P. perlongum, P. depauperatum, P. huachucae) and the hair-gress (Agrostis scabra), none of them very frequent, possibly because they too prefer a more sandy habitat.

Sedges are quite infrequent on the upland prairie; Carex Bicknellii is occasionally met with and grows to a height of three feet; Carex Meadii is rare. I have found Carex pennsylvanica once, Scleria triglomerata three times.

In early spring, before the growth of the tall grasses has cut off the light, there are many low flowering plants, sprinkling the green with color. Among them appear the prairie and the bird's-foot violets (Viola pedatifida, Viola pedata), the Robin's plantain (Erigeron pulchellus), the yellow puccoon (Lithospermum canescens), the overcolored pink prairie phlox (Phlox pilosa), the lousewort (Pedicularis canadensis), the shooting star (Dodecatheon Meadii). Late in the summer appear the tall Compositae, which, though much less abundant, are almost as characteristic of the Tall-grass Prairie as the blue-stems and the Indian grasses; conspicuous among them are the false bone-set (Kuhnia eupatorioides), the stiff goldenrod (Solidago rigida), the blazing star (Liatris pycnostachya), the stiff sunflower (Helianthus rigidus), and the purple and yellow cone-flowers (Echinacea pallida, Rudbeckia hirta).

These plants have in common the ability, achieved by numerous and varied morphological and functional devices, to tolerate the hot afternoon sun, the hot winds, the moderate humidity and occasional droughts, and the extreme range of temperature common to the region. The upland prairie was xeric, though not to the degree of the Short Grass Prairie of the western plains, or even of the sandy prairie of our region. As contrasted with the conditions which now prevail, it was a much wetter place; mud and "ague" stood high among the hardships which the early settler endured.

Flat, poorly drained places occur on the uplands especially towards the middle of the broad divide. They are composed of silty clay loam and sometimes overlay a stratum of Illinoian gumbotill which prevents the downward passing of moisture. Such wet places formerly supported communities of plants more commonly found on the lowland prairie. These low, moist places have by this time been tiled and drained and turned into blue-grass pasture. Remnants which persist may properly be designated moist upland prairies. Such prairies formerly occupied the low grounds north of Eldridge and northwest of Sweetland. The low prairie at Eldridge in 1892 yielded the specimens of Riddell's goldenrod (Solidago Riddellii), the white ladyslipper (Cypripedium candidum), and the grass of Parnassus (Parnassia glauca) now in the Barnes Herbarium.

Plants frequent on, or characteristic of, the upland prairie.

The following are recorded from the prairie remnant on Muscatine silt loam at Pine Hill Cemetery. Note the prevalence of Compositae and of Leguminosae.

> Kuhnia eupatorioides Liatris scariosa Aster azureus Aster sericeus Aster laevis Aster ericoides Solidago rigida Solidago missouriensis Echinacea pallida **Erigeron** pulchellus Coreopsis palmata Parthenium integrifolium **Prenanthes** asper Hieracium longipilom **Erigeron** strigosus Agoseris cuspidata Amorpha canescens **Baptisia** leucantha

Euphorbia corollata Ceanothus americanus Potentilla arguta Salix humilis Viola pedatifida Viola pedata Lithospermum canescens Phlox pilosa Polygala sanguinea Heuchera Richardsonii Spiranthes gracilis Gentiana puberula Eryngium yuccifolium Comandra Richardsonii Hypoxis hirsuta Sisyrinchium campestre Helinanthus occidentale Krigia biflora

<sup>\*</sup> The lists of plants which follow in this section are intended to be merely representative and do not pretend to be exhaustive or complete for the localities mentioned. In order to avoid duplication each plant is placed in the habitat in which it is most frequently found; if it is not present where expected it may be found in some other closely similar habitat.

Petalostemon purpureum Desmodium illinoense Lespedeza capitata Silphium integrifolium Dodecatheon Meadii

Even more frequent on the sandy prairie:

Lespedeza capitata Erigeron strigosus Liatris scariosa

Found only on the uplands:

Salix humilis Coreopsis palmata Asclepias tuberosa Echinacea pallida Potentilla arguta

Collected from upland prairies located elsewhere:

Asclepias tuberosa Helianthus rigidus Heliopsis helianthoides Ratibida pinnata

Grasses and sedges of the Pine Hill Prairie:

Andropogon Gerardi Andropogon scoparius Sorghastrum nutans Stipa spartea Carex Bicknellii Carex Meadii Koeleria cristata Pancium Scribnerianum Panicum praecocius Agrostis scabra more frequent in sandy soils

Grasses of the upland prairie from other localities:

Panicum perlongum Panicum depauperatum Elymus canadensis Spartina pectinacea (Only in moist places).

### THE GRASSLANDS: THE LOWLAND PRAIRIE

The lowland prairie is situated on second bottoms not subject to flooding, and on terraces. The soils are composed of alluvial deposits more or less mixed and covered with wash of drift or loess from the hills, and with variously developed topsoils.

The prairie is commonly assumed to be the same throughout its whole extent; it is not so. Our prairies in the eastern part of the state are clothed with a mesoxerophytic vegetation which differs from the more xerophytic vegetation of the western part, which more resembles that of the Short-grass Prairie of the western plains. The prairie is not even uniform in all parts of our own region. The upland prairie varies in the plants which compose it. Gradual changes in its composition lead, on the one hand, to its merging into the low-lying grasslands of the terraces and the second bottoms (the socalled Lowland Prairie) and continue into the sedge-meadows of the first bottoms. On the other hand it passes into the Sandy Prairie on the wind deposited Knox fine sands of the uplands and further into the fixed Sandy Prairie and the dunes and blowouts on the terraces.

The lowland prairie, being situated on lower and moister ground naturally reflects this condition in the composition and structure of its vegetation. Many of the characteristic plants of the upland prairie become less frequent or disappear and are replaced by others, which find a moister habitat more favorable. Thus, in the case of the grasses, the lesser bluestem which prefers the drier uplands is likely to disappear, while the greater bluestem thrives in lower moister ground. On the rolling native prairie at Pine Hill Cemetery, one may observe the lesser bluestem almost exclusively on the slopes, where the run-off is most rapid, while the greater bluestem occurs in the swales and on the level tops of the swells.

In moister areas of the lowland prairie may appear plants of the reed-grass (Phalaris arundinacea) and the red-top (Agrostis alba) as isolated plants among the bluestems, or interspersed with stands of the slough-grass (Spartina pectinacea) or the rice cut-grass (Leersia oryzoides), or with groups of sedges. Or, if the soil becomes sandy, with stands of switch-grass (Panicum virgatum), or the lower growing hair-grass (Agrostis scabra). Similar shifts in the composition of the vegetation as it relates to the flowering plants occur with these changes in the grass flora.

While probably never very extensive (its natural sites being restricted in area, and occupied by forest), the lowland prairie now scarcely any longer exists in our region. The lands which it occupied were too well suited to agriculture not to be exploited, and have mostly been turned into croplands and bluegrass pastures. Only a few relatively undisturbed remnants are left for reconstruction, and these being very sandy are scarcely representative of the true lowland prairie as it once existed. Grasses and sedges on the lowland prairie:

Andropogon Gerardi Spartina pectinacea Phalaris arundinacea Calamagrostis canadensis Agrostis alba Leersia oryzoides Glyceria nervata Panicum virgatum Muhlenbergia mexicana Carex gravida Carex scoparia Carex tenera Carex lanuginosa Carex stipata Carex laevivaginata Carex vulpinoidea Carex tribuloides

Flowering plants of the lowland prairie, less frequent or absent on the uplands:

Cicuta maculata Asclepias incarnata Iris Schrevii Apocynum cannabinum Aster simplex Aster nova-Angliae Lycopus americanus Allium canadense Galium obtusum Liatris pycnostachya Helenium autumnale Helianthus grosseserratus Anemone canadensis Erigeron annuus Aster praealtus Polygonum coccineum Veronia fasciculata Lobelia syphilitica Lobelia cardinalis Lysimachia ciliata Spiraea alba Hypericum Ascyron Sium suave Lilium michiganense Viola papilionacea Ranunculus repens Rudbeckia laciniata

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### THE GRASSLANDS: THE SEDGE MEADOWS

The low flat grasslands on first bottoms subject to overflow lie on the dark compact silt loams and silty clay loams of the Wabash series. They are sometimes called "wild hav fields." but because of the massive replacement of the grasses with sedges might more appropriately be called sedge meadows. The covering vegetation is mostly composed of sedges belonging to the section Acutae (Carex Haydenii, Carex stricta, Carex Emoryii) disposed in extensive beds, or compact stands so closely crowded as to exclude other plants. As great beds commonly fail to produce fruiting heads, the exact determination of the species in hand is uncertain. The slough grass (Spartina pectinacea), in tight stands may lie alongside the beds of sedges; and lesser colonies of other moisture loving grasses like the canary-reed grass (Phalaris arundinacea) and the Canadian bluejoint (Calamagrotis canadensis) and the red-top (Agrostis alba) may also be present. The rice-cut grass (Leersia oryzoides) occasionally occurs as tight green stands usually close at water's edge. Other sedges are occasionally found, occuring mostly as isolated tufts, such as Carex trichocarpa, Carex lanuginosa and Carex scoparia.

Early in the season a few flowering plants such as the bedstraw (Galium obstusum) and the swampcandle (Lysimachia terrestris) are occasionally found among the sedges. In the autumn a few colonies, mostly of tall Compositae, like the sawtooth sunflower (Helianthus grosseserratus) and the Canadian goldenrod (Solidago gilvocanescens) may show conspicuious blooms above the sedge. However, flowering plants find it difficult to gain a foothold in the dense sod formed by the luxuriant root-systems of the sedges and grasses. A few other plants among those mentioned under the heading Lowland Prairies may also be found here.

A good example of the sedge meadow is the tract lying east of the road from R. 61 to Nahant. Plants of the Sedge Meadows:

Sedges:

Carex Haydenii Carex stricta Carex Emoryi Carex lanuginosa Carex trichocarpa

Carex vulpinoidea Carex scoparia Carex tribuloides Carex gravida

### Grasses:

Spartina pectinacea Phalaris arundinacea Calamagrostis canadensis Agrostis alba Leersia oryzoides Panicum virgatum prefers drier more sandy soils

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Flowering plants:

Helianthus grosseserratus Vernonia fasciculata Eupatorium serotinum Apocynum sibiricum Asclepias incarnata Solidago gilvocanescens Erigeron annuus Aster simplex Galium obtusum Lobelia syphilitica Polygonum hydropiperoides Lythrum alatum Lysimachia terrestris Lysimachia ciliata Cicuta maculata Erechtites hieracifolia Epilobium coloratum Oxypolis rigidior

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# MARSHLANDS, SHORE PLANTS, AQUATICS THE MARSHLANDS

The marshlands are scarcely distinguishable from the sedge meadows. When the latter contain pools of water or slow moving streams, they become marshes and their vegetation becomes still more hydrophytic in type. Sedges still abound. The monocotyledons still prevail. If the water remains more or less constant and shallow, a community of tall coarse marsh-plants may appear, such as the cattail (Typha latifolia), the bur-reed (Sparganium eurycarpum), the softstem and the river bulrushes (Scirpus validus and Scirpus fluviatilis).

Plants listed under the headings of Sedge Meadows and Plants growing in standing water (which see) may also be present, but infrequent.

Examples of marshland are the tract known as Muscatine Slough, between the highway and the bluffs, and the tracts east and northeast of McCausland.

Plants listed under the heading of Standing Water are commonly present in the marshlands; less frequent are plants listed under Sedge meadows and Shore Plants (which see).

Plants often found growing in standing water of ponds, marshes and sloughs, invading the water directly without any intermediate shore line:

> Typha latifolia Sparganium eurycarpum Scirpus fluviatilis Scirpus validus Scirpus americanus Equisetum fluviatile Dulichium arundinacea Eleocharis macrostachya Phragmites communis Glyceria septentrionalis

Rumex verticillata Polygonum Hartwrightii Pontederia cordata Acorus calamus Polygonum hydropiperoides Hibiscus militaris Ranunculus flabellaris Caltha palustris Bacopa rotundifolia Sagittaria graminea

## SHORE PLANTS

Shore plants inhabit muddy pond-shores and dried-out mudflats on the black silty loams of the uplands or the bottomlands, and on the silts of river shores.

The transition of the vegetation from land to water may be made through an intermediate beach, more or less broad, composed of silty mud or dried-out mud-flat. Some plants inhabiting muddy shores may, of course, belong to the group which grows in standing water, and have been stranded by its recession. In addition to the narrow leaf monocotyledons such as the sedges, there occur many broad-leaf forms like Sagittaria and Alisma.

Many dicotyledons, ranging from Salix to the Compositae also make an appearance.

Plants of the moist or mucky shores of shallow ponds on silty clay loams on the uplands and bottoms:

Carex lupuliformis Carex laeviconica Carex vescicaria Carex hystricina Carex crus-corvi Carex scoparia Scirpus atrovirens Juncus nodosus Leersia oryzoides Muhlenbergia mexicana Calamagrostis canadensis Phalaris arundinacea Phragmites communis Rorippa palustris Ranunculus pennsylvanicus Ranunculus scleratus Lycopus americanus

Lobelia syphilitica Lobelia cardinalis Mentha arvensis Mimulus ringens Epilobium coloratum Lythrum alatum **Bidens** aristosa Polygonum coccineum Caltha palustris Acorus calamus Eupatorium perfoliatum Ludwigia alternifolia Lysimachia hybrida Cardamine bulbosa Salix discolor **Cornus** stolonifera Penthorum sedoides

Plants of the wet or dried-out silts of ponds and river flats. Many of these are low or prostrate and root at the nodes, like Eragrostis hypnoides, and Lippia lanceolata; some are succulent like Bacopa rotundifolia and Nasturtium officinale.

Eragrostis hypnoides Eleocharis acicularis Eleocharis obtusa Lippia lanceolata Nasturtium officinale Eclipta alba Rotala ramosior Polygonum hydropiper Polygonum punctatum Alisma parviflora Sagittaria graminea Bidens cernua Rorippa sessiliflora Lindernia dubia

## TRUE AQUATICS

These plants, found growing in the quiet waters of ponds and river backwaters fall into three groups:

(a) Plants with attached roots: leaves floating and broad: Nelumbo lutea

Nymphaea tuberosa Nuphar advena Potamogeton illinoiense Potamogeton nodosus

(b) Plants with attached roots; leaves immersed, often slender or capillary:

Ceratophyllum demersum Naias flexilis Myriophyllum exalbescens Potamogeton pectinacea Heteranthera dubia

 (c) Rootlets unattached; plants free-swimming on the surface and small: Azolla mexicana

Azolla mexicana Lemna minor Lemna trisulca Spirodela polyrrhiza Wolffia columbiana

### THE HANGING BOGS

The flora of the hanging bogs is so strikingly different from that found in wet mucky places such as occur about some pond shores that separate consideration seems warranted. Peculiar and obscure conditions are produced in these bogs which make them a congenial habitat for many diverse and unusual species, be the cause something in the water or in the drift soils in which they are situated. Hanging bogs are of occasional occurrence and are usually situated part way up or at the base of a bluff; and not infrequently the water may be seen seeping out over a stratum of the gray, plastic and impervious gumbotill of Illinoian or less often Kansan origin, which here has reached the surface through erosion, and evidences of which may sometimes be present. A close study and comparison of our hillside hanging bogs with the sphagnum bogs and calcareous fens which occur in the flat Iowan or Wisconsin drifts of the northern counties of the state should reveal some interesting differences and similarities.

Some of the inhabitants of the northern bogs are also to be found in our local hanging bogs.

The following incomplete list of plants is recorded from the bog at the base of the bluff overlooking the Nelumbo pond in Section 15, Lake Township in Muscatine County. While this bog is presumed to result from seepage from over a stratum of Kansas gumbotill, I have as yet found no clear evidence of it.

> **Dryopteris** Thelypteris Phragmites communis Muhlenbergia mexicana **Carex** hystricina Carex cristatella Elodea canadensis Rumex orbiculatus **Boehmeria** Drummondii Salix discolor Salix rigida Saxifraga pennsylvanica Cassia marilandica Viola nephrophylla Oenothera pilosella Epilobium coloratum **Cornus** stolonifera

Chelone glabra Gratiola neglecta Pedicularis lanceolata Mimulus ringens Scutellaria epilobifolia Gentiana crinita Gentiana Andrewsii Campanula aparinoides Lobelia syphilitica Eupatorium perfoliatum Aster lucidulus Aster novae-angliae Aster umbellatus Helianthus giganteus Bidens coronata

Additional species from hanging bogs located elsewhere in Muscatine County:

> Symphoricarpus foetidus Eupatorium maculatum Apios tuberosa Oxypolis rigidior

## THE SAND FLORA

Sandy areas in native or relatively undisturbed state are small and rare in Scott County; perhaps the best example is the tract of sandy prairie lying on Shelby sands of the Iowan drift in Section 13 of Winfield Township northeast of St. Anne's Church. Part of this tract has been broken, but has somewhat reverted to its original condition. There are several quiescent blowouts in the area. It is traversed by a slow threadlike stream with borders of sandy marsh-like vegetation on either side, which merges into sandy prairie on the higher levels.

In Muscatine County nearly all of Muscatine Island lies on the Buckner sands; but much of it is under cultivation of sorts. At the extreme southeast corner of the county lies the elevation known as the Big Sand Mound, the remnant of an ancient high river terrace. This tract is also partly under cultivation, though considerable areas are in their native state and are occupied by fixed sandy prairie, shifting dunes and blowouts.

There are large tracts of sandy prairie on each side of Route 80 north of Cordova in Rock Island County. Still farther north along the same road is Whiteside County, where south of Thompson lie great stretches of sand with fine examples of actively shifting dunes and blowouts.

All these areas have been drawn on in compiling the list which follows shortly.

The lean, dry, restless soil of the dunes affords a habitat favorable only to a sparse sprinkling of vegetation. The plants are strongly xerophytic and have become adapted to the rigorous conditions of dryness and heat and wind by means of numerous and diverse structural and functional devices. Among these are annual or early flowering and fruiting, or tufted branching habit, deep-penetrating and fleshy or tuberous roots, much reduced leaf surface resulting from linear or much dissected leaves, or by inrolling leaves or folding leaves, or their vertical position; or especially by thickened epidermis, or the protective covering of pubescence. Such devices are distributed among a wide range of families ranging from Equisetaceae to Compositae.

#### THE SAND FLORA: DRY SANDY PRAIRIES

These are prairies on dry sand fixed by vegetation; on Knox sands of loessial origin on upland bluffs facing the Cedar and Wapsipinicon Rivers, and on adjoining slopes and terraces; and on Shelby sands of the Iowan drift along the Wapsipinicon; and on Buckner sands of Muscatine Island and along the Cedar River.

### Grasses and Sedges of the Sandy Prairie:

The lean and thirsty soils of the sand-fields support but a sparse covering of vegetation. The grasses are mostly low-growing and disposed in tufts or bunches with spaces of bare sand intervening. In these respects our local sandy prairie resembles the Short Grass Prairie of the western plains.

While not so conspicuous as the absence of trees from the true prairie, the absence or scarcity of the tall grasses in the sandy prairie is worthy of remark.

Among the short grasses, Panicum pseudopubescens (the Panicum villossimum of many authors) is of most frequent occurrence, followed by Leptoloma cognatum. When either is present it tends to monopolize the ground to the exclusion of other and secondary species. When Koeleria cristata is predominant, other species are frequently interspersed. There are indications that each of these grasses may be the principal member of a loose association; here not further distinguished or described except to mention that the Panicum pseudopubescens is dominant on the Big Sand Mound and Leptoloma cognatum on the sandy prairie northeast of St. Anne's Church in Winfield Township.

Plants of the Dry Sandy Prairies:

Grasses Eragrostis capillaris Eragrostis spectabilus Festuca octoflora **Bouteloua** hirsuta Paspalum ciliatifolium Sporobolus cryptandrus Sphenopholis obtusata Agrostis scabra Panicum virgatum Panicum Scribnerianum Panicum Lindheimeri Panicum huachucae Panicum implicatum Panicum Wilcoxianum Panicum Deamii

Sedges Cyperus Schweinitzii Cyperus filiculmis Scirpus cyperinus (occasional) Carex Muhlenbergii Carex brevior Carex heliophila

Forbs, representative of the sandy prairies:

Equisetum laevigatum Commelina erecta var. angustior Chenopodium leptophyllum Polygonum tenue Polygonum ramosissimum Froelichia floridana Delphinium virescens Draba reptans Cristatella Jamesii Fragaria illinoiensis

Androsace occidentalis Asclepias amplexicaulis Lithospermum croceum Lithospermum incisum Verbena bracteata Monarda punctata Hedeoma hispida Linaria canadensis Physostegia virginica var. arenaria Penstemon pallidus Lespedeza capitata Cassia fasciculata Petalostemon purpureom Strophostyles leisperma Polygala verticillata Polygala polygama Euphorbia hexagona Euphorbia corollata Polytaenia Nuttallii Callirhoe triangulata Rhus arenaria Lechea tenuifolia **Opuntia** Rafinesquii Oenothera rhombipetata Oenothera parviflora

Plantago Liatris SPurshii Aster seariosa Aster linceus Aster ptriifolius Erigeronrmicoides Solidagostrigosus Solidagonemoralis Solidago ongipetiolata angust peciosa var. Chrysopsa Helianthe villosa Gnaphals petollaris Artemisim obtusifolium Cnicus F caudata Ilii

# THE SAND FLORA: THE DUNES

Plants of the shifting sand-dunes and blo Aristida tuberculosa Cenchrus pauciflora Triplasis purpurea Panicum virgatum Calamovilfa longifolia Sporobolus cryptandrus Cyperus Schweinntzii Carex Muhlenbergii Cycloloma atriplicifolia From the dunes east of Lock 13 in Whites

Euphorbouts: Euphorb Geyeri Croton g glyptosperma septen ndulosus var. Froelichjonalis Tephrosifloridana Polanisiavirginiana Penstem (raveolens Acerates grandiflorus Ambrosiiridiflora

· County, Illinois:

Crotonopsis linearis Polygonella articulata **Diodia** teres Polygala verticillata

Moist interdunal swales and basin:

Carex laeviconica Eleocharis compressa Salix interior Betula nigra Juncus acuminatus

Scirpus 1 Solidago rinus Viola laraminifolia Panicumolata indheimeri

# MARSH-LIKE AREAS ON SANDY SHORES OF PONDS OR STREAMS ADJOINING SANDY PRAIRIES:

When the water level is stable, there may be marsh-like vegetation at the water's edge, but floristically it is quite different from that of the marshy lowlands on the Wabash silt-clays, or that of the muddy pond shores on the Muscatine clay loams of the uplands. When the water level fluctuates, there may be a beach of clean, moist sand surrounded by a zone or low thicket of willow or river birch. The vegetation is hydro-mesophytic but psammophile. Most of the following plants grow in the sandy marsh in the northwest quarter of Section 13 in Winfield Township. The tract is traversed by a slow threadlike body of water whose level is practically constant.

> Agrostis scabra Leersia oryzoides Muhlenbergia mexicana Panicum Lindheimeri Panicum huachucae Panicum implicatum sensu strictu Scribn. Carex scoparia **Carex** Haydenii **Carex** stricta Carex lanuginosa **Carex** interior Carex conoidea **Carex** Buxbaumii Cyperus strigosus Scirpus rivularis Eleocharis calva

**Juncus Torreyii** Juncus marginatus Juncus canadensis Juncus Greenii **Onoclea** sensibilis **Dryopteris** helypteris Aster umbellatus Eupatorium perfoliatum Ludwigia alternifolia Hypericum majus Hypericum mutilum **Rubus** plicatifolius Solidago graminifolia Lobelia syphilitica Viola lanceolata Viola fimbriatula

# CLEAN, MOIST SANDY POND SHORES AND MOIST SANDY **RIVER BEACHES:**

Some of the following also occur on muddy pond shores and river banks:

> **Eragrostis** hypnoides **Eragrostis Frankii** Leersia oryzoides Panicum capillare **Eleocharis** calva **Fimbristylis** autumnalis Hemicarpha micrantha **Bulbostylis** capillaris **Cyperus** rivularis **Cyperus** inflexus

**Cyperus** strigosus **Juncus** acuminatus Juncus effusus Potentilla pentandra **Bidens** cernua **Erechtites** hieracifolia Cephalanthus occidentalis Salix interior Betula nigra

# THE WOODLANDS

### THE WOODLANDS: THE UPLAND WOODS

The upland woods are extensions or outliers of the Eastern Deciduous Forest, which stretches from the Appalachians into Nebraska. In its westward migration it infiltrated the land in long slender tongues which closely hugged the streams, and filled the valleys and the bottomlands with willows, cottonwoods, maples, and other trees of the soft-wood, fast-growing kinds. From the bottoms the woods ascended the bluffs, gathering along the way numbers of hard-wooded, slow-growing, more durable kinds of trees such as oaks, hickories, and hard maples.

On reaching the upland plain, the Forest began to encroach upon the Prairie with shrubs of bur-oak leading the advance. An age long struggle ensued to supplant the prairie xerophytes with the forest mesophytic vegetation. The prairie stubbornly but slowly yielded ground. In the course of perhaps two thousand years the forest plants, with the aid of the humus-forming bacteria and fungi of the leaf-mold, transformed the black tough prairie sod into the soft, mellow, light-colored soil of the forest floor.

The trees of our woods are of the tall broad-leaf species which shed their leaves in autumn, and they reflect in their structure the moist conditions which prevail in the forest. In our western upland woods the oaks are usually present in large numbers and in stands of more than one species; often they are associated with one or more species of hickories, and sometimes in much mixed stands with soft-wood trees. The white oak is found only in the high woods, often associated with the bur oak. The bur and red oaks, while preferring the uplands, also do well on the terraces and second bottoms. The red oak has a predilection for the north-facing slopes of steep hills and ravines. The black oak seems to do best on terraces, especially if somewhat sandy and dry.

Sugar maples are occasionally seen on the upper slopes (as at Wild Cat Den, here associated with other boreal species such as Pinus Strobus, Diervilla Lonicera and Populus tremuloides). The linden, the American and slippery elms, the wild black cherry and the American ash are found interspersed with the oaks, while the walnut, the butternut and the hackberry are quite infrequent.

About the sheltered edges of the woods and in clearings and open woods there are usually to be found some low trees and shrubs, among them the wild crab and the wild plum, several species of hawthorns, the wafer ash, and the red cedar; sometimes a belt of the smooth sumac is present on the borders, or an occasional bush of dogwood or honeysuckle.

Trees of the dry upland woods: Quercus alba Quercus macrocarpa

Ulmus americana Ulmus fulva Quercus velutina Carya cordiformis Carya tomentosa Carya ovata

Acer saccharum Acer nigrum Tilia americana Fraxinus americana Prunus serotina

Shrubs, vines and small trees of the upland woods:

Corylus americana Cornus racemosa Rubus occidentalis Xanthoxylon occidentale Ribes gracilis Celastrus scandens Prunus virginiana Crataegus Margaretta Prunus americana Staphylea trifolia

The understory in any given area is usually dominated or monopolized by a single species of shrub. Vines are rare in the upland woods.

Grasses and Sedges of the upland woods:

Festuca obtusa Hystrix patula Bromus purgans Brachyelytrum erectum Cinna arundinacea (in moist places) Carex normalis Carex blanda Carex hirtifolia Carex granularis Carex oligocarpa Carex pennsylvanica Carex Hitchcockiana

Ferns of the upland woods: Adiantum pedatum Cystopteris fragilis Dryopteris hexagonoptera Dryopteris spinulosa Athyrium felix-femina Pteretis pennsylvanica Botrychium virginianum

Herbs of the upland woods: **Orchis** spectabilis Cypripedium pubescens Erythronium albidum Anemone quinquefolia Anemonella thalictroides Dentaria laciniata Geranium maculatum Viola sororia Viola eriocarpa Podophyllum peltatum Arisaema triphyllum Arenaria lateriflora Polemonium reptans Thalictrum dioicum Dicentra cucullaria

Aralia racemosa Panax quinquefolia Desmodium glutinosum Galium circaezans Galium triflorum Sanicula canadensis Osmorrhiza Claytonii Thaspium barbinode Phryma Leptostachya Aster sagittifolius Aster lateriflorus Solidago ulmifolia Helianthus strumosus Circium altissium Agastache nepetoides

# THE WOODLANDS: LOW OR ALLUVIAL WOODS

These woods are situated on sands and silts of sandbars and islands in the rivers and on first bottoms subject to flooding. Credit Island may be taken as an example of the more mature type of island. as distinguished from the young sandbars. Its higher parts towards the east are situated on Plainfield sandy loam; the lower western end is composed of the black silts of the Wabash series. The Wabash soils are generally more favorable to the sedges; if trees are present, the soft maples seem to find them more congenial than the willows. The Plainfield sands are favorable to the growth of the black and bur oaks, and a fine stand of these trees is present on the higher parts along the north shore.

The characteristic trees of the lowland woods are the fastgrowing, soft-wood varieties.

There is a gradual transition of species from the water's edge inland. A belt of sandbar willow follows the shore-line, separated from the water by a sandy beach. A few of the larger willows, such as the black willow and the peach-leaf willow, are interspersed as we proceed away from the water. This is often followed by a zone of the river birch, which may also form dense thickets farther inland. The soft maple often occupies flats of silt near the water level.

The woods of the higher sandy loams on the island are composed mainly of the bur and the black oaks; both species found in upland woods, but also some black walnut and hackberry. The forest on the Wabash silt loams contains many large trees of the swamp white oak and the pin oak, several of the latter being majestic examples; neither of these species is found native on the uplands. Two trees of the rare shingle oak are all that remain here; it has not been found elsewhere in the region. Other species occurring in small numbers are the sycamore, the Kentucky coffee tree, the honey-locust, the green ash and a few black ash. The American elm is occasionally encountered, often associated with the soft maple and the green ash. The aggressive Tartarian mulberry (Morus alba of most authors) is gaining a foothold and beginning to dispute the borders with the redbud and the red haw (Crataegus mollis) and Drummond's dogwood.

The cottonwood, which is commonly said to be often associated with the soft maple and with willows in the lowland forest, is practically absent from our native woods, whether lowland or upland, though majestic examples of planted trees may occasionally be seen along the county roads. The box elder is also not found in our native woods though saplings grow like weeds along the roadsides.

Shrubs and vines in the middle story include the bladder nut, the burning bush, the carrion vine, the Virginia creeper, the river grape and the poison ivy. A single colony of Rosa blanda, the meadow rose, grows in the dense low woods. The balsam-apple and Pitcher's clematis are also occasionally encountered. Trees of the Lowland Woods:

> Salix nigra Salix amygdaloides Acer saccharinum **Populus** deltoides Platanus occidentalis Ulmus americana Fraxinus lanceolata Tilia americana

Small trees and shrubs: Cercis canadensis Crataegus mollis Morus tatarica Xanthoxylum americanum **Cornus** Drummondii

Flowering plants of the Lowland Woods:

Claytonia virginica Erythronium albidum Viola sororia Viola missouriensis Viola papilionacea Viola eriocarpa Ranunculus septentrionalis Ranunculus abortivus Chaerophyllum procumbens Smilacina stellata Trillium reflexum Arisaema dracontium Podophyllum peltatum Phlox divaricata

Celtis occidentalis Gymnocladus dioica Betula nigra **Juglans** nigra Quercus velutina Quercus macrocarpa (Mostly on the uplands.) Quercus palustris Quercus bicolor

**Ribes** gracilis Sambucus canadensis Staphylea trifoliata Euonymus atropurpurea Salix interior

Herbs of the floor, somewhat in the order of their blossoming:

Erigeron philadelphicus Galium Aparine Scrophularia marilandica Eupatorium purpureum Lactuca floridana Campanula americana Circaea lutetiana Lilium michiganense Stachys tenuifolia Geum virginianum Laportea canadensis Pilea pumila Thalictrum hypoglaucum Polygonum virginianum Polygonum caespitosum var. longisetum

Additional plants of alluvial woods, not found at Credit Island.

Carex muskingumensis Geum laciniatum Vicia palustris **Bromus** latiglumis Mertensia virginica Cardamine pennsylvanica

Ferns, grasses and sedges **Onoclea** sensibilis Poa sylvestris Elymus virginicus Sphenopholis intermedia Panicum tennesseensis **Cystopteris** fragilis Muhlenbergia frondosa

Carex Gravii

Carex grisea Carex tenera Carex blanda **Carex** Davisii Carex Jamesii Carex rosea Carex amphibola s. s. MacKenzie

# THE WOODLANDS: STEEP WOODED SLOPES

The steep, moist, loamy or rocky slopes, ravines and cliffs at Wild Cat Den State Park may serve to exemplify the plants which find a favorable habitat in such situations. This area has the most rugged and broken terrain to be found in the region. Here Pine Creek and a small tributary creek, together with seasonal freshets have sculptured an outcrop of soft bluff-colored Pennsylvania sandstone into deep ravines and gorges and cliffs that rise from fifty to a hundred feet above the talus at their base. A thin layer of Illinoian drift overlies the upper levels of the rock. The whole region is densely covered with woods; many of the trees, however, do not attain great size because their roots find but insecure anchorage in the thin layer of soil and they are easily toppled over.

The trees here are sugar maple, white oak and American ash with a few black oaks and an occasional linden and red oak. The trees, being mostly close set grow very straight and tall and slender, and for the most part lack the characteristic habit of the species when growing in ample room. Not until the uplands are reached do the woods become the typical oak-hickory forest, with white oaks and bur oaks being dominant, but with some black oak and bitternut hickories interspersed. Around the border are a few Margaret's thorns and red cedars.

Along the lower slopes are a number of low-growing trees and saplings of the blue beech (Carpinus caroliniana) and the alternate-leaf dogwood, (Cornus alternifolia,), the burning bush (Euonymus atropurpurea) and the bladder nut (Staphylea trifolia). Occasional bushes of gooseberry are seen, and vine of the catbriar (Smilax hispida).

A few large white pines (Pinus Strobus) cling precariously to the edges of the cliffs and form a picturesque feature of the place. They mark the most southerly limits of the species in Iowa, and are the most conspicuous of a number of boreal plants found here scattered through the woods, such as the bush honeysuckle (Diervilla Lonicera), the bishop's cap (Mitella diphylla) and the quaking aspen (Popupus tremuloides).

There is a relic of a boreal association on the crest of a high spur containing, in addition to the white pine, low trees of the service berry (Amelanchier arborea), bushes of the huckleberry (Gaylussacia baccata), the two-leaf Solomon's seal (Maianthemum canadense), and many mosses and lichens.

Another association of different nature is the prairie remnant on the ridge of another spur, containing a score of typical prairie plants, and entirely surrounded by woods.

Ferns are everywhere abundant in the moist hollows. Species collected here are:

Ferns:

Dryopteris Goldiana Dryopteris spinulosa Dryopteris hexagonoptera Dryopteris Phegopteris Athtrium thelyptroides Athyrium felix-femina Cystopteris fragilis Woodsia obtusa Camptosorus rhizophyllus

Grasses:

- On the moist wooded slopes: Panicum latifolium Festuca obtusa Cinna arundinacea Poa languida Glyceria nervata
- On the upper levels: Hystrix patula Muhlenbergia sobolifera Muhlenbergii Schreberi

On a prairie opening on a dry hillside slope: Danthonia spicata Panicum depauperatum

Sedges:

Carex albursina Carex blanda Carex Jamesii Carex copulata Carex normalis Carex rosea

Shrubs, vines and small trees: Amelanchier arborea Carpinus caroliniana Juniperus virginiana Ptelea trifoliata Cornus alternifolia Corylus americana Ribes gracilis

Trees:

Acer saccharum
Quercus alba
Quercus velutina
Quercus rubra

Polypodium vulgare Polystichum polypodioides Adiantum pedatum Osmunda Claytoniana Onoclea sensibilis Pteridium aquilinum Pteritis pennsylvanicum Botrychium virginianum

Brachyelytrum erectum Oryzopsis racemosa Agrostis perennans Leersia virginica Panicum huachucae var. fascuculatum

Carex cephalophora Carex sparganioides Carex gracilescens Carex hirtifolia (in the upland woods) Carex communis (on the ledges and talus) Carex oligocarpa

Staphylea trifoliata Euonymus atropurpurea Menispermum canadense Smilax hispida Celastrus scandens (on the uplands) Vitis riparia Ribes Cynosbati

Fraxinus americana Fraxinus nigra Tilia americana Ulmus fulva Ulmus americana

Flowering plants of moist rich wooded slopes:

Included are several of the early spring wildflowers which bloom before the expanding leaves cut them off from the sunlight. Flowering plants of steep rich wooded slopes:

Hepatica acutiloba Sanguinaria canadensis Dicentra Cucullaria Dicentra canadensis Uvularia grandiflora Isopyrum biternatum Polemonium reptans Ranunculus recurvatus Smilacina racemosa Asarum canadense Trillium Gleasonii Ariseaema triphyllum Caulophyllum thalictroides Actaea alba Aquilegia canadensis Arabis laevigata Mitella diphylla Viola sororia Aruncus dioica Hydrophyllum virginianum Prenanthes alba Cacalia Muhlenbergii Aster furcatus Aster prenanthoides Solidago flexicaulis Hieracium scabrum Desmodium glutinosum

There is a lull in the blossoming after the first wave of bloom in the spring. In June and July the lower slopes are taken over by a luxurious growth of ferns of many species alternating with vigorous stands of jewel weed in wet places; the upper level areas are filled with plants of sanicle and sweet cicely. In the autumn the blossoming is resumed, especially in the more open parts, by tall compositae.

> Solidago ulmifolia Aster lateriflorus Aster sagittifolius Aster furcatus Solidago flexicaulis

Aster Shortii Aster prenanthoides Cnicus altissimum Helianthus strumosus

On steep wooded slopes in other locations:

Aster cordifolius Quercus Muhlenbergii Aster umbelliformis Hydrastis canadensis Arabis canadensis Aster oblongifolius

On a dry sparsely wooded steep hillside north of Fairport: Quercus alba Gleditschia triacanthos Quercus velutina Juniperus virginiana Acer nigrum Tilia americana

# LIMESTONE CLIFFS AND EXPOSURES; CALCIPHILES.

Calciphiles, on steep walls of Devonian limestone of Duck Creek at Devil's Glen, and Spencer Creek at the Country Club, near their emergence from the bluffs to the bottomlands.

> Cystopteris bulbifera Woodsia obtusa Cryptogramma Stelleri Pellaea glabella Parietaria pennsylvanica Aquilegia canadensis Arabis hirsuta Cornus rugosa

#### WEEDS

A few representative common weeds of roadsides, railroad right-ofways, croplands, gardens, pastures, dooryards and alleys, and waste places generally, both domestic and imported from abroad:

Agropyron reptans Bromus tectorum Digitaria ischaemum Echinochloa crus-galli Hordeum jubatum Setaria lutescens Panicum capillare Polygonum aviculare Chenopodium album Amaranthus retroflexus Brassica nigra Capsella bursa-pastoris Lepidium virginicum Polygonum pennsylyanicum

Rumex crispus Melilotus officinalis Pastinaca sativa Plantago Rugelii Verbascum Thapsus Asclepias syriaca Verbena stricta Ambrosia trifida Ambrosia artemisifolia Erigeron canadensis Taraxacum officinale Circium vulgare Helianthus grosse-serratus Solidago gilvocanescens

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# THE PLANT POPULATION: ITS COMPOSITION, ORIGINS, MIGRATIONS AND CHANGES

As already mentioned, the two counties lie in the middle of a wide belt of territory over which the Eastern Deciduous Forest and the Tall-grass Prairie had been waging an age-long contest for possession. The struggle had lasted for centuries, with the Forest slowly gaining ground, in the opinion of most authorities. With a continuously favoring climate, and without the interference of man, the beeches of the Indiana woods might eventually be seen growing on our hillsides and uplands. But the victory must remain in doubt as the course of nature has been changed by the activities of the white man, which makes more probable the eventual disappearance of both Forest and Prairie, and the extinction alike of the native plants peculiar to each.

The plants of the Forest and the Prairie meet, but do not mingle. The land is partitioned between them into areas which each occupies to the exclusion of the other. The demarcation is sharp, abrupt and conspicuous, or at times obscured only by a few shrubs or low trees. Such a sharp and sudden separation is rare in the plant world; mostly there is a slow and at times almost imperceptible change and flow of the vegetation from one type of habitat into another.

Today there remain only rare and small remnants of true prairie and infrequent and diminishing stands of native woods, situated mostly on bluffs and islands. Practically all the land is in use, being devoted to the production of corn and soybeans, with some small grains, mostly oats, and to pastures of blue grass for livestock. Native and introduced trees and shrubs have been planted for shade and ornament. And there is a goodly number of foreign and domestic weeds inhabiting the roadsides, croplands, pastures, gardens and waste places generally.

Plants native of the surrounding regions are occasionally found growing spontaneously in our area. Allusion has been made to boreal relics, fragments of associations of the Northern Coniferous Forest which, having been left stranded by its northwesterly retreat, have been engulfed in the advancing Eastern Deciduous Forest. Such plants are Pinus Strobus and Taxus canadensis which grows in the woods near Maquoketa, and has been collected as far south as Van Buren County. Others found in our region are Populus tremuloides, Acer nigrum, Diervilla Lonicera, Maianthemum canadense and Mitella diphylla.

Towards the western part of the state our True Prairie merges into the Short Grass Prairie of the western plains, and migrants from the west occasionally appear in our area as casual visitors, railroad migrants, or become more or less permanently established. Such plants are the Silphiums, the ragweeds, the two species of sunflower (HH. petiolaris and annuus), Coreopsis tinctoria, Grindelia squarrosa and the hairy grama grass. (Bouteloua hirsuta)

Invading species from the south, belonging to the Coastal Plain Province are also not infrequently present in our flora, and if the present warming trend of climate continues, may be expected to increase in number. Many southern trees when planted in our area for ornament, like the magnolias, or for shade like the tulip-tree and the sassafras, do well, but do not propagate. Southern trees growing spontaneously in our region include the pecan, the redbud tree, the swamp white and shingle oaks. A small stand of the pawpaw, apparently spontaneous, grows on a steep bluff overlooking the Mississippi near Illinois City in southern Rock Island County.

A few of the movements from place to place, since the recession of the ice, of plants growing in adjoining Biotic Provinces have been briefly mentioned. Of these movements, by far the most important in the determination of the character of the vegetation of the region was the migration of the Forest into the lands occupied by the Prairie, and its partial occupation of these lands. This movement, though not perceptible in a lifetime and obstructed by the activities of man is in all likelyhood still continuing in response to secular trends in the ecology.

In addition to external influences of the environment which favor migration, there are forces within the plants, such as hybridization, polyploidy, apomixis, and spontaneous mutation of other kinds, which bring about changes in their form and structure. Changes of this kind are even now to be seen taking place in the genera Rosa, Viola, Helianthus, Verbena, Aster and Quercus. I am persuaded that such transformations are occuring much more widely than has been believed.

Everything flows. The world is in flux. Motion and transformation are the very essence of being, as was proclaimed in the philosophy of Heraclitus, as set forth in the fragmentary "De Rerum Naturae."

> Everything flows. Heraclitus

The naming of things by their right names is the beginning of wisdom. ANCENT CHINESE PROVERB

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# CATALOG

# OF

# THE VASCULAR PLANTS

#### OF

# SCOTT AND MUSCATINE COUNTIES

#### WITH NOTES

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### PTERIDOPHYTA

#### Equisetaceae

Equisetum L. Scouring Rush. Horsetail

- E. arvense L. Common Horsetail Embankments, roadsides, and lean dry soils generally; common. S(Waverly Road)G.; (Scott Co.)Ross. M(Muscatine Co.)G.
- E. pratense L. Meadow Horsetail M(Sparsely wooded fixed sand dune, Lindle's Woods, Section 7, Lake Township)G. Collected from only one station. Easily distinguishes from the preceding by its more delicate habit.

# E. fluviatile L. Water Horsetail

- In standing water and moist sandy meadows; infrequent. S(In standing water in a roadside pond, southwest ¼ Section 10, Butler Township; Moist sandy field northwest of Nahant.)G.
- E. hyemale L. var. affine (Engelm.) A.A.Eat. Scouring Rush. Low grounds along streams; often in dry sandy soils; infrequent. M(Creekside west of Fairport; Weiss' Slough)G.
- E. hyemale L. var. robustum (A. Br.) A.A.Eat. (Low wet grounds in Pine Creek south of the mill.)G.

 E. laevigatum A.Br. Smooth Scouring Rush. (Including. E. kansanum Schaffn). Moist or dry sandy soils; infrequent. S(Roadside west of Pine Hill Cemetery)G. M(Dry sandy bank at Weiss' Slough)G.

#### Lycopodiaceae

Lycopodium L. Clubmoss

- L. lucidulum Michx. Shining Clubmoss M("High north hill, Wild Cat Den," 1952)Williams.
- L. complanatum L. Groundpine. M(Woods east of Wild Cat Den, no date)Reppert.

#### Selaginellaceae

#### Selaginella Beauv. Spike Moss.

- S. rupestris (L.)Spreng.
  - Old dry prairies; rare to infrequent.
    - M("Cactus opening on sandy flat, Cedar River bridge west of Bayfield, Sept. 29, 1911.")Shimek.
  - Ill. RI. Co.(Dry sandy prairie along R. 80, south of Meredosia)G.

S. apoda (L.) Spreng.

- M("Seepage bog at foot of sandy bluff, southwest ¼ Section 15, Lake Township, Oct. 3, 1958.")Thorne.
- Apparently the first station for this species in the state of Iowa. Here reported through the courtesy of Prof. Thorne.

#### Ophioglossaceae

Botrychium Sw. Moonwort. Grape-fern.

- B. obtusum Muhl.
  - B. dissectum Spreng. f. obtusum (Spreng.)Fern Ill. RI. Co.(Woodland path north of Blackhawk Road, Watch Tower)G. A single plant.
- B. virginianum (L.)Sw. Rattlesnake Fern. Rich woods; frequent. S(Allen's Grove)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.

# Osmundaceae

#### Osmunda L.

- O. Claytoniana L. Interrupted Fern. Rich densely wooded slopes; frequent. S(Devil's Glen)Ross; (Eldridge)Barnes. M(Wild Cat Den)G.
- O. cinnamomea L. Cinnamon Fern.
- namomea L. Cinnamon Fern.
  M("Low woods (bog), June, 1892") Reppert.
  M("Boggy wooded ravine bottom on the north facing slope of old fixed dune, Section 7, Lake Township, May 17, 1952")Thorne. Now probably exterminated there, together with other rare plants, like Aster furcatus, Aster umbelliformis, Solidago patula, Equisetum pratense, Symphoricarpus foetidus and Muhlenbergia brachyphylla, the site having been converted into a bog nasture. into a hog pasture.
- O. regalis L. Royal Fern.
  - M("Moist woods."; no date or precise locality is given.)Reppert. M("Swampy depression in the sandy hills near Cedar River,

    - M("Swampy depression in the sandy hills near Cedar River, Lake Township, 1891.")Reppert, SUI. M("Low place among wooded dunes east of pond 8 miles north-west of Muscatine, June 11, 1928.")Shimek, SUI. The locality is presumed to be the "Brasenia Pond" on the upland in Section 7, Lake Township. It has not been collected here since 1928. There is a recent collection from Cedar county by Faw at SUI. by Fay at SUI.
    - Cedar Co.("Low boggy sandy soil, one mile east of Cedar River, four miles south of Rochester, July 30, 1960.")Fay & Thorne, SUI.

#### Polypodiaceae

## Woodsia R.Br. Woodsia

- W. obtusa (Spreng.) Torr.

  - Shady limestone or sandstone ledges; infrequent. S("Cliffs," LeClaire)Barnes; (Devil's Glen)Ross; G. M(Wild Cat Den, sandstone rockwall)Hauber; G. Easily distinguished from Cystopteris by the scurfy or hairy stipe and stalked pinnules.

Cystopteris Bernh. Bladder Fern.

- C. bulbifera Bernh. Bladder Fern.
  - On limestone cliffs and ledges; found only in calcareous situations; rare to infrequent.

S(Devil's Glen; Duck Creek Park, cultivated)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.

- C. fragilis (L.)Bernh. Fragile Fern. Damp woods, lowland and upland; frequent. S(Allen's Grove)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
- C. fragilis (L.)Bernh. var. protrusa Weatherby Damp upland and lowland woods; apparently more frequent than the last.

S(Allen's Grove; Devil's Glen)G.

M(Wild Cat Den)G.

Differs in the tip of the rhizome extending up to 2 cm. in advance of the stipe; rhizome densely brown-villous.

#### Pteritis Raf.

- P. pennsylvanica (Willd.)Fern. Ostrich Fern. Onoclea Struthiopteris Hoffman of Fl.
  - Moist to dry rich woods; infrequent.
    - S(Level upland woods, Hickory Grove)G. M(Moist talus at base of northfacing cliff, Wild Cat Den)G.; (Steep north slope, Lindle's Woods)G.
- Onocles L. Sensitive Fern.
  - O. sensibilis L.
    - Moist low woods and moist open sandy places; infrequent. S(Moist sandy shore of marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G. M(Floodplain of creek in Wild Cat Den)G.

#### Dryopteris Adans.

- D. Thelypteris (L.)Gray var. pubescens (Lawson)Nakai. Marsh Fern. Aspidium Schwartz. Including Phegopteris (Presl.)Fee. Aspidium Thelypteris Swartz of Fl.
  - Boggy places and marshes; frequent.
    - S(Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G.

M(Hanging bog south of Pine Mill); (Hanging bog, Lindle's Woods)G.

D. spinulosa (O.E.Muell.) Watt. Spinulose Woodfern.

Aspidium spinulosum Swartz of Fl.

- Damp rich wooded hillsides; rare or infrequent.

  - M(Wild Cat Den); (Lindle's Woods)G. Ill. Henry Co.(Talus on sandstone guarry bottom north of Colona)G.

D. cristata (L.)Gray Crested Woodfern. Aspidium cristatum Swartz of Fl. Boggy places and wet woods; rare. S(Duck Creek Park, cultivated)G. M("Woods, July, 1895.")Reppert. ("Marsh with abundant sphagnum, Section 15, Lake Township, Sept. 27, 1952.")Thorne, SUI.

- D. Goldiana (Hook.)Gray. Goldie Fern. Aspidium Goldianum Hook. of Fl. Damp rich wooded slopes; apparently restricted to Wild Cat Den. M(Wild Cat Den)G.
- D. Phegopteris (L.)Christens. Northern or Narrow Beechfern. Phegopteris polypodioides Fee of Fl. "Wild Cat Den, rare." Fl. M(Wild Cat Den, July, 1897)Reppert.

- D. hexagonoptera (Michx.)Christens. Broad Beech-fern. Phegopteris hexagonoptera Fee of Fl. Rich woods: frequent. S(Allen's Grove)G .; (I & I Park)Shimek. M(Wild Cat Den)Barnes: Shimek; G.; (Sweetland Creek)Shimek.
- (D. disjuncta (Ledeb.)Mort. Oak-fern. Phegopteris dryopteris (L.)Fee. Ill. Henry Co.(Foot of wall of abandoned sandstone quarry in shaded talus, June 22, 1950)G.

Polystichum Roth

- P. acrostichoides (Michx.)Schott. Christmas Fern.
  - · Aspidium acrostichoides Swartz of Fl. Shaded rocky banks and ledges; rare. S("Duck Creek.")Melville. M(Wild Cat Den)Reppert; G.

#### Athyrium Roth.

- A. thelypterioides (Michx.)Desv. Silvery Spleenwort Asplenium thelypterioides Michx. of Fl. Rich moist shaded ravine bottoms; rare. M(Wild Cat Den, frequent here)Barnes; G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.
- A. filix-femina (L.)Roth. var. Michauxii (Spreng.)Desv. Ladyfern. Asplenium Filix-foemina Bernh. of Fl. Moist woods; becoming rare. M(Wild Cat Den)Reppert; G. Ill. Henry Co.(In shade of wall of abadnoned quarry north of Colona)G.
- (A. pynocarpon (Spreng.)Tidestr. Narrowleaf Spleenwort. Washington Co.("Moist alluvial woods 6 miles south Riverside, Iowa Township, Section 10, July 6, 1953.")Wagenknecht, SUI.

#### Camptosorus Link

C. rhizophyllus (L.)Link. Walking-leaf Fern. On shaded sandstone blocks, Wild Cat Den. S(Davenport)Ross. M(Wild Cat Den)Barnes; Shimek; G.

#### Asplenium L. Spleenwort

A. platyneuron (L.)Oakes. Ebony Spleenwort A. ebeneum Ait. of Fl. Moist rocky banks and ledges. "Open sandy woods." Fl. Rare. S(Allen's Grove, March 30, 1940) Beyer. M("Open woods.")Reppert. Ill. Henry Co.(Shady base of rock wall of abandoned quarry

of Colona)G.

Pellaea Link Cliff-brake P. glabella Mett. P. atropurpurea Link. of Fl. In crevices of rockwalls. Rare. S(Devil's Glen)Ross; G.; (Spencer Creek)Shimek. M(On east pier of Saulsbury Bridge)G.; (Montpelier)Barnes.

(Cheilanthes Sw. Lipfern. C. Feei Moore Jackson Co.(Maquoketa Boy Scout Camp)Paarmann-Sheldon. Cryptogramma R.Br. Rock-brake C. Stelleri (Gmel.)Prantl. Slender Cliff-brake Shaded crevices in limestone cliffs: rare. S(Devil's Glen, cliffs on west side of creek)G.; Ross; Paarmann-Sheldon Adiantum L. Maidenhair Fern. A. pedatum L. Rich woods; frequent. M(Wild Cat Den)Barnes; G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)Ross. Pteridium Gleditsch. Bracken. P. aquilinum (L.)Kuhn. Pteris aquilina L. of Fl. Clearings and dry wooded crests; infrequent. S(Northwest Davenport)Melville; (Duck Creek Park, cultivated)G. M(Wild Cat Den)Reppert; G. Ill. Henry Co.(In the open along the railroad north of Colona)G. Polypodium Polypody P. virginianum L. Rock Polypody

P. vulgaris L. of Fl. On rock ledges; rare. M(On sandstone, cliffs, Wild Cat Den)Barnes; Reppert; G.

#### Salviniaceae

# Azolla L. Waterfern.

- A. mexicana Presl.
  - A. caroliniana Willd. of Fl.

In quiet water of sloughs, backwaters and ponds; rare or infrequent. S(Quiet water west of the Suspension Bridge, with Wolffia and Lemna)G.

M(Muscatine Slough)Reppert.

### **GYMNOSPERMAE**

#### Taxaceae

Taxus L. Yew.

T. canadensis L. American Yew.

A Coniferous Forest shrub which ranges south into Jackson, Cedar and Van Buren counties. It may yet be collected in our area, pos-sibly in the woods of the Kansan Drift in Scott County.

Cedar Co.("Limestone ledges along Rock Creek northwest of Rochester, Sept. 28, 1959.")Fay, SUI. Infrequently in cultivation in towns as foundation plantings.

An incomplete list of evergreens frequently seen in cultivation is given in Supplement 1.

# THE VASCULAR PLANTS OF SCOTT AND MUSCATINE COUNTIES L. F. Guldner

#### Omissions

page 51, directly under GYMNOSPERMAE, insert Pinaceae.

Pinaceae

Pinus L. Pine.

- P. Strobus L. White Pine.
- S(Spontaneous seedlings in the prairie remnant north of Mt. Nebo Cemetery) G.

M (Wild Cat Den. Several large trees on the brink of the cliff)G.

These trees mark the southernmost limits of the species in Iowa.

Juniperus L. Juniper.

J.virginiana L. Red Cedar. Hillsides and open woods. Rare in Scott county, frequent in Muscatine. S(Prairie remnant north of Mt. Nebo Cemetery)G. M(Wild Cat Den; Brasenia Pond)G.

#### Synopsis

"Pteridophytes"	 38
Conifers	 2
Monocotyledons	333
Dicotyledons	 920
Total species of	

#### 1293 vascular plants

# Number of Species in Larger Families:

Compositae	170	Scrophulariaceae
Gramineae	132	Cruciferae
Cyperaceae	97	Ranunculaceae
Leguminosae	55	Polygonaceae
Labiatae	43	Umbelliferae
Rosaceae	. 44	Caryophyllaceae

Number of Species in the Larger Genera:

Carex	63	Salix
Aster	26	Chenopodium
Polygonum	24	Helianthus
Viola	15	Potamogeton
Euphorbia	13	Solidago
Panicum	14	Cyperus
Asclepias	9	Juncus

#### Errata

Errors obviously typographical are passed over. Mis-spellings and other errors affecting mostly endings of Latin names are here corrected.

- 7, line 16 . . . for "Gentes Herbarium" read "Gentes Herbarum"
- 8, last paragraph . . . a parenthesis "(" should be inserted in the margin opposite the last three lines.
- 22. last line . . . for "Meadii" read "Meadia"
- p. 23, in the list at the bottom of the page for "Comandra Richardsonii" read "Comandra Richardsiana"
- p. 24, in the list at the top of the page, for "Petalostemon" read "Petalostemum;" for "Meadii" read "Meadia"
- p. 30, list a) . . . for "Potamogeton illinoense" read "Potamogeton illinoensis"
- p. 33, list at bottom of page, for "Fragaria illinoensis" read "Fragaria virginiana var illinoensis"
- p. 34, list at top of page, for "Petalosteon" read "Petalostemum;" for "Cnicus Hillii" read "Cirsium Hillii"
- p. 37, in second list, for "Xanthoxylon" read "Xanthoxylum"
- p. 61, under Calamovilfa, for C. lonifalio" read "C. longifolia"
- p. 69, last sentence, for "Gilley" read "Gilly"
- p. 78, under Arisaema, for "A. triphylla" read "A. triphyllum"
- p. 79, under Tradescantia, for "T. virginica" read "T. virginiana"
- p. 83, for "Amaryllaceae" read "Amaryllidaceae"
- p. 130. for "Petalostemon" read Petalostemum"
- p. 131, under Coronilla, for "C. varians" read "C. varia"
- p. 139. under Staphylea, for "S. trifoliata" read "S. trifolia"
- p. 154, under Dodecatheon, for "D. Meadii" read "D. Meadia"
- p. 180, under Eupatorium, for "E. maculata" read "E. maculatum"
- p. 189, the paragraph preceded by an asterisk is a footnote and belongs properly at the bottom of page 188.
- p. 202. under Hieracium, for "H. longipilosum" read "H. longipilum"
- p. 203, last line . . . for "would be science" read "would be no science"
- p. 204. under Taxodium, for "distichium" read "distichum"
- p. 207, under Aesculus, for "Hipocastaneum" read "Hippocastanum"
- p. 208, under Taxodium, for "distichium" read "distichum"
- p. 218, under Bailey, for "Gentes Herbarium" read "Gentes Herbarum"
- p. 220, under Stevermark, the complete reference is Rhodora, Vol. 50, No. 604, p.p. 70-79,1954
- p. 222, delete the word "Orders" from line one
- p. 228. The sentence at the end of the index should read: Deo gratias ago. et benedico, quod in tam pulchro mirabilique horto suo orbis terrarum vitam mihi degere permisit.

#### Addenda

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In 1946, Charles Gilly in his "The Cyperaceae of Iowa," a work which will probably long remain the standard in its field, while stating that Carex conoidea is definitely known from only one county (Jasper, p. 580) gives as a specimen examined a plant from Fayette county, June 7, 1898, Gardiner, ISC. He mentions as unconfirmed the reports from Scott and Floyd counties. The specimen from Scott County was collected by Barnes in 1895 and is in the Davenport Public Museum. The station was relocated and specimens taken by Guldner in 1952.

While the only known specimen of Scirpus Hallii lay peacefully undisturbed in the Davenport Public Museum (Muscatine County, Reppert. confirmed by Cratty) it was disposed of as doubtful or erroneously reported. It has since (1960) been collected from Louisa County by Guldner.

Although Polygonum caespitosum Blume var. longisetum (de Bruyn) Stewart is almost certainly not restricted to our region I have never see it reported. It is probably mistaken for an allied species.

Panicum Lindheimeri has not been reported. I have collected it from four different stations.

A list of species and varieties, new or rare in the region with notes on their range and distribution is being prepared by Morrissey and Guldner.

# ANGIOSPERMAE MONOCOTYLEDONEAE

#### Typhaceae the second se

- Typha L. Cat-tail.
  - T. latifolia L. Common Cat-tail Ponds, marshes and ditches, in shallow water; frequent. S(Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G.
  - T. angustifolia L. Narrow-leaf Cat-tail S(Wet ditch along tracks at foot of Howell St.)G. APROX AND A REAL PROPERTY OF

#### Sparganiaceae

- Sparganium L. Bur-reed
  - S. eurycarpum Engelm. Common Bur-reed In shallow water of marshes and ponds and on muddy pond shores;
    - S(Credit Island); (Wet alluvial flat, Sea Scout Camp west of Lefrequent. Claire)G.
  - S. androcladum Engelm.
    - S. simplex Huds. var. androcladum Engelm. "Marshy places along Cedar River in Lake Township, Atalissa."Fl. M(Atalissa)Barnes; Pontederia Pond northeast of Bayfield, July 20, 1922.")Shimek, as S. chlorocarpum, redetermined by Beal, SUI.
  - S. americanum Nutt.
    - M("Cedar River region, June 25, 1894.")Reppert, determined by Beal.
  - (S. chlorocarpum Rydb. (X)Reppert. No data are given.

#### Zosteraceae

Potamogeton L. Potamogeton. Pondweed

- P. pectinatus L. "Ponds and sloughs; not infrequent." Fl. S(Quiet waters in the Mississippi, Sea Scout Camp west of Le-Claire); (Basins, Lock 14)G. M(Pond near Cedar River, July, 1894)Reppert. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal at the old locks)G.
- P. crispus L. Quiet waters of the river; frequent. S(Basins at Lock 14)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal, at the locks)G.
- P. zosteriformis Fern. Flatstem Pond-weed.
- P. zosteriformis Schum, of Fl. M("Pond near Cedar River, Saulsbury bridge region, May and August, 1895.")Reppert, SUI.

(X)Barnes.

- P. foliosus Raf.
- P. paucifolius Pursh of Fl.

S(Davenport)Barnes; (Basins at Lock 14)G. M("Sloughs near Cedar River, Saulsbury bridge region, July, 1894)Reppert.

(P. Friesii Rupr.

Reported in the Fl. (as P. mucronatus Schrad.) but no specimen has been located.

#### P. pusillus L.

- M("Muscatine Slough, June 2, 1895.")Reppert (coll. K.K.Mac-Kenzie), SUI.
  - (as P. major (Fries) Morong, or P. mucronatus Schrad. by Reppert)
  - (as P. panormitanus Biv. by D.P.Rogers.)
  - (as P. pusillus L. by Beal)
- M("Muscatine Slough, June, 1895.")Reppert, SUI. (as P. panormitanus (Fries) Morong, (fide Cratty) by Reppert.)
  - (as P. panormitanus Biv. by D.P.Rogers)
- (as P. pusillus L. by Beal.)
- S(North basin at Lock 14)G.
- P. pusillus L. var. minor (Biv.)Fern.

Louisa Co.("Cut-off pond in alluvial flat at Parker's Landing, Muscatine Island, August, 1897")Shimek & Meyers, SUI. (as P. panormitanus (Biv.)Bern. var. minor Biv. by D.P. Rogers.)

P. pusillus L. var. tenuissimus Mert.&Koch.

M(Slough near Cedar River, July, 1894)Reppert.

- (as P. pusillus L. by Cratty and by Beal)
- (as P. pusillus L. var. tenúissimus Mert. & Koch. by D.P. Rogers.)
- M("Slough near Cedar River, Saulsbury Bridge region, July, 1894") Reppert, SUI.
  - (as P. pusillus L. by Cratty and by Beal)
  - (as P. pusillus L. var. tennuissimus Mert. & Koch, by D.P. Rogers.)
- P. diversifolius Raf.
  - P. Spirillus Tuckerm, of Fl.

M("Ponds along CRI & P railroad between Muscatine and Fruit-land, July, 1894.")MacKenzie. ("Ponds along Cedar River, Ce-dar Township, September, 1896.")Reppert.

- P. epihydrus Rupr.
  - P. pennsylvanicus Cham. of Fl. M("Ponds and sloughs near Cedar River, Lake Township, June 25, 1890.") Reppert, SUI.
- P. amplifolius Tuckerm. M("Large pond near Saulsbury Bridge, 1891.")Reppert.
- P. nodosus Poir
  - P. fluitans Roth of Fl.
  - P. americanus C & S
    - M(Cedar River at Moscow)Barnes; Mississippi River above Muscatine)Reppert; Fish ponds at Fairport)G.

P. illinoensis Morong.

M(Moscow, 1892)Barnes; Fish ponds at Fairport)G.

P. natans L. M(Pond near Cedar river, Lake Township, July, 1894)Reppert.

Zannichellia L. Horned Pondweed

Z. palustris L.

"Ponds and sloughs of Muscatine Co.; frequent."Fl. M(Moscow)Barnes; (Muscatine Co.)Reppert.

#### Najadaceae

#### Najas L.

N. flexilis (Willd.)Rostk.

"Habitat and range of the preceeding but less frequent."Fl. S(Basin at Lock 14)G. M(Moscow)Barnes; (Muscatine Island)Shimek; (Fairport ponds)G.

#### Alismaceae

Alisma L. Water or Mud-plantain

- A. trivialis Pursh
- A. Plantago L. of Fl. Muddy pond shores and ditches; infrequent, S(Credit\_Island; Nobis' Pond)G. M(Weiss' Slough)G.
- A. subcordatum Raf. In similar situations. Flowers and fruit much smaller. Less frequent. (Muddy roadside ditch east of Saulsbury Bridge)G.

### Echinodorus Richard.

E. cordifolius '(L.)Grieseb. Burhead "Margin of ponds, Muscatine Island; infrequent". Fl. M("Pond above Muscatine City, August, 1891.")Reppert, SUI.

#### (Lophothocarpus Th. Durand.

L. calycinus (Engelm)J.G.SM.
 Sagittaria calycinus Engelm. of Fl.
 Shallow ponds and muddy shores; rare.
 Ill. RI(Shallow pond at Illinois City)G.; (Rock Island Arsenal)
 Shimek.

### Sagittaria L. Arrow-leaf

- S. latifolia Willd. Common Arrow-leaf
   S. variabilia Engelm. of Fl.
   In shallow water and muddy shores of ponds and streams; frequent.
   S(Duck Creek Park)Paarmann-Sheldon
   Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Paarmann-Sheldon.
- S. brevirostris Mack. & Bush. In similar situations; less frequent. S(Nahant)G.; (Duck Creek Park)Paarmann-Sheldon. M(Creek bank west of Wilton)G.
- S. graminea Michx. Muddy shores and pond bottoms; infrequent. S(Noels)Barnes. M(Bottom of Brasenia Pond)G. Ill. Henry Co.(In guarry bottom north of Colona)G.

- S. rigida Pursh.
  - S. heterophylla Pursh of Fl. M("Pond northeast of Bayfield, June 26, 1909")Shimek, SUI.
- (S. cuneata Sheldon III. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Paarmann-Sheldon; (Carbon Cliff) Barnes.

## Hydrocharitaceae

- Elodea. Michx. Waterweed Ditchmoss.
  - E. canadensis Michx. Anacharis canadensis (Michx.)Rich. of B.&B. 3rd Ed. Ponds and slow streams; rare. M(Seepage stream into Nelumbo Pond, Section 15, Lake Township)G. (X)Barnes.
  - E. Nuttallii (Planch)St. John. Anacharis occodentalis (Pursh)Vict. M(Fish pond at Fairport, June 28, 1928)Hauber.

Vallisneria L. Tape- or Eel-grass

- V. americana Michx.
   "Ponds of Mississippi River islands."Fl. S(Scott Co., July 21, 1895)Paul Bartsch, ISC.
- Bromus L. Brome Grass

The first three are indigenous; the others introduced from Europe as forage grasses; with us usually found as casual roadside weeds.

Gramineae

- B. latiglumis (Shear)Hitchc. Moist low woods; infrequent. S(Allen's Grove)G.; (Davenport)Ross. M(Saulsbury Bridge)Barnes.
- B. purgans L.
   B. ciliatus L. var. purgans Gray of Fl.
   Rich woods; frequent.
   S(Allen's Grove)G.; (Davenport)Ross.
   Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.; (Rock Island Arsensal)Ross.
- B. ciliatus L. Fringed Brome. Woods; rare M(Wild Cat Den)G.
- B. secalinus L. Cheat or Chess. S(Oakton)Ross.
- B. inermis Leyes. Hungarian Brome Roadsides; abundant locally. S(Devil's Glen Road; Orphan's Home Road; Nahant)G.
- B. japonicus Thunb. Japanese Brome Roadsides and waste grounds; frequent. S(Nahant; Chapel Hill Road)G.
- B. racemosus L. S(Sandy roadside at the marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G.

- B. commutatus Schrad. Roadsides and waste places; frequent. S(Waverly Road; St. Anne's Church)G. M(Fairport)G.
- B. tectorum L. Downy Brome Along roadsides; abundant locally S(R. 61 below Rockingham)G. M(Wyoming Hill)Barnes; Saulsbury Bridge)G.

# Festuca L. Fescuegrass

- E. ovina L. Sheep Fescue In old neglected lawns; frequent. S(15th & Main); (Terrace, 11th & Main)G.
- (F. ovina L. var. duriuscula (L.)Koch. Hard Fescue Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal, in a low moist place in lawn)G. Determined by Swallen.
- (F. rubra L. Red Fescue. Ill. RI(Found once in a low moist place in the meadow west of the lock tenders' house on Rock Island Arsenal)G.
- F. elatior L. Meadow Fescue
   F. elatior L. var. pratensis Gray of Fl.
   Occasional in lawns and meadows.
   S(15th & Harrison; Meadow northwest of Mercy Hospital)G.
- F. obtusa Biehler. Nodding Fescue.
   F. nutans Willd. of Fl. Moist woods; frequent S(Allen's Grove)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.
  - Ill. RI(Watch Tower; Rock Island Arsenal)G.
- F. paradoxa Desv. Short's Fescue
   F. Shortii Kunth of Fl.
   Low sandy prairie habitats or low open woods; infrequent.
  - S(Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church; Harbor Road)G.
- F. octoflora Walt. var. tenella (Willd.)Fern. F. tenella Willd. of Fl.
  - Vulpia octoflora (Walt.)Rydb. var. tenella (Willd.)Fern Dry sandy prairies; frequent. S(Dry sandy field east of Noels); Sandy field at the marsh
    - northeast of St. Anne's Church.;)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Shimek.
    - Ill. RI(Sandy field south of Meredosia)G.

#### Glyceria R.Br. Manna-grass.

- G. septentrionalis Hitchc. Floating Manna-grass.
   G. Auitans R.Br. of Fl.
   Shallow water or very wet situations; infrequent.
   S(Edge of pond, Credit Island)G.
   M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
- G. striata (Lam.)Hitchc. Fowl Manna-grass.
   G. nervosa Trin. of Fl.
   Wet grounds about creeks and marshes; wet woods; frequent.
   S(Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church); Eldridge)G.
   Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.
- (G. grandis Wats. Reed Manna-grass Cedar Co.("Slough along US 30 west of Lowden, July 14, 1950.") Fay, SUI.

on L. Mea	dow Grass.
P. annu In w lawn	a L. Annual Blue grass. ret waste places; occasional in damp partially shaded places in is.
In la mead	S(Wet ravine, Fejervary Park; Lawn, Vanderveer Park)G. pressa L. Canada Blue grass. twos around the bases of trees; in open low and sandy places, low and open woods; frequent. S(Harbor road; Noels)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.
P. prate Lawn conta S	nsis L. Kentucky Blue grass. hs, pastures, roadsides; grows almost anywhere; prefers lime ining soils. G(Wapsie bottoms; marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G. 4(Wild Cat Den)G.
P. palus P. se Infr	tris L. Fowl Meadow grass. False Red-top protina Ehrhart. of Fl. requent. (Damp sandy meadows, Wapsie bottoms)G.
· · · · · · ·	ralis L. Wood Blue-grass (Established for seven years under shrubs on the terrace at 7th and Main Sts.)G.
P. sylves	tris Gray. (In moist alluvial woods, crossroad opposite the woodlot, Credit Island)G.
P. lanugi P. de M P. bulbos	nosa Hitchc. bilis Torr. of Fl. (Wild Cat Den. An occasional plant along the paths in the lower woods; at the cliff edge above the "Kettle".)G.
	(Muscatine Co., May 25, 1922) J. W. Merrill, ISC.
M. nitens M. diff	lic-grass
ylis L. Or D. glomera Roadsid or unde S(1	chard Grass. ta L. les and waste places about cultivated grounds, in the open er trees; frequent. 5th & Brady Sts.; Old Koenig place)G
E. hynoides E. repta Moist Quite S(A Ill.	v. Love-grass (Lam.)BSP. Creeping Eragrostis. ans Nees of Fl. or dried-out flats; moist sandy shores; frequent. variable in habit; frequently forms dense mats. llen's Grove; Credit Island; Fishertown)G. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)G.
. megastac	hya (Koel)Link. Stink-grass

E. major Host. of Fl.

Mel

Daci

Erag

A common weed of waste places.

S(Davenport)G.; (Blue Grass)Barnes. M(Sandy open flat near Saulsbury Bridge)Shimek. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)G.

- E. pectinacea (Michx.)Nees.
   E. Purshii Schrader of Fl.
   A common weed in waste places in towns.
   S(Credit Island); (Schmidt's Road)G.
   M(Muscatine Co.)Shimek.
- E. Frankii C.A. Mey. Moist sandy pond and stream margins; infrequent. S(Sandy riverbank, Credit Island)G. Louisa Co.(Wet sandy shore of lake, Big Sand Mound)G.
- E. capillaris (L.)Nees. Lace-grass. S(Near top of sparsely wooded north slope on Illinoian upland, Fejervary Park); Dry sandy sparsely wooded north shore of Credit Island)G.
- E. spectabilis (Pursh)Steud. Tumble-grass.
  E. pectinaces Gray of Fl.
  Dry sandy soils; frequent locally.
  S(Devil's Glen); Credit Island; Wapsie bottoms.)G.
  M(Wild Cat Den)G.; (Muscatine Co.)Shimek.
- E. trichodes (Nutt.) Wood.
   E. tenuis Gray of Fl. M("Sandy soil, Fruitland, 1895")Barnes.
- (E. poaeoides (L.)Beauv.
   E. minor Host.
   Washington Co.("Rare; in waste ground of railroad yard, 1953.")
   Wagenknecht, SUI.

Diarrhena Beauv.

 D. americana Beauv. M(Wild Cat Den, July, 1904)Somes, ISC. Cedar Co.("Upland woods near Rock Creek, 2 miles north of Rochester, September 23, 1960.")Fay, SUI. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross.

Triodia R.Br.

 T. flava (L.)Smyth. Tall Red-top. Purple-top.
 T. cuprea Jacq. of Fl.
 Open grassy woods; sandy soil; a lowland species; infrequent. S(Credit Island)G.
 M(Fairport)Barnes.
 Ill. RI(Meredosia)G.

#### Triplasis Beauv.

T. purpurea (Walt.)Chapm. Sand-grass.
Triodia purpurea Hack. of Fl.
In pure dry sand as of dune lands; restricted.
S(Sand pile at Austin Crabbs, East River St.)G.
Louisa Co.(Dunes at Big Sand Mound)G.
Ill. RI(Sand hills south of Meredosia)G.

Phragmites Trin. Reed.

 P. communis Trin.
 "Borders of ponds; infrequent." M(Moscow)Barnes; (Marshy border of Nelumbo Pond, Section 15, Lake Township)G.

Agropyron Gaertn. Wheat grass. A. trachycaulum (Link)Malte. Slender Wheat grass. S(Rare. A single collection from a pile of limestone rocks west of the flour mill, East River St.)G. A. Smithii Rydb. Blue-stem Wheat grass. Dry or sandy open places; infrequent. S(Harbor Road; 12th & Vine Sts.)G. M(Fruitland)Shimek; (Muscatine Co.)Barnes. A. repens (L.)Beauv. Quack-grass. Couch-grass. An aggressive weed, common along railroad tracks, roadsides and waste places. S(Lincoln Ave.); (Harbar Road; Long Grove)G. Our plants are forma aristatum (Schumb)Holmb. and forma Vaillantianum (Wulf & Schreb)Fern. Lolium L. Rye-grass. L. perenne L. Common Rye-grass. Common in lawns. S(Davenport)G. L. multiflorum Lam. Italian Rye-grass. S(Meadow northwest of Mercy Hospital; cultivated in Msgr. Hauber's garden at St. Vincent's Home)G. Hordeum L. Barley H. jubatum L. Squirrel-tail Grass. Frequent along roadsides and waste grassy places. S(Blue Grass)Barnes; (Wapsie bottoms)G.; (Oakton)Ross. H. pusillum Nutt. Little Barley H. pratense Huds. of Fl. Lean dry soils along roadsides, railroads and waste places; infrequent. S(Oakton)Ross; (Scott Co.)Barnes. M(Roadsde near Wild Cat Den; Farmyard opposite Lindle's Woods)G. Secale L. Rye S. cereale L. Cultivated Rye. Frequent along sides of new roads; sown by the road builders. S(Escape along R. 6 east of Walcott.)G. Triticum L. Wheat T. aestivum L. Cultivated Wheat. An infrequent escape from cultivation. S(Roadside ditch along R. 6 east of Walcott)G. Elymus L. Wild Rye E. virginicus L. Moist to dry places in the open or in open woods; frequent. S(Credit Island; Fejervary Park)G. E. villosus Muhl. Slender Wild Rye. E. striatus Willd. var. villosus Gray of Fl. Moist to dry woods, mostly upland, and shaded slopes; infrequent. S(Davenport)Ross. M(Wild Cat Den)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G. E. canadensis L. Canada or Nodding Wild Rye. Roadsides and prairie habitats; frequent. S(Credit Island; Duck Creek Park)G.

- E. canadensis L. var. glaucifolius (Muhl.)Gray. In similar situations; infrequent. M(Roadside south of Pine Mill)G.
- Hystrix Moench. Bottle-brush Grass
  - H. patula Moench. Asprella Hystrix Willd. of Fl. A woodland species, mostly of the uplands, frequent. S(Allen's Grove)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)G.

### Sphenopholis Scrib.

- S. obtusata (Michx)Scribn. Prairie Wedge-grass. Eatonia obtusata Gray of Fl. Open sandy places and prairies; infrequent. S(Sandy shore of marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church; Noels)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Shimek.
- S. intermedia Rydb. Slender Wedge-grass. Eatonia Pennsylvanica Gray of Fl. Dry to moist woodlands, less frequent in meadows and prairies. S(Noels: Credit Island)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.

#### Koeleria Pers.

eleria Pers. K. cristata (L.)Pers. June Grass Dry sandy prairie soils; frequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G.; (Davenport)Ross. M(Muscatine Co.)Shimek. Ill. RI(Sandy prairie north of Cordova)G.

#### Avena L. Oats.

- (A. fatua L. Wild Oats. "BCR & N tracks, Blue Grass." Fl. (X)Barnes, without data. Presumably from the above mentioned A. sativa L. Cultivated Oats. S(Roadside essent and the second se
- S(Roadside escape south of Allen's Grove)G.
- Danthonia DC. Wild Oat-grass
  - D. spicata (L.)Beauv. Poverty Grass Thin dry soils; dry slopes; infrequent. S(Terrace, 11th & Brady Sts.)G. M(Dry hillside, Wild Cat Den)G.
- Sporobolus R.Br. Drop-seed
  - S. cryptandrus (Torr.)Gray. Sand Drop-seed Dry sandy soils; infrequent. M(Sandy hill-top, Section 15, Lake Township)G. Ill. RI(Sands north of Cordova)G.
  - S. vaginiflorus (Torr.) Wood. Poverty Grass. Dry sterile soils; infrequent. S(Terrace 14th Gaines Sts; Terrace 12th & Brady Sts.)G.
  - S. neglectus Nash. Dry sterile soils; ifnrequent. S(Terrace 29th & Brady Sts.)G.

S. asper (Michx)Kunth. Dry soils along highways and railroads; infrequent. S(Road to Pine Hill Cemetery; Vacant lot, 15th & Brady Sts.)G. M(R. 61 east of Montpelier; Section 15, Lake Township)G. S. heterolepis Gray, Prairie Drop-seed, S("Rock Island tracks west of Davenport, Aug. 30, 1915.")Hauber. III. RI(Old sandy prairie south of Meredosia)G. Calamagrostis Adans C. Canadensis (Michx.)Beauv. Blue-joint. In marshes, ditches and low wet places: infrequent, S(Ditch at railroad crossing, Allen's Grove: Marsh at McCausland)G. land)G. M(Saulsbury Bridge region)G. (Calamovilfa (Grav)Hack. C. lonifalio (Hook)Scribn. Long-leaf Reed-grass. Sands and dunes: restricted. and the second of the second Louisa Co.(Dunes at the Big Sand Mound)G. Ill. Whiteside Co.(Dunes and sands at Lock 13)G. Agrostis L. Bent-grass. A. alba L. Red-top In lawns, pastures, roadsides and waste places; common; often abounds in marshy places. S(Harbor Road; Fejervary Park; Pine Hill Cemetery)G. A. tenuis Sibth. Rhode Island Bent. A. alba L. var. vulgaris Thunb. of Fl. S(Terrace at 11th & Mains Sts.)G. A. hyemalis (Walt.)BSP. Hair-grass. Tickle-grass Sandy soils; dry or moist open places; infrequent. S(Credit Island; Noels)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)Ross. A. scabra Willd. Hair-grass. Tickle-grass. Distinguishable from the preceeding by its longer spikelets, these not crowded at the tips of the branchlets. In dry sandy soils; infrequent. dry sandy soils; infrequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery; Noels)G. A. perennans (Willd.)Tuckerm. Autumn or Upland Bent. Moist upland or low woods; prefers some shade. Frequent. M(Wild Cat Den)G. na L. C. arundinacea L. Wood Reed-grass. Moist shady woods; infrequent. M(Wild Cat Den)G. S(Credit Island)G. Cinna L. eum L. Timothy P. pratense L. Phleum L. Timothy Cultivated and escaped; frequent. S(Along R. 61 near Buffalo)G. Alopecurus L. Foxtail

A. carolinianus Walt. Segregated from the A. geniculatus L. of Fl.

A casual in rather dry soils. S(14th & Harrison Sts., waste ground)G. Ill. RI(Hillside at Ben's Nursery)G. Cedar Co.("In a hanging bog, upland woods 4 miles south of Rochester, August 5, 1954.")Fay, SUI. (A. aequalis Sobol. Muhlenbergia Schreb. M. Schreberi Emel. Nimble Will. Yards, waste places and open woods; frequent. S(15th & Brady Sts.; 6th & Gaines Sts.)G. M. diffusa Schreb. of Fl. M(Wild Cat Den)G. M. sobolifera (Muhl.)Trin. Open grassy woods; rare. M(Dry open wooded crest, Wild Cat Den)G. M. tenuiflora (Willd.)BSP. M. Wildenovii Trin. of Fl. Open alluvial woods; rare or infrequent. S(Low open woods, Credit Island; neglected grassy corner, 118 W. 15th St.)G. M. sylvatica Torr. Woodland Dropseed. M("Low grounds along Muscatine Slough, Sept. 10, 1892.")Reppert. As M. sobolifera Trin; corrected by Davidson, SUI. M. brachyphylla Bush. S("Shady places, Blue Grass, Sept. 1895.")Reppert & Barnes, (As M. sylvatica Torr. & Gray)SUI.; (Credit Island)G. Low open woods; rare. M(Low open ground near base of fixed wooded dune, Lindle's Woods)G. M. mexicana (L.)Trin. Wet sandy or boggy places; occasional. S(Sandy marsh shore northeast of St. Anne's Church; Prairie at Pine Hill Cemetery)G. M(Boggy margin of Nelumbo Pond, Section 15, Lake Township)G. Ill. RI(Springy ground on bluff, Watch Tower)G. M. frondosa (Poir)Fern. M. mexicana Trin. of Fl. and of Gray, 7th Ed. Widespread and weedy; moist woods and thickets; occasional in towns. S(Duck Creek Park; Credit Island; Pine Hill Cemetery)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert. M. racemosa (Michx.)BSP. 1. glomerata Trin. of Fl. Dry open places; infrequent. S(Duck Creek Park)G. M. glomerata Trin. of Fl. M(Wild Cat Den; Muscatine Island)G. M. glomerata (Willd.)Trin. Dry lean soils; rare. M(Muscatine Island)G. Ill. Henry Co.(Railroad tracks north of Colona)G. Brachyelytrum Beauv. Rich upland woods; infrequent. M(Wild Cat Den)G. B. erectum (Schreb.)Beauv. (X)Barnes.

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Oryzopsis Michx. Mountain Rice. O. racemosa (Sm.)Ricker. O. melanocarpa Muhl. of Fl. "Rocky woods, Wild Cat Den."Fl. M(Wooded bluff along Sweetland Creek, Oct. 20, 1900)Shimek, ISC. Cedar Co.("Upland woods near Rock Creek, 2 miles north of Rochester, September 25, 1950.")Fay, SUI. (X)Barnes. Itipa L. Spear Grass. S. spartea Trin. Porcupine-grass. Prairie remnants; infrequent. S(Oakton)Ross; (Pine Hill Cemetery; Noels)G. (S. viridula. Feather Bunch-grass. Cedar Co. ("Low prairie along railroad east of Mechanicsville, May 26, 1920.")Shimek, SUI. Aristida L. Triple-awned Grass. A. tuberculosa Nutt. On sand dunes and in sand fields; restricted but sometimes abundant locally. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G. Ill. Whiteside Co.(Sands near Fulton)G. A. oligantha Michx. Poverty Grass. S(Allen's Grove; Noels; Duck Creek Park)G. A. basiramea Engelm. Dry sterile soils; frequent. S(Noels; Fairmount Cemetery)G. M(Fruitland)Barnes. A. intermedia Scribn. & Ball. A. gracilis Ell. of Fl. A. purpurascens Poir. in herb. "With the last at Muscatine Island and Noels." Fl. M(Fruitland)Barnes (A. dichotoma Michx, was indicated by Pammel as having been collected in Muscatine County by Reppert, but no specimen has been found. Spartina Schreb. Cord or Slough Grass. S. pectinacea Link. S. Michauxiana Hitchc. S. cynosuroides Willd. of Fl. Borders of sloughs, marshes, wet ditches, low wet grounds; frequent. S(Wet roadside ditch, Allen's Grove)G. Bouteloua Lag. B. hirsuta Lag. Hairy Grama Grass. Sandy prairies; frequent in Rock Island County. M("Sandy places, Fruitland, July 14, 1911.")Shimek, SUI. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G.

Ill. RI(Along the railroad north of Cordova)G.

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 B. curtipendula (Michx.)Torr. Side-oats Grama Grass.
 B. racemosa Lag. var. aristosa Gray of Fl. Prairies, often dry or sandy; dry slopes; frequent. S(Davenport)Ross; (Bridge opposite Buena Vista)G. M(Moscow)Barnes; (Weiss' Slough)G. Eleusine Gaertn. Goose-grass.

E. indica (L.)Gaertn. S(Davenport)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.

Phalaris L.

- P. arundinacea L. Reed Canary Grass.
   Marshes, shores and wet meadows; frequent.
   S(Walcott; Nahant; north of Allen's Grove)G.
- P. arundinacea L. var. picta Gray. Ribbon Grass.
   Cultivated for ornament.
   S(Davenport, 1720 Harrison St.)G.
   M("Low grounds southeast of Saulsbury Bridge, 1923)Shimek.
- (Hierochloa R.Br.
  - H. odorata (L.)Beauv. Holy Grass. Johnson Co.(Woods near Cemetery, Iowa City, 1913)Shimek, SUI.

Leersia Sw. Cut-grass.

L. virginica Willd. White Grass. Low moist to wet grounds; frequent. Occasional in moist uplands woods. S(Credit Island)G.

M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert. III. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross.

- L. oryzoides (L.)Sw. Rice Cut-grass. Ditches, marshes, wet shores; infrequent. S(Credit Island; Ditch north of Long Grove)G.
- L. lenticularis Michx. Catch-fly Grass. Low wet places along streams; infrequent but abundant locally. S(Credit Island)G.

M("Damp soil along Mississippi river among willows, September 1894.")Reppert. (X)Barnes.

- Zizania L. Wild Rice.
  - Z. aquatica L. "Shallow ponds of Muscatine Island and the Cedar River region; frequent," Fl.

M(Muscatine Island, September 1, 1891)Reppert, ISC. (X)Barnes.

- Digitaria Heist. Crab-grass.
  - D. filiformis (L.)Koel. Slender Crab-grass.
     Panicum filiformis L. of Fl.
     "Dry steep hillsides, Wild Cat Den." Fl.
     M(Wild Cat Den)Barnes.
  - D. ischaemum (Schreb.)Muhl. Smooth Crab-grass. Panicum glabrum Gaudin of Fl. A common weed in lawns and waste places. S(Davenport)G.
  - D. sanguinale (L.)Scop. Common Crab-grass.
     Panicum sanguinale L. of Fl.
     Common in situations like the last; prefers disturbed ground and sandy soil.
     S(Noels)G; (Davenport)Ross.
     M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.

Paspalum L. P. ciliatifolium Michx. var. strameineum (Nash)Fern. P. setaceum Michx, of Fl. Frequent in dry sandy soil. S(Credit Island; Sandy roadside north of Allen's Grove)G. M(Bayfield)Shimek. Ill. RI(Sandy field south of the Meredosia)G. Leptoloma Chase. Fall Witch-grass. L. cognatum (Schultes)Chase. Dry sandy prairies; usually abundant when present. S(Noels; McCausland)G. Louisa Co. (Big Sand Mound)G. Panicum L. Panic-grass. P. dichotomiflorum Michx. var. geniculatum (Wood)Fern. P. proliferum Lam. of Fl. The common variety; a late weed about gardens and moist disturbed grounds generally. S(Davenport)Ross. M(Lindle's Woods)G. P. dichotomiflorum Michx. Erect; sheaths not inflated; found only in dry sandy soil. S(Noels)G. P. capillare L. Old Witch Grass. Fields, roadsides, dry waste places, sandy shores; common. S(Pine Hill Cemetery: Credit Island)G.: (Blue Grass)Barnes. P. capillare L. var. occidentale Rydb. S(Terrace, Trinity Cathedral)G. Determined by J. R. Swallen. P. philadelphicum Bernh. M(Dry slope north of the Fish ponds, Fairport)G.; (Muscatine Co., September 1895)Reppert. P. virgatum L. Switch Grass. Sandy fields, dunes and sandy shores; frequent, S(Credit Island; Noels; Allen's Grove)G. M(South of Wilton)Shimek. P. depauperatum Muhl. M(Dry open grassy slope west of upper parking lot, Wild Cat Den)G. P. perlongum Nash. Dry sandy prairie remnants; infrequent. S(Prairie remnant, southeast ¼ Section 11, Winfield Township)G. M(Prairie remnant, Section 15, Lake Township, overlooking the Nelumbo Pond)G. Ill. RI(Sandy prairie south of Meredosia)G. P. Lindheimeri Nash. P. lanuginosum Ell. var. Lindheimeri (Nash)Fern. S(Dry sandy field northeast of St. Anne's Church; Upland bluegrass sward, 12th & Division Sts.; sandy roadside, Butler Township)G. Louisa Co.(Sandy shore of the lake, under trees at the Big Sand Mound)G. Ill. Henry Co.(Talus in sandstone quarry bottom north of Colona)G.

- P. praecocius Hitchc. & Chase
  - P. dichotomum L. of Fl.?
    - S(Pine Hill Cemetery, prairie; loess bank on edge of gravel pit, Duck Creek Park)G.
- P. tennesseense Ashe.
  - lanuginosum Ell. var. fasciculatum (Torr.)Fern. P
    - S(Sandy soil on north shore of Credit Island, under trees east of the crossroad; Allen's Grove)G.
- P. implicatum Scribn.
  - P. lanuginosum Ell. var. implicatum (Scribn.)Fern. Hardly separable from the following. S(Sandy strip south of the marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
- P huachucae Ashe.

  - P. dichotomum L. of Fl. in part.? P. lanuginosum Ell. var. fasciculatum (Torr.)Fern. Including var. silvicola Hitchc. & Chase. Frequent in rather dry and sandy soils in the open; in moist wooded slopes. S(Duck Creek Park; Allen's Grove)G. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal; Watch Tower)G.
- (P. Wilcoxianum Vasey. Ill. RI(Sandy prairie south of the Meredosia)G.
- P. Deamii Hitchc. & Chase. M (Small sandy prairie remnant, Section 15, Lake Township, over-looking the Nelumbo Pond)G.
- P. pseudopubescens Mash.
  - P. commonsianum Ashe var. euchlamydeum Shinners, sensu Pohl and other Iowa authors.
  - villossissimum Nash var. pseudopubescens (Nash)Fern.
  - P. pubescens Lam of Fl.? Dry sandy prairie; restricted but abundant locally. S(Sandy field east of Noels)G. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G. Ill. RI(Old sandy prairie south of the Meredosia)G.
- XP. pseudopubescens Nash X P. Scribnerianum Nash. S(Sandy field east of Noels)G. Several collections. Both putative parents present.
- P. Scribnerianum Nash.
  - P. scoparium Lam. of Fl.
  - P. oligosanthes Schultes var. Scribnerianum (Nash)Fern. Dry sandy soils in the open; frequent. S(Prairie at Pine Hill Cemetery; Credit Island; Koenig place)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Shimek.
- P. leibergii (Vasey)Scribn. S. and M("Woods, infrequent.")Barnes. S(Railroad tracks near Pine Hill Cemetery, June 4, 1916) Hauber. M(Sandy flat east of Saulsbury Bridge, June 6, 1923.")Shimek.
- P. latifolium L.
  - Rich moist woods; infrequent. A strictly woodland species. S(Scott Co.)Barnes. M(Wild Cat Den)G.

P. clandestinum L.

S(Fresh dry ditch in loess at Allen's Grove)G.

### Echinochloa Beauv.

- E. pungens (Poir.)Rydb. Barn-yard Grass. Cock-spur Grass. Panicum crus-galli L. of Fl. in part. Echinochloa crus-galli (L.)Beauv. in part. Frequent in moist places in waste or cultivated grounds.
  - S(Allen's Grove; West 14th St.; Wapsie bottoms)G.
- E. occidentalis (Wieg.)Rydb. E. crus-galli (L.)Beauv. in part. Same situations as the last. S(11th & Vine Sts.; Allen's Grove)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)G.
- E. crus-galli L. var. mitis (Pursh)Peterm. S("Near Tri-City Packing Co.")Barnes.
- E. crus-galli L. var. zelayensis (HBK)Hitchc. S("BCR & N tracks near the saw mill.")Barnes
- E. crus-galli L. var. frumentacea (Roxb.)Wright. "Billion dollar Grass." (X)Barnes.
- Setaria Beauv. Foxtail.
  - S. glauca (L.)Beauv. Yellow Foxtail. S. lutescens (Wieg.)Hubb. Roadsides and waste places; common. S(Eldridge; Nahant)G.; (Blue Grass)Barnes.
  - S. viridis (L.)Beauv. Green Foxtail. Same situations as the last; less frequent. S(Eldridge Road; Davenport)G.; (Blue Grass)Barnes.
  - S. verticillata (L.)Beauv. Bur-bristle Grass. Waste places; frequent. ste places; frequent. S(Davenport)G.; Barnes.
  - S. Faberi Herrm. Roadsides; becoming frequent. A recent introduction, and spreading rapidly. First collected September 14, 1950. S(Schmidt's Road)G. S(Schmidt's Road)G. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G.
- S. italica (L.)Beauv. Hungarian Millet. Formerly cultivated S(Pine Hill Cemetery)Ross. Cenchrus L. Sand-bur.
- - C. pauciflora Beauv. C. tribuloides L. of Fl. S(Noels)G. M(Bayfield)Shimek.
- Pennisetum L.
  - P. setaceum (Forsk.)Chiov. Fountain Grass. Occasionally cultivated for ornament. S(Vanderveer Park)G.
- Miscanthus Anders. "Eulalia."
  - M. sacchariflorus (Mixim)Hack. Planted for ornament and frequently escaped to roadsides. S(W. Locust St.)G.

Andropogon L. Beard-grass.

- A. scoparius Michx. Lesser Bluestem. Mostly on rather dry and sandy prairie remnants; frequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)G.
- A. Gerardi Vitam. Bluestem. Greater Bluestem.
  - A. furcatus Muhl. of Fl. Prairie remnants; often in moister ground than the preceding; frequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G.
- A. Hallii Hack. "Well established in several places along the CRI & P tracks near PERSONAL PROPERTY AND AND Fairport"Fl. M(Fairport)Barnes.
- Sorghum Adans. Sorghum.
  - S. halepense (L.)Pers. Johnson Grass. "Railroad tracks Wilton, Muscatine, Fairport."Fl. M(Fairport)Barnes.
  - S. vulgare L. var. Milo. M(Cultivated, Muscatine Island)G.
  - interesting and pairs the second states of the second vulgare L. var. ? S. Escaped from cultivation. S(Utica Ridge Road; railroad tracks at Schmidt's Road)G.

# Sorghastrum Nash.

S. nutans (L.)Nash. Indian grass. Chrysopogon nutans Benth. of Fl. Prairie remnants; frequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross.

# Tripsacum L. Gama Grass.

T. dactyloides L. "A large clump on railroad tracks near Wyoming Hill."Fl. M(Wyoming Hill)Reppert.

### Coix L.

C. lacryma -iovi L. Job's Tears. S(Cultivated for ornament in Msgr. Hauber's garden at St. Vincent's Home)G.

### Cyperaceae

# Cyperus L. Galingale

- C. diandrus Torr. Wet sandy river shores; rare or infrequent. S(Credit Island)G.
- rivularis Kunth. C.
  - C. diandrus Torr. var. castaneus Torr. of Fl. Moist sandy or alluvial shores; infrequent. S(Davenport)Ross; (Sea Scout Camp west of LeClaire; Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G. M(Moscow)Barnes.

- C. inflexus Muhl.
   C. aristatus Roth of Fl.
   Moist sandy river shores; infrequent. S(Credit Island)G. (X)Barnes.
- (C. acuminatus Torr. "Low sandy soils; Noels and near Follets."Fl. Clinton Co.(Follets)Barnes.
- C. erythrorhizos Muhl. Red-rooted Cyperus. Moist river or pond shores; frequent. S(Credit Island)G. M(Moscow)G. Louisa Co.(Lake at the Big Sand Mound)G.
- C. ferruginescens Boeckl. C. speciosus Vahl. of Fl. Moist river or pond shores; often with the preceding. S(Nobis' pond; Credit Island)G. Ill. RI(Hennepin Canal)Barnes.
- C. esculentus L. Nut-sedge. Sandy river shores; fence rows about cultivated ground; frequent. S(Utica Ridge Road; Credit Island; Noels)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)G.
- C. strigosus L. Moist sandy grounds and ditches; frequent. S(Credit Island; Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.
- C. filiculmis Vahl. Slender Sedge. Dry sandy fields and dunes; infrequent. S(Credit Island; Noels)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.; (Muscatine Co.)Shimek.
- C. filiculmis Vahl. var. macilentus Fern. With the last; less frequent. S(Noels)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)G.
- C. Schweinitzii Torr. Dry sand fields and dunes; frequent. S(Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G. Ill. RI (Hampton) Ross. the second second second second

### Dulichium Pers.

- D. arundinaceum (L.)Britt. Three-way Sedge D. spathaceum Pers. of Fl. M("Swampy border of pond among old dunes 8 miles northwest of Muscatine, July 20, 1922.")Shimek, SUI.
- Eleocharis R.Br. Spike-rush. E. acicularis (L.)R.&S. Muddy pond shores; frequent. S(Credit Island)G.
  - E. atropurpurea (Retz)J. & C. Presl. E. atropurpurea Kunth of Fl. "In wet sand near Fruitland. Determined by Britton. The specimen is at the New York Botanical Garden and was seen by Gilley.

- E obtusa (Willd.) Schultes. Blunt Spike-rush. Muddy or sandy shores: trequent. S(Credit Island: Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G. Ill. R.I.(Pond shore south of Illinois City)G. (E. ovata R.Br. Two specimens called E. ovata by the collectors. S(Credit Island)G. and M(X)Barnes were referred to E. obtusa by Dr. H. K. Svenson
- who comments that he is coming more and more to the conclusion that these do not represent distinct species. E. Englemanni Steud. Engelmann's Spike-rush.
- M(Abandoned gravel-pit southeast of Muscatine)G.; ("Low ground, Muscatine Island, 1927,")Shimek, SUI.
- (E. palustris (L.)R. & S. Louisa Co.(Wet swale, Big Sand Mound)G.
- E. palustris (L.)R. & S. var. major Sonder S(Muddy pond shore northwest of Allen's Grove)G.
- E. Smallii Britt. S(Waters edge, north shore of pond at Credit Island)G.
- E. macrostachya Britt. E. palustris R.Br. of Fl. M(Fairport fish ponds; Weiss' Slough)G.
- E. calva Torr. E. palustris R.Br. var. glaucescens (Willd.)Gray of Fl. Moist sandy or muddy shores, low grounds and marshes; frequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery: Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G.
- E. compressa Sulliv. Flat-stem Spike-rush. Moist to dry sands, low moist grounds, sometimes calcareous; infrequent. S(Macadam roadside north of McCausland; Low ground north
  - of Allen's Grove)G. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G.
- E. tenuis (Willd.)Schultes. S(Moist sand, marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G. Cedar Co.("Moist prairie along railroad one mile west of Mechanicsville, June 17, 1950.")Fay & Thorne.
- (E. Wolfii Gray. Cedar Co.("Mechanicsville, June 17, 1950)Fay, SUI.

Bulbostylis (Kunth)Clarke

- B. capillaris (L.)Clarke Fimbristylis capillaris Gray of Fl. Moist to dry sands; infrequent. S(Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G. Ill. RI(North of Cordova)G. Henry Co.(Colona)G.
- (B. capillaris (L.)Clarke var. crebra Fern (X)Barnes

Fimbristylis Vahl.

F. autumnalis (L.)R.& S. Moist sandy or alluvial pond shores; infrequent. S(Wet sand, north shore of pond at Credit Island)G. Louisa Co. (Sandy shore of lake, Big Sand Mound)G. Scirpus L. Bulrush.

S. Hallii Grav

S. supinus L. var. Hallii Gray of Fl.

M("Fruitland; rare.")Reppert.

This is the only specimen of the species known to exist in Iowa It was overlooked by Gilley in his preparation for "The Cyperaceae of Iowa," 1946.

- (Scirpus americanus Pers.
  - S. pungens Vahl, of Fl. Three-square Bulrush. Sword Grass. Wet sandy river shores; infrequent. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.
  - S. validus Vahl. var. creber Fern. Soft stem Bulrush. S. lacustris Vahl, of Fl Frequent in marshy places and wet ditches. S(Fejervary Park; Harbor Road)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)Ross.
  - (S. heterochaetus Chase Louisa Co.("Wet roadside ditch northeast 1/4 Section 19, T-75 N, R. 2 west, July 19, 1954.")Davidson, SUI.
  - S. fluviatilis (Torr.)Gray River Bulrush. In shallow water and marshy places; infrequent. S(McCausland)G.
  - S. atrovirens Willd. Frequent in ditches and moist grounds. S(Credit Island; Fejervary Park; Pine Hill Cemetery)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.
  - S. lineatus Michy Eriophorum lineatum Benth. & Hook of Fl. Wet ditches, shores and bogs; infrequent. S(Credit Island; Buffalo)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)Ross.
  - S. cyperinus (L.)Kunth. Eriphorum cyperinum L. of Fl. Moist or dry sandy shores and prairies; infrequent. S(Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church; Allen's Grove; Credit Island)G. M(Moscow)Barnes. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G.
  - S. pedicellatus Fern. Occasional in habitats like the last. S(Credit Island)G. M(Fairport)G.

Eriophorum L. Cotton-grass. E. angustifolium Honckeny. E. polystachon L. of Fl. "Infrequent; in boggy soils."Fl. S(Eldridge)Barnes. M(Cedar River)Reppert.

Hemicarpha Nees.

H. micrantha (Vahl)Pax. H. subsquarrosa Nees. of Fl. Wet sandy shores; infrequent. S(Credit Island)G. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G.

Scleria Bergius. Nut-rush.

- S. triglomerata Michx. Prairies; rare. S(Pine Hill Cemetery; Noels)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.
- Carex L. Sedge
  - C. praegracilis W. Boott. S(Dry boulevard at 707 Brady St.)G.
     C. Sartwellij Dew
  - C. Sartwellii Dew. S(Oakton)Ross; (Noels)Barnes.
  - C. rosea Schkuhr. Frequent in moist woods. S(Devil's Glen)Ross; (Credit Island)G.
  - C. convoluta Mack.
     In similar habitats; sometimes drier situations
     M(Wild Cat Den)G.
     Ill. RI(Watch Tower; Rock Island Arsenal)G.
  - C. cephalophora Muhl.
     Wooded hills and low open places; frequent.
     S(Credit Island)G.
     M(Wild Cat Den)G.
     Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.
  - C. Leavenworthii Dew. Open woods; infrequent. S(Credit Island; Harbor Road)G.
  - C. Muhlenbergii Schkuhr. Dry sandy fields; frequent locally. S(Noels)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Shimek. Ill. RI(Watch Tower; North of Cordova)G.
  - C. gravida Bailey Low open situations; frequent. S(Indian Road; Credit Island)G.
  - C. gravida Bailey var. Lunelliana (Mack)F.J. Herm. Dry ditches; frequent. S(Noels; Koenig place)G.
     M(Wild Cat Den)G.
    - Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)G.
  - (C. cephaloidea Dew. The report in the Fl, based presumably on a collection of Barnes near Valley City is C. gravida. Reported by Fay from Cedar county; the determination is correct. SUI.
  - C. sparganioides Muhl. A species of rich woodlands; infrequent. S(Credit Island; Allen's Grove)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)G.
  - C. vulpinoidea Michx. Roadsides; ditches and meadows; frequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)Ross; (Credit Island; Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G.
- C. brachyglossa Mack. C. xanthocarpa Bickn. of Fl. Roadsides and meadows; frequent. S(Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church; Pasture of St. Vincent's Home)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G. C. conjuncta Boot. Low moist open places; frequent. Omitted from the Fl., presumably by inadvertence. S(Harbor Road: Credit Island)G. C. laevivaginata (Kukenth,)Mack. Low grounds and wet meadows; infrequent. A segregate from C. stipata since the Fl. was published. S(Duck Creek Park; Harbor Road)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G. C. stipata Muhl. Moist low grounds; infrequent. S(Oakton)Ross; (Noels; Section 9, Butler township; W. 16th St.)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross. C. crus-corvi Shuttlw. S(At waters edge, pond at Credit Island)G. C. interior Bailey. S(Abundant locally in a small area on the sandy shore of the marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church; Dry edge of woods, Allen's Grove)G. C. muskingumensis Schwein. Alluvial woods; infrequent. S(Dense low woods on island at Wapsipinicon crossing of R. 61)G. M(Muscatine Co., 1906)Shimek, SUI. C. scoparia Schkuhr. Low moist sandy places in bottomlands and swales; frequent. S(Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church; Credit Island)G. M(Alluvial flat east of Saulsbury bridge)Shimek. C. tribuloides Wahl. Wet meadows and open alluvial woods; frequent. S(Credit Island; Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G. C. projecta Mack. Wet ditches; rare. S(Roadside ditch east of St. Anne's Church; Credit Island)G. C. cristatella Britt. C. tribuloides Wahl. var. cristata Bailey of Fl. Swampy places; infrequent. S(Allen's Grove: Duck Creek Park; Fejervary Park)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G. C. Bebbii Olney In dry open places; rare. S(Along the railroad east of Walcott)G. M(Foot of embankment at Saulsbury Bridge)G. C. normalis Mack. Dry open woods; infrequent. S(Allen's Grove)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.

- C. tenera Dewey.
  - Low moist open places; swales; open woods; infrequent. S(Credit Island; Pine Hill Cemetery)G. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal; Cordova)G.
- C. festucacea Schkuhr.
  - Rather dry open situations, often rather sandy; infrequent. S(Sandy roadsides; Butler Township; Sandy field at Noels; dry wooded grassy slope, Koenig place)G. Louisa Co. (Big Sand Mound)G. Ill. RI(Dry open wooded hillside, Watch Tower)G.
- C. suberecta. (Olney)Britt.
  - C. straminea Willd. var. ferruginea Bailey of Fl. S("In a swale near Walcott, 1897.")Barnes, ISC; Mucky border of shallow pasture pond, Lamp Farm, northeast of Walcott, 1957)G.
- C. brevior Dewey.
  - Dry open places, often in very sandy soil; frequent. S(Credit Island; Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church, Butler Township)G.
- C. molesta Mack.
  - In somewhat moist to rather dry grounds; pastures; infrequent. S(Credit Island; Pine Hill Cemetery; Butler Township)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.
- C. Bicknellii Britt.
  - Dry prairie remnants; infrequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery; Duck Creek Park)G. Ill. Whiteside Co.(Dry prairie remnant at Fulton)G.

In the absence of the specimens, no effort is here made to corelate a number of species-names of the Section Ovales in the Fl. with those in current usage. It may be noted that no mention is made in the Fl. of C. brevior, C. molesta, C. tenera, and C. normalis, nor of C. Bbbii; but the last species may not have been collected, it being quite rare.

- C. Jamesii Schwein. Rich upland or lowland woods; infrequent. S(Alluvial woods; Credit Island)G. M(Wild Cat Den, with C. copulata)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal, with C. oligocarpa)G.
- pennsylvanica Lam. Dry open woods; frequent. S(Devil's Glen: Duck Creek Park)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.
- C. communis Bailey M(Wild Cat Den. In tufts on the sandstone walls and the wooded talus below)G.
- (C. heliophila Mack.
  - C. pennsylvanica Lam. var. digyna Boeckl. Dry sands along the railroad tracks above Cordova and the crossroads at the "Oasis." Ill. RI("Oasis")G.
- (C. eburnea Hook. Cedar Co.("Dry limestone ledges along Rock Creek, 2 miles north of Rochester, Sept. 23, 1950.")Fay, SUI.

- C. hirtifolia Mack.
  - C. pubescens Muhl. of Fl.
    - Rich woodlands; rather frequent.
    - S(Allen's Grove; Credit Island)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.
    - Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.; (Rock Island Arsenal)Ross.
- C. stricta Lam.
  - C. stricta Lam. var. angustata Bailey of Fl.
    - Wet swales and wet meadows; infrequent.
    - S(Wet sedge meadow, Duck Creek Park; Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G.
    - Ill. RI(Watch Tower)Ross.
- C. Emorvi Dewey

S(Low wet roadside, south side of northern most road north of Allen's Grove; At waters edge, pool at Lock 14)G.

- C. Haydenii Dewey
  - C. stricta Lam. var. decora Bailey of Fl.
    - Moist meadows and marshy places; frequent.
    - S(Pine Hill Cemetery; marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church; Low ground, river floodplain, south of road to Credit Island)G.
- C. Buxbaumii Wahl.
  - C. fusca All. of Fl.
  - S(Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G.; (Noels)Barnes.
- C. Shortiana Dewey.
  - Wet grounds of ravines and bottoms, in shade; rare to infrequent. S(Ravine in Fejervary Park; River floodplain south of road
    - to Credit Island)G.
    - Ill. RI(Watch Tower, in shade between low path and the river)G.; (Watch Tower)Ross.
- C. lanuginosa Michx.
  - C. filiformis L. var. latifolia Boeckl of Fl.
  - Moist meadows; frequent.

S(Pine Hill Cemetery; Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church; Crossroads ditch north of Donahue)G.; (Blue Grass)Barnes. M(Wild Cat Den)G.

(C. gracillima Schwein,

Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross. Cedar Co.("Moist woods 7 miles southwest of Tipton, May 22, 1950.")Fay, SUI.

- C. Davisii Schwein.
  - Low grounds and woodlands; especially alluvial; frequent. S(Noels)Barnes; (Credit Island)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross.
- (C. Sprengelii Dewey
  - C. longirostis Torr. of Fl. Reported in the Fl. from Big Rock, Scott Co., but the specimen cannot be located.
    - Ill. RI(Abundant in moist places on Rock Island Arsenal)G. (X)Barnes.
- C. granularis Muhl.
  - Upland woods; rare or infrequent.
    - M("Wooded ravine, Wyoming Hill, along R. 61, 6 miles east of Muscatine, June 8, 1954.") Davidson, SUI.

Ill. RI(Watch Tower. A small clump by the side of the path in the high woods north of Black Hawk Road)G.

Cedar Co.("Roadside 5 miles west of Cedar Valley, July 4, 1959.") Fay, SUI.

(C. Crawei Dewey

Johnson Co.(Iowa City without further data)A.S. Hitchcock, ISC.

C. conoidea Schkuhr.

S(Moist sandy grassy shore of marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G. Plant discovered by Barnes in 1895; rediscovered by G. in 1952. Very rare. The specimen in the Barnes Herbarium was overlooked by Gilley in his preparation of "The Cyperaceae of Iowa."

- C. grisea Wahl.
  - C. amphibola Steud. var. turgida Fern. of Gray, 8th Ed. Frequent in low woods and meadows. . S(Duck Creek Park; Allen's Grove; Credit Island)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.
- C. amphibola Steud. sensu strictu Mackenzie, not Fernald.

C. grisea Wahl. var. angustifolia Boot. of Fl.? S(Low roadside bank in alluvial woods Credit Island)G. Very rare. Determination verified by F. J. Hermann. The only specimen in the original Barnes collection and pre-

sumably the one on which the report in the Fl. was based is C. grisea. Wahl. The report from Cedar Co. by Fay is based on the mis-identification of an immature specimen of C. grisea at SUI.

The notes on this and the preceding species in the Fl. must have been inadvertently transposed.

C. oligocarpa Schkuhr.

Rich moist woods; quite infrequent. S(Hickory Grove, upland woods, with C. Hitchcockiana)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.

Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal, low moist woods.)G.

C. Hitchcockiana Dewey

Rich moist woods rare to infrequent. S(Credit Island, low woods; Hickory Grove, upland woods)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)G.

- C. Meadii Dewey
  - C. tetanica Schkuhr. var. Meadii Bailey of Fl. Moist meadows to rather dry prairies; infrequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G. M(West Liberty)Shimek.
- C. copulata (Bailey)Mack.
  - C. digitalis Willd. var. copulata Bailey of Fl.
  - C. laxiculmis Schwein. var. copulata Bailey. Rich moist woods; rare.
  - S(Rich woods, Hickory Grove)G. M(Rich moist wooded slope, with C. Jamesii, at Wild Cat Den)G.

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- C. albursina Sheldon
  - C. laxiflora Lam. var. latifolia Boot. of Fl. Rich woodland slopes; infrequent. M(Wild Cat Den)Barnes; G.

C. blanda Dewey

C. laxiflora Lam, var. striatula Carev of Fl. Woods and meadows; very frequent. S(Fairview)Ross; (Allen's Grove)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.

C. gracilescens Steud.

C. laxiflora Lam. of Fl. Dry woods and thickets; rare. S(Credit Island)G. M(Dry hillside thicket, Wild Cat Den)G.

- C. laxiflora Lam. var. angustifolia Dewey Resembles C. blanda but the staminate spikes are long-peduncled. S(Roadside through low woods, Credit Island)G.
- C. typhina Michx.

C. squarrosa L. of Fl. Wet alluvial woods; infrequent. S(Low place in alluvial woods; Credit Island)G. M(Muscatine slough)Barnes.

- (C. lacustris Willd. Cedar Co.("Sandy marsh 1/2 mile south of Rochester, 1 mile east of Cedar River, August 1, 1950.")Fay, SUI.
- C. laeviconica Dewey

C. trichocarpa Muhl. var. Dewevi Bailey of Fl. Sandy or alluvial bottomlands and shores; frequent. S(Marshy ground north of McCausland)G. M(Near Saulsbury Bridge)G. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G.

- C. tricocarpa Muhl. S(In a very wet place in the sedge meadow, Duck Creek Park; Low woods at crossing of R. 61 at the Wapsipinicon River)G.
- C. comosa Boot.

C. Pseudo-Cyperus L. var. americana Hook of Fl. "Borders of ponds in the Cedar River region; infrequent."Fl. M("Swamp, Section 18, T78N, R2W, (Weiss' Slough?), June 30, 1945.") Conard & Anderson, SUI.

C. hystricina Muhl.

Bogs and wet ditches; infrequent. S(Roadside ditch east of Walcott)G. M(Hanging bog south of Pine Mill)G.

C. Gravii Carev.

Low alluvial woods, marshy shores; infrequent. S(Credit Island; Low grounds west of R. 61 at Wapsie Bridge)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross. Clinton Co.(Follets)Barnes.

C. lupulina Muhl.

Borders of ponds and rivers; infrequent. S(Credit Island; Pond shore east of Allen's Grove)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.

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- C. vesicaria L.
  - C. monile Tuckerm. of Fl. S(Noels)Barnes; (Shallow pasture pond northwest of Allen's Grove)G. M(Moscow)Barnes.

### Araceae

#### Arisaema Mart.

- A. triphylla (L.)Schoot. Jack-in-the-Pulpit. Rich moist woods; frequent. S(Devil's Glen) Whitaker. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross.
- A. Dracontium (L.)Schoot. Green Dragon. Dragon-root. Low alluvial woods; rare. S(Credit Island)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)Ross.

### Symplocarpus Salisb.

- S. foetidus (L.)Nutt. Skunk Cabbage. Hanging bogs in dense woods; infrequent. M(Hanging bog northwest of Fairport)G. structure and and and and and and a
- Acorus L. Sweet Flag. A. Calamus L. S(Creek west of Blue Grass)G.; (Devil's Glen)Melville.

#### Lemnaceae

Lemna L. Duck-weed

- L. minor L. Lesser Duck-weed. Floating on quiet water; common. S(Credit Island)G.
- L. trisulca L. Star-duckweed. M(Weiss' Slough)G.

### Spirodela Schleid.

S. polyrhiza (L.)Schleid. Greater Duckweed. Ponds; infrequent. S(Ponds at Lock 14)G.

### Wolffia Horkel. Water-meal.

- W. columbiana Karst. Floating in quiet waters; infrequent. S(Mississippi River below the Suspension Bridge at Bettendorf)G. M("Pond north of Bayfield, October, 1916.")Shimek, ISC.
- W. punctata Grieseb. W. Brasiliensis Wed. of Fl. M("Pond east of Atalissa, 1929.")Shimek, SUI.

### Xvridaceae

### Xyris L. Yellow-eyed Grass.

- X. torta Sm.
  - X. flexuosa Muhl. of Fl. M(Brasenia Pond, Section 7, Lake Township, August 9, 1952.) Thorne, SUI. (X)Barnes.

#### Commelinaceae

- Commelina L. Day-flower
  - C. communis L.
    - Dooryards, alleys; cool shaded places; frequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery; Alley at 12th & Brady Sts.)G.

C. erecta L. var. angustifolia (Michx)Fern. C. Virginica L. of Fl. On dry sand fields and sand dunes: restricted. S(Sandy roadside 1 mile east of McCausland)G. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G. Ill. RI(North of Cordova)G. (X)Barnes. The forma alba Fern, is also present on the Big Sand Mound. Tradescantia L. Spiderwort. T. bracteata Small. Prairies, roadsides; infrequent. Occasional in gardens. S(Dooryard 121 W. 16th St.)G. M(Roadside embankment, Saulsbury Bridge)G. T. obioensis Raf. Sandy fields, railroads, roadsides; frequent. S(Noels; Butler Township)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Shimek.

C. communis L. var. lucens(Miquel)Clarke

S(Escape, 128 W. 15th St.)G.

In the same habitats.

(T. virginica L. ("Railroad tracks.")Melville.

#### Pontederiaceae

Pontederia L. P. cordata L. Pickerel-weed M(Marshy pond, Section 7, Lake Township. "Pontederia Pond.")

Reppert; G.; Shimek.

Heteranthera R.& P. Mud-plantain.

### H. dubia (Jacq.) MacM.

- H. raminea Vahl. of Fl. In quiet waters or on mud-flats; infrequent. S(Sea Scout Camp west of LeClaire; Lock 14)G. M(Cedar River)Shimek.
- H. limosa (Sw.)Willd. M("Pond along Cedar River, June, 1894.")Reppert, SUI. Determined by Beal.

### Juncaceae

- Juncus L. Bog-rush.
  - J. tenuis Willd. Moist or dry soils; common along open woodland paths. S(Credit Island)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.
  - J. tenuis Willd. var. discretiformis F. J. Hermann. In sandy soils; rare. S(Credit Island; Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G.
  - J. interior Wieg. Grassy fields and dry sandy roadsides; infrequent. S(Allen's Grove; Noels; Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church) G.

- J. Dudlevi Wieg.
  - Moist or dry sandy prairies; in bogs and ditches; frequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery; Duck Creek Park; Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G.
- J. Greenei Oakes & Tuckerm. S(In rather dry sand south of the marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church, August 10, 1954.)G. Only one other collection from Iowa is known, a specimen at SUI under an erroneous name from northwestern Iowa by Shimek.
- (J. effusus L. var. solutus Fern & Wieg. Louisa Co. (Wet sandy shore of lake, Big Sand Mound)G.
- balticus Willd. J M(Wild Cat Den, no date)Savage, SUI.
- J. marginatus Rostk. S(Sandy border of the marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G.
- J. nodosus L. S(Border of shallow pasture pond, Lamp farm northeast of Walcott)G.
- J. Torreyi Coville
  - J. nodosus var. megacephalus Torr. of Fl. Moist, often sandy soils, and roadside ditches; frequent. S(Little's Grove: Buffalo: Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G.
- J. canadensis J. Gay. S(Moist sandy shore of the marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G.
- J. acuminatus Michx. Wet sandy shores; infrequent. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert. Louisa Co. (Moist sandy shore of lake, Big Sand Mound)G.
- (J. acuminatus Michx. f. sphaerocephalus F. J. Hermann. Louisa Co. (Wet sand at waters edge, in the lake at Big Sand Mound)G. See Leaflets of Western Botany 8: 12: 1956.
- Luzula DC. Wood-rush
  - L. saltuensis Fern.
    - L. acuminata Raf.
    - L. vernalis DC. of Fl.
      - M(Wild Cat Den)Barnes; (Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
  - (L. campestris (L.)DC. Reported in the Fl.; "Woodlands; infrequent."; but no specimen has been located.

### Liliaceae

(Melanthium L. Bunchflower

M. virginianum L.

Johnson Co. ("Low ground along the railroad east of Oxford, June 2, 1923.")Shimek, SUI.

Uvularia L. Bellwort.

U. grandiflora Sm. Rich wood; frequent. S(Woods north of Buffalo)G. M(Sweetland Creek)Shimek.

(U. sessilifolia L.

Oakesia sessilifolia Watson of Fl. "Cedar River region: infrequent."Fl. Cedar Co. ("Upland woods one mile north of Cedar Bluff, August 31, 1950.")Fay & Thorne, SUI.

### Allium L. Onion

A. canadense L. Wild Onion. Wild Garlic. Open woods and meadows; frequent. S(Devil's Glen; Duck Creek Park; Credit Island)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.

- A. Schoenoprasum L. Chives. Cultivated; often persistent. S(Davenport)Melville.
- A. tricoccum Ait. Wild Leek. tricoccum Ait. Wild Leek. Rich or open woods; infrequent. M(Wild Cat Den)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)Ross.
- Nothoscordum Kunth. False Garlic N. bivalve (L.)Britt. S(Credit Island)U. A. Hauber. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross; (Watch Tower)Melville.
- Hemerocallis L. Day-lily
  - H. fulva L. Common or Orange Day-lily. Roadsides and ditches; often in great colonies; frequent. S(Harbor Road)G.

### Lilium L. Lily

L. philadelphicum L. var. andinum (Nutt.)Ker. S(Prairie remnant at Pine Hill Cemetery; a single collection)G.

L. michiganense Farw. Michigan Lily. Wild Yellow Lily. L. canadense L. of Fl. Moist places in meadows and woods not infrequent. S(Swale in Pine Hill Cemetery; bog northwest of Buffalo; Credit Island, in alluvial woods)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross.

# Erythronium L. Dog-tooth Violet. Fawn Lily.

- E. albidum Nutt. White Dog-tooth Violet. Open upland and lowland woods. S(Fejervary Park; Credit. Island)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.
- (E. americanum Ker. Yellow Adder's tongue Lily. (X)Barnes. A specimen without date or locality.

### Camassia Lindl.

C. scilloides (Raf.)Cory. Wild Hyacinth. Low moist grounds; infrequent, M("Alluvial prairie southeast of Saulsbury Bridge, June 28, 1923.")Shimek, SUI; (Muscatine Co.)Reppert. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal) Ross.

Ill. Whiteside Co. (Roadside north of the pumping station)G.

Ornithogalum L. Star of Bethlehem. O. umbellatum L. Grassy roadsides; casual. S(Jamestown)G.; (Davenport)Ross. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Paarmann-Sheldon. Yucca L. Spanish Bayonet. Y. filamentosa L. M(Roadside ditch along R. M.; an escape)G. Muscari Mill. Grape hyacinth. M. botryoides (L.)Mill. In earliest spring, in garden borders. S(Cultivated, 1416 Main St.)G. all possible of the converting Asparagus L. Asparagus. A. officinale L. Garden Asparagus. Roadsides and fields; frequent; nearly always as a single plant. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G. Smilacina Desf. False Solomon's Seal. S. racemosa (L.)Desf. False Spikenard. Woods and clearings; frequent. S(Devil's Glen)Ross; (Allen's Grove)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Shimek. S. stellata (L.)Desf. Woods and clearings; infrequent. S(Credit Island)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Paarmann-Sheldon. Maianthemum Weber. M. canadense Desf. Wild Lily-of-the-Valley. M(Wild Cat Den. On a dry spur with Vaccinium, Amelanchier and Pteridium)G. Polygonatum Mill. Solomon's Seal. P. canaliculatum (Kuhl)Pursh. P. giganteum Dietr. of Fl. Moist upland and lowland woods; frequent. S(Devil's Glen; Pine Hill Cemetery; Koenig place)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G. Convallaria L. Lily-of-the-Valley. Spreading from cultivation into cool moist spots near habitations. C. maialis L. S(Established in a swale at Pine Hill Cemetery)G. Trillium L. Trillium. Wake-robin. T. recurvatum Beck. Purple Trillium. Rich woods; frequent. S(Credit Island; Allen's Grove)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross. T. Gleasoni Fern. T. erectum L. of Fl. Rich upland woods; infrequent. S(Allen's Grove; Hickory Grove)G. the shirts in the second M(Wild Cat Den)G. T. nivale Riddell. Snow Trillium. M(West Liberty, April 24, 1920.")Shimek & Pammel, ISC. Johnson Co. ("May 1, 1891.")Shimek, SUI.

Smilax L. Cat-briar. S. lasioneura Hook. S. herbacea L. of Fl. Rich woods; infrequent. S(Duck Creek Park; Credit Island)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)Ross. S. ecirrhata (Engelm.)S. Wats. Woods; infrequent. S(Hickory Grove)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G. S. hispida Muhl. Common Cat-briar S. tamnoides L. var. hispida (Muhl)Fern. Moist high or low woods and thickets; frequent. S(Credit Island; Devil's Glen; Duck Creek Park)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G. (S. rotundifolia L. Found "in the vicinity of Davenport, May 15, 1847" by Dr. C. C. Parry. There is a sheet in the Parry collection at ISC; the determination is correct but the locality is unknown to me. Dioscoreaceae Dioscorea L. Wild Yam.

D. villosa L. Woods and thickets; infrequent. M(Wild Cat Den)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross. Ill. Henry Co.(Colona)G.

### Amaryllaceae

Hypoxis L. Star-grass H. hirsuta (L.)Coville H. erecta L. of Fl. Prairies; infrequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery; Steep grassy hillside, Fejevary Park)G.

### Iridaceae

Belamcanda Adans. Blackberry Lily. B. chinensis (L.)DC. An occasional escape from gardens; long persistent along roadsides. S(Roadside in Duck Creek Park)G. M(Roadside west of Pine Mill)G. Sisyrinchium L. Blue-eved Grass. S. campestre Bickn. Common in prairie remnants and dry open grassy places. S(Roadside, Duck Creek Park; Devil's Glen; LeClaire)G. M(Roadside near Pine Mill)G.; (Muscatine Co.)Shimek. (S. angustifolium Mill. Johnson Co. ("Low woods at Turkey Creek, June 25, 1909.") Shimek, SUI. Iris L. Iris. Fleur de Lis. I. Shrevei Small. I. versicolor L. of Fl. Marshes, wet shores; wet meadows; frequent. S(Devil's Glen; McCausland marsh)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.

I. germanica L.

A common roadside escape. S(Roadside bank east of Jamestown)G.

### Orchidaceae

Cypripedium L. Lady's-slipper. Moccasin-flower.

C. pubescens Willd.

C. Calceolus L. var. pubescens(Willd.)Correl of Gray's 8th Ed.

Rich woods; rare.

S(Allen's Grove, 1952)G.; (Donahue, 1886)Ross.

Ill. RI(Chippihannock Cemetery, 1891)Melville. Recorded by Dr. Parry "in the vicinity of Davenport, May 18, 1847. His specimen at ISC bears no data.

The old names are retained until the status of this and the next species are more definitely established. To make a native American plant a variety of a European is to violate the species concept.

C. parviflora Salisb. Small Yellow Lady's Slipper

Calceolus L. var. parviflora (Salisb.)Fern of Gray's 8th Ed. S(Allen's Grove, no date)Barnes. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)Melville.

- C. candidum Muhl. White Lady's Slipper. S(Eldridge, 1892)Barnes; (Long Grove, 1887)Ross. Recorded by Dr. Parry "in the vicinity of Davenport, May 18, 1847." His specimen at ISC bears no data.
- C. reginae Walt. Showy Lady's-slipper.

C. spectabilis Swartz of Fl.

- M("Bogs and damp wooded hills; infrequent, becoming rare; June, 1879") Reppert, SUI. Recorded by Dr. Parry "in the vicinity of Davenport, June 5, 1847, as C. spectabilis. His two specimens at ISC are without data.
- Orchis L. Orchis.

O. spectabilis L.

Rich moist open woods; infrequent.

S(Allen's Grove)G.

M(Wild Cat Den)G .; (Pine Mill, 1891)Barnes.

Recorded by Dr. Parry "in the vicinity of Davenport, May 18, 1847.

H. viridis (L.)R.Br. var. bracteata (Muhl)Gray. Long-bracted Orchis. "Moist rich woodlands; infrequent."Fl.

S(Allen's Grove, 1892)Barnes.

M("Rich woods, June, 1892.")Reppert, SUI. Cedar Co. ("Woods along limestone bluff above Rock Creek, 3 miles north of Rochester, May 27, 1952.")Fay, SUI.

- H. clavellata (Michx.)Spreng. Green Woodland Orchis.
  - H. tridentata Hook. of Fl.
    - "Borders of hilly woods in damp sandy soil along the Cedar River; frequent."Fl.
      - M("Sandy woods along Cedar River, Lake Township, 1894. First collected by K. K. Mackenzie in 1893.")Reppert, SUI.

- H. flava (L.)R.Br. Pale Green Orchis.
  - H. virescens Spreng. of Fl. M("Wet grassy ground, Cedar River bottom, Saulsbury Bridge region, Lake Township; infrequent. 1894.")Reppert, SUI. Cedar Co. ("Sandy swale one mile east of Cedar River, 4 miles south of Rochester, June 28, 1952.")Fay & Thorne, SUI.

H. leucophaea (Nutt.)Gray. Fringed or Prairie Orchis. "Moist prairie near Eldridge."Fl.

The specimen has not been located. M("Alluvial flat west of Bayfield, July 11, 1908.")Shimek, ISC.

Reported "in the vicinity of Davenport" by Dr. C. C. Parry, June, 18, 1847.

(Triphora Nutt.

T. trianthophora (Sw.)Rydb. Johnson Co. ("Spring, 1889.") Mary Linder, SUI.

Calopogon R.Br. Swamp Pink.

C. pulchellus (Salisb.) R.Br. "Boggy places in Cedar River region; dry gravelly hillside at Wild Cat Den: infrequent."Fl.

- M(Wild Cat Den, June, 1891)Barnes. Recorded by Dr. Parry "in the vicinity of Davenport, June 16, 1847." (as Cymbidium pulchellum.)

Spiranthes Richard. Lady's Tresses.

S. cernua (L.)Richard. "Wet meadows and boggy places; infrequent."Fl. S(Eldridge, September 1894)Barnes; (Pine Hill Cemetery, September 14, 1948.)G.

S. gracilis (Bigel)Beck. "Dry soil, Wild Cat Den; Cedar River region; rare."Fl. S(Prairie remnant at Pine Hill Cemetery, August 30, 1948.) G.; (Sandy prairie north of marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church, September 7, 1950)G.; (Davenport, September 1888)Ross.

(Goodyera R.Br. Rattlesnake Plantain.

G. pubescens(Willd.)R.Br. "Wooded ravine at Wild Cat Den; also sparingly in the Cedar River region."Fl. No specimen from our area has been located. Johnson Co. (July 23, 1895)Shimek, SUI.

Corallorhiza Chatelain, Coral-root,

C. odontorhiza (Willd.)Nutt. Autumn Coral-root. S("Rich woods at Allen's Grove, September 14, 1892.")Barnes.

- Malaxis Sw. Adder's-mouth.
  - M. uniflora Michx. Green Adder's-mouth Microstylos opioglossoides Nutt. of Fl. M(Woods along Miller's Creek, Bloomington Township. Collected once by K. K. Mackenzie, 1892.")Reppert, SUI.
- Liparis Richard. Twayblade
  - L. lilifolia (L.)Richard. Lily-leaf Twayblade. "Moist woods; Allen's Grove; Wild Cat Den; infrequent."Fl. M(Wild Cat Den, no date)Barnes. Ill. RI(Watch Tower, June, 1890)Ross.

Habenaria Willd. Rein-orchis.

L. Loeselii (L.)Richard. Bog-or Yellow Twayblade. "Boggy places, Cedar River region; rare."Fl. M(Near spring along Cedar River, no date)Barnes. and the second se

well- URE (section and complete the

# (Aplectrum (Nutt.)Torr. Putty-root.

- A. hyemale (Muhl.)Torr.
  - Cedar Co. ("Rich upland woods, south slope, one mile south of Wapsipinicon River near Massilon, June 17, 1951.")Fay & Thorne, SUI. the start of the s

# DICOTYLEDONEAE ARCHICHLAMYDEAE

# Salicaceae

- Halix L. Willow.
  - S. nigra Marsh. Black Willow Frequent along or near streams. S(Creek north of Nahant; Credit Island)G.; (Devil's Glen)Ross.
  - S. amygdaloides Anders. Peach-leaf Willow. Low grounds along streams; frequent. S(W. Locust St. Road; Credit Island)G.
  - S. lucida Muhl. Shining Willow. S(A young sprout in a rose bush at Fejervary Park; promptly destroyed)G.
  - S. fragilis L. Crack-Willow. Once freely planted; propagates freely by rooting of dropped branchlets. Frequent in the uplands. S(Duck Creek Park; 16th St. & Bridge Ave.)G.
  - babylonica L. Weeping Willow. Occasionally planted for ornament. S. S(Credit Island)G.
  - S. alba L. White Willow. Formerly occasionally planted. S(Waverly Road; Oakdale Cemetery)G.
  - S. alba L. var. vitellina (L.)Stokes Golden Willow. Once much planted; often along boundary lines. S(R. 61 x Eldridge crossroad)G.
  - S. interior Rowlee. Sand-bar Willow. S. longifolia Muhl. of Fl. Banks of streams and sand-bars; common. S(Credit Island)G.; (Fairview)Reppert.
  - S. interior Rowlee var. pedicellata (Anders)Ball. Leaves only 3-6 mm. wide. With the last, less frequent. S(Duck Creek Park)G.
  - rigida Muhl. S. cordata Muhl of Fl. S. rigida Muhl. Frequent along wet ditches and creeks. S(Noels; Ravine, Fejervary Park; Crossroads N. of Donahue)G.
  - (S. Bebbiana Sarg. Bebb's Willow. S. rostrata Richardson "A single shrub in low ground at Eldridge." Fl.; but no specimen from our area can be located.
  - S. discolor Muhl. Pussy Willow In very wet situations, as mucky shores of marshes and in bogs; infrequent.
    - M(Lindle's Woods; Bog at Nelumbo Pond, Sec. 15, Lake Township)G.
    - Louisa Co. (Open woods, in moist sand, Big Sand Mound)G.

- S. discolor Muhl. var. latifolia Anders. Pussy Willow In the same situation as the last. Infrequent.
   S(Border of marsh at McCausland)G.
   M(Hanging bog NW. of Fairport; Wild Cat Den in the dry upper
- terrace east of Pine Creek)G. S. humilis Marsh. Prairie Willow
- S(Pine Hill Cemetery)Ross;G; (Devil's Glen)Ross.
- S. tristis Ait. Dwarf Prairie Wllow.
  - S. humils Marsh var. microphylla (Anders)Fern. S(With the last on the prairie remnant at Pine Hill Cemetery)G.
    - Like it, but smaller in all parts; the relationship is obscure.
- S. gracilis Anders.
  - S. petiolaris Smith of Fl.
     "Low wet grounds; frequent." Fl. The only specimens located are: S("Eldridge. Iowa," no date or name; determined by C. R. Ball) ISC.
    - M("Muscatine, Iowa, Aug. 5, 1927.")Pammel & Porter, ISC.
- S. capraea L. Goat Willow Occasionally planted for ornament; often confused with S. discolor. S(Davenport)G.
- S. purpurea L. Basket or Purple Willow.
   Planted and used by the pioneers for basket-making.
   M("Banks of Mud Creek near Muscatine, April 10, 1892.") Reppert, SUI.
- Populus L. Poplar. Aspen.
  - P. tremuloides Michx. Quaking Aspen. Borders of woods and clearings; occasional. S(Duck Creek Park)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross.
  - P. grandidentata Nichx. Large-tooth Aspen. Borders of woods; occasional. S(Devil's Glen)Ross;G. M(Wild Cat Den)Barnes;G.
  - P. alba L. White Poplar. Formerly planted; escapes and persists by suckers. S(Credit Island)G; (Vanderveer Park)Paarmann-Sheldon.
  - P. alba L. var. pyramidalis Bge.
     P. Bolleana Lauche.
     Not infrequently used for accents or screens in landscape planting. S(St. Ambrose College)G.
  - P. deltoides Marsh. Cottonwood.
     P. monilifera Ait. of Fl.
     River-banks and bottomlands; frequent.
     S(Davenport)G.
     Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Paarmann-Sheldon.
  - P. nigra L. var. italica Muench. Lombardy Poplar In landscape planting for accents. S(12 & Division Sts.)G.
  - P. balsamifera L. Balsam Poplar. Tacamahac S(Formerly a row of trees along the W. wall of the Children's Zoo at Fejervary Park; now destroyed)G.

- P. candicans Ait. Balm of Gilead.
  - P. gileadensis Roulee of Gray's 8th ed.

Formerly often planted and now persistent on old homestead sites. Some vigorous young trees grow by the roadside in Sec. 16 Montpelier Township, Muscatine county.

M(N. side of the hill road one mile E. of Wild Cat Den)G.

### Juglandaceae

- Juglans L. Walnut. Butternut.
  - J. cinerea L. Butternut.
    - Infrequent. Mostly on wooded slopes along streams. Occasionally planted.
      - S(Lau Farm; planted)Paarmann-Sheldon; (South of garage, 131 W. 15th St.)G.
      - M("Densely wooded slope of dune, NE. of pond, 8 miles NW. of Muscatine Aug. 18, 1920.")Shimek, SUI.
  - J. nigra L. Walnut. Infrequent in uplands and low woods; once freely planted in fencerows along roadsides. S(Credit Island, near its east end)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.
  - J. cathayensis Dode. Chinese Walnut.
    - S(A single tree in cultivation at the Lau Farm)G.
- Carya Nutt. Hickory
  - C. illinoensis (Wang.)K. Koch. Pecan
     C. olivaeformis Nutt. of Fl.
     In rich alluvial woods, Muscatine Island.
     S(Lau Farm, cultivated)G.; (Near Wyoming Hill)Reppert.
     M(Muscatine Island)G.
  - C. cordiformis (Wang)K. Koch. Pig-nut. Bitternut C. amara Nutt. of Fl. Prefers moist soil, but is also found on dry slopes and uplands. S(Fejervary Park)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.
  - C. ovata (Mill)K. Koch. Shell-or Shag-bark.
     C. alba Nutt. of Fl. Moist or dry woods and slopes; occurs on both uplands and bottomlands. Frequent. S(Clifton Hill)Paarmann-Sheldon M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
  - C. laciniosa (Michx)Loud. Big Shellbark. "Along Sweetland Creek; infrequent." Fl. S(Lau Farm, cultivated)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
  - C. tomentosa Nutt. Mockernut Infrequent. Mostly in uplands, moist or dry woods. S(Fejervary Park)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.

Corylus L. Hazel-nut.

C. americana Walt. American Hazel-nut. Upland woods and thickets; frequent. S(Allens Grove; Devil's Glen)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.

Corvlaceae

Ostrya Scop. Hop-hornbeam.

- O. virginiana (Mill)K. Koch var. lasia Fern. Usually as single trees; upland woods; often on creek banks; infrequent.
  - S(Devil's Glenn; Allen's Grove)G. M(Wild Cat Den; Fairview)G.
- Carpinus L. Hornbeam. Ironwood.
  - C. caroliniana Walt.
    - M(Rich moist wooded slopes at Wild Cat Den)G. Apparently the only station in the area.
- Betula L. Birch.
  - B. lenta L. Sweet or Black Birch. S(A planted tree at 250 E. Locust St.)G.
    - B. nigra L. River Birch B. lutea Michx. of Fl. River-banks and pond-shores; frequent and abundant locally. S(Credit Island)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Shimek.
    - B. populifolia Marsh. White or Gray Birch. Occosionally planted in our area but short-lived. S(Fejervary Park)G.
- Alnus Ehrh. Alder.
- A. glutinosa (L.)Gaertn. Black Alder. Occasionally planted. Thriving stands at Duck Creek Park. S(Duck Creek Park; Fejervary Park)G.

### Fagaceae

- Fagus L. Beech.
  - F. grandifolia Ehrh. American Beech. Rarely planted. A fine large tree west of the clubhouse at Duck Creek Park; also at the Lau Farm. S(Lau Farm)G.
  - F. sylvestris L. var. atropurpure Ait. Purple or Copper Beech. S(Cultivated, Vanderveer Park.)G.

### Castenea Mill Chestnut.

- C. dentata (Marsh)Borkh. Occasional; our trees are probably all planted. S(121 S. Pine St.; Lau Farm)G. an advantage of the property and the
- Quercus L. Oak
  - Q. alba L. White Oak. Upland woods; frequent. Absent from the bottomlands. S(Davenport; Lau Farm)G. M(Bluff W. of Muscatine)G.
  - macrocarpa Michx. Bur Oak. Uplands, slopes and bottomlands. Frequent. S(Credit Island; Lau Farm)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
- X Q. Bebbiana Schneid.
  - A natural hybrid between the last two.
    - S(Fejervary Park)G. This tree has the smooth white bark and habit of Q. alba; leaves very variable and resembling those of neither parent; cup without mossy fringe but the acorn shaped like that of Q. macrocarpa.
- Q. bicolor Willd. Swamp White Oak. Frequent in alluvial woods. Seems to do well when transplanted to upland sites. S(Credit Island; Vanderveer Park)G. Q. Muhlenbergii Englem. Chestnut or Yellow Oak. In woods on dry hillsides. Rare in Scott county; infrequent on wooded slopes in Township Seventy-six in Muscatine county. S(Spencer Creek)Paarmann-Sheldon; (Hillside W. of Fejervary Park)G. M(Upland wooded slope, Township Seventy-six)G. III. RI(Sparsely wooded bluff, Watch Tower)G. The trees mentioned in the Fl. are still surviving. They are situated west of the tracks opposite the ravine in Fejevary Park. The largest has attained a diameter of 171/2 inches at breast height. Q. Prinus L. Chestnut Oak. Only in cultivation. S(Vanderveer Park; Lau Farm)G. Q. rubra L. Red Oak. In upland woods and north-facing hillsides; less frequent in low woods. S(1225 Perry St.)G. M("Cedar bottoms")Reppert. Ill. RI(Near Illinois City)G. Possible the tree on Perry St. should be referred to the var. borealis (Michx. f.)Farw. Q. palustris Muench. Pin-oak. Q. palustris Du Roi of the Fl. Moist or wet alluvial woods; frequent. Also thrives as a planted tree on the uplands. S(High School Yard; Lau Farm)G. M(River bank near Montpelier)Barnes. (Q. ellipsoidalis E. J. Hill. Northern Pin Oak. "One tree near Big Rock." Fl. Our specimens are without data. Q. velutina Lam. Black Oak. Q. coccinea Wang. var. tinctoria Gray of Fl. Frequent; found on both uplands and bottomlands; prefers sandy S(14th & Scott Sts.)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert. palaeolithicola Trel. Q. ellipsoidalis X Q. velutina S(Yard north of the High School)G. A large tree with the bark and habit of Q. velutina, but with fruit the size and shape of that of Q. ellipsoidalis. Determined as Q. palaeolithicola by the Arnold Arboretum, but by E. J. Palmer referred to Q. velutina. Q. imbricaria Michx. Shingle Oak. "Several trees on Credit Island; also Cedar Township"Fl. S(Credit Island)G; Barnes; Paarmann-Sheldon. None of these trees remain on Credit Island; the one which stood along the road south of the comfort station was inadvertently destroyed; one other, south of the lower end of the pond has been crippled by lightning, and is now dead. Q. laurifolia Michx. Laurel Oak S(A planted tree at the Lau Farm)G.

### Ulmaceae

Ulmus L. Elm

- U. rubra Muhl. Red or Slippery Elm
  - U. fulva Michx. of Fl.
    - Upland woods; not infrequent. Probably mostly overlooked. S(Allen's Grove; N.W. of Mt. Nebo Cemetery)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.
- U. procera Salisb. English Elm.

A row of large trees along the south side of Locust St. between Ripley and Scott Sts. Introduced. The leaves appear two or three weeks later and remain green much longer than with the American elm.

S(Locust St. between Ripley and Scott Sts.)G.

- U. glabra Huds. English or Wych Elm. Also introduced. S(Several trees west of "Monkey Island" in Fejervary Park)G.
- U. americana L. American or White Elm

Frequent in upland and low woods. Frequently planted.

S(15th & Brady Sts. cultivated); Lau Farm cultivated); Le-Claire)G.

The historic tree at LeClaire, known as the "Cody Elm" or "The Green Tree Inn" and registered in the Library of Congress is often referred to in the litrature as a rock elm, which it is not.

- U. pumila L. Siberian Elm. Commonly called the Chinese Elm This toy elm is in undeserved favor for planting. S(1148 W. 14th St.; Blue Grass)G.
- Celtis L. Hackberry.
  - C. occidentalis L.

Woods and riverbanks; infrequent. S(Credit Island)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross.

#### Moraceae

#### Morus L. Mulberry.

M. rubra L. Red Mulberry. Rare.

> S(Planted tree at the Lau Farm)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal, in a clearing in low woods)G.

M. tatarica L.

M. alba L. var. tatarica Loud

M. rubra L. of many authors.

Ripe fruit purple. Found almost everywhere, the seeds being spread by the birds who are fond of the fruit. Leaves entire to deeply lobed. An aggressive weedy tree.

S(Duck Creek Park; Credit Island; Waverly Road)G.

M. alba L. sensu strictu. White Mulberry

Fruit alabaster white.

S(Planted tree in front of the Museum Building)G.

Maclura Nutt. Osage orange
 M. pomifera (Raf.)Shneid.
 M. aurantiaca Nutt. of Fl.
 Formerly much planted for hedges now decrepit; occasionally seen as a thriving single self-sown tree.
 S(Scott Co.)Barnes.
 M(Wild Cat Den)G.

### Cannabinaceae

Cannabis L. Hemp. Marijuana C. sativa L. A tall weed along roadsides, in ditches and along railroad tracks; frequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G. M(Low sandy roadside near Tice Bridge)G.

Humulus L. Hops

- H. americanus Nutt.
   H. Lupulus L. of Fl.
   Infrequent; roadsides and waste places near dwellings.
   S(Utica Ridge Road)G.
   Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross; Paarmann-Sheldon.
- H. japonicus Sieb. Japanese Hops. S(Near the railroad tracks at Schmidt's Crossing)G.

#### Urticaceae .

Urtica L. Nettle U. procera Muhl. U. gracilis Ait. of Fl. Moist ground; thickets, low woods and moist roadside ditches; frequent. S(Waverly Road; Duck Creek Park)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.

Laportea Gaud. Wood-nettle.

L. canadensis (L.)Wedd. Rich moist low woods; frequent. S(Devil's Glen)G.

- Pilea Lindl. Clear-weed
  - P. pumila (L.)Grey Moist woods; especially low alluvial; frequent. S(Duck Creek Park; Credit Island)G.

Boehmeria Jacq. False Nettle

- B. cyclindrica (L.)Sw. Moist places in low woods; occasionally in moist sandy places in in the open; infrequent. S(Credit Island; Lock 14)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.
- B. Drummondiana Wedd. M(Boggy margin of Nelumbo Pond, Sec. 15, Lake Township)G.

Parietaria L. Pellitory

 P. pensylvanica Muhl.
 In diverse habitats; infrequent. S(Rockwall, Devil's Glen; Roadside ditch)G.

#### Santalaceae

Comandra Nutt. Bastard Toad-flax

- C. Richardsiana Fern.
  - C. umbellata Nutt. of Fl. Frequent on dry prairies, banks, and open wooded crests. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.

### Aristolochiaceae

Asarum L. Wild Ginger.

A. canadense L. Moist rich woods; infrequent. S(Davenport)Ross. M(Wild Cat Den)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)Ross.

- A. canadense L. var. acuminatum Ashe. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
- Aristolochia L. Birth-wort.
  - A. durior Fill. Dutchman's Pipe-vine. S(Cultivated; Trellis at 1325 Brady St.)G.
  - A. Serpentaria L. Virginia Snake-root "Wyoming Hill; Township Seventy-six; rare." Fl. M("Rich woods; infrequent; near Wyoming Hill and Township Seventy-six Aug. 14, 1894.")Reppert, SUI.

### Polygonaceae

Rumex L. Dock

- R. verticillata L. Swamp Dock.
  - Most often in shallow standing water, or on muddy margins of ponds; infrequent.
    - S(Noels)Barnes; Pond, Credit Island; Ditch north of Allen's Grove)G.

R. mexicanus Meisn.

- R. triangularis (Danser)Rech.
- In dry places in the open, mostly waste; infrequent. S(Lock 14; Abandoned city dump at 11th & Vine Sts.; Pine Hill Cemetery)G.
- R. altissimus Wood. Pale Dock

Not infrequent in moist soils along rivers; moist places along roadsides; also in rather dry waste places; frequent.

- S(Sandy soil at the marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church; Sandy roadside, Wapsie bottoms)G.
  - M(Wet ground near Saulsbury Bridge)G.; Shimek.
- R. Patientia L. Patience Dock. Grown by the old settlers for table greens. Collected only once. S(Roadside ditch near an old habitation, Chapel Hill Road)G.
- R. crispus L. Curly Dock. Moist to dry waste places; frequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery; Duck Creek Park)G.

R. orbiculatus Gray. Great Water Dock. R. Brittanica L. of Fl. Bogs, sloughs, wet pond-shores; very infrequent. S(Slough near Cemetery, Blue Grass)Barnes. M(Bog at margin of Nelumbo Pond, Sec. 15, Lake Township)G. (R. fueginus Phil. Golden Dock R. maritimus L. var. fueginus (Phil.)Dusen. Ill. Whiteside Co.(Dry mud-flat on border of marsh south of Thomson)G. R. obtusifolius L. Bitter Dock. Blunt-leaf Dock Moist shaded places; infrequent. S(Wet shady ravine bottom at Fejervary Park)G. Abundant here. M("Oak Hill")Barnes. R. Acetosella L. Sheep-sorrel Dry sterile or worn-out soils; frequent. S(Davenport)Ross; (Pine Hill Cemetery)G. M(Muscatine Island)G. Polygonum L. Knot-weed Smart-weed P. ramosissimum Michx. Bushy Knot-weed Dry sandy soils; not infrequent. S(Nahant; Noels)G. M(Near Tice Bridge)G. P. erectum L. Roadsides, waste places; infrequent. S(Davenport)Ross; (Blue Grass)Barnes M(Roadside at Weiss' Slough)G. P. buxiforme Small Roadsides, waste places; quite infrequent. S(Schmidt's Road, at turn to the west)G. P. neglectum Besser. Roadsides, waste places; common in lawns and dooryards. S(Schmidt's Road)G. P. aviculare L. Common Knot-weed Lawns, waste places, dooryards; frequent. S(Davenport)Ross; G; (126 W. 15th St.)G. P. monspeliense Thibaud P. aviculare L. var. vegetum Lebed.? M(Roadside embankment near Salisburg Bridge)G. P. tenue Michx. Dry sandy open places; quite infrequent. M(Muscatine Co.)Shimek; Reppert; (Moscow)Barnes. Ill. RI(Sandy roadside north of Cordova)G. P. amphibium L. Water Smart-weed P. Hartwrightii Gray of Fl. "In water and mud, ponds along the Mississippi, Cedar, and Wap-sipinicon Rivers; infrequent" Fl.

forms.

var. stipulaceum (Coleman) Fern. Several terrestrial and aquatic

forma hirsutosum (Farw.) Fern. (X)Barnes. forma simile Fern. M(Islands opposite Montpelier)Barnes. forma fluitans (Eat) Fern. P. natans (Michx.) Eat (X)Barnes.

P. coccineum Muhl. var. pratincola (Greene) Stanford. Water Smart-weed

- P. Muhlenbergii Wats. of Fl. Shores of marshes and ponds; low grounds; not infrequent. S(North of Allen's Grove; Credit Island)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
- P. longistylum Small S(Sandy south shore of Credit Island)G.

P. pensylvanicum L. var. laevigatum Fern. Pinkweed.

- Frequent in cornfields and low moist waste places. S(Davenport)Ross; (West Davenport)Barnes. Ill. RI(Wet river floodplain, Watch Tower)G.
- P. lapathifolium L.
  - P. lapathifolium L. var. incarnatum Watson of Fl. Damp grounds near ponds and streams, often sandy; infrequent. S(Waverly Road)G.; (West Davenport)Barnes. W(Fairport)G.
- P. orientale L. Prince's Feather
- Once occasional in gardens; now rare as an escape. S(Freshly graded vacant lot at Locust & Main Sts.) G. M("Waste grounds; common. Aug. 1891.")Reppert, SUI. Ill. RI(East Moline along the river; an escape.)Morrissey.
- P. Hydropiper L. Water-pepper. Common Smartweed. Low wet grounds; frequent. S(Allen's Grove; Creek north of Nahant)G.
- P. caespitosum Blume var. longisetum (DeBruyn) Stewart. Of comparatively recent introduction; apparently not yet reported. S(Abundant in low places on Credit Island; occasional in drier places, as about the Museum and Immaculate Conception buildings)G.
- P. Persicaria L. Lady's Thumb Waste places; frequent. S(Davenport)Barnes; Ross; (north of Allen's Grove)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.
- P. punctatum Ell. Water Smartweed.
  - P. acre HBK. of Fl. Wet places; swales, pond shores etc.; frequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery; Credit Island; North of Allen's Grove)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.
- (P. robustum (Small) Fern. Clinton Co. (A single collection north of Stevens' Bridge)G.
- P. hydropiperoides Michx. Mild Water Pepper. In very wet places on shores, and in shallow water; infrequent. S(Nahant; North of Allen's Grove)G. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G.

- P. sagittatum L. Tear-thumb. Low moist grounds: infrequent. S(Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G. M(Wild Cat Den, creek south of road)G.
- P. Convolvulos L. Black Bind-weed Frequent in waste places and cultivated fields. S(Davenport)Ross; (Blue Grass)Barnes; (4th & Pershing Sts.)G.
- P. scandens L. Climbing False Buck-wheat.
  - P. dumetorum L. var. scandens Gray of Fl. Frequent on roadside bushes and embankments. S(Allen's Grove; Princeton)G. M(Embankment at Saulsbury Bridge)G.
- P. dumetorum L.
  - P. cristatum Engelm. & Gray Same situations as the last; less frequent. S(Noel's)G.; (Blue Grass)Barnes. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
- P. Auberti L. An ornamental vine with wide winged fruits, occasional in gardens. S(124 W. 14th St.)G.
- P. cuspidatum Sieb. & Zucch. Japanese Knot-week Occasionally planted and escaped; persistent. S(Davenport)G. M(Wilton)Barnes.
- P. cuspidatum Sieb. & Zucch. var. compactum Hook. S(Planted bushes at 11th & LeClaire Sts., Davenport)G.

Fagopyrum Mill. Buck-wheat.

F. esculentum Moench. Rarely cultivated in this region; occasionally escapes. M("Sandy alluvial flat east of Fruitland, August 1915")Shimek. Ill. RI(A cultivated field at Andalusia)G.

(Polygonella Michx. Joint-weed P. articulata (L.) Meisn. Only on sand dunes and sand fields. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G. Ill. Whiteside Co.(Dunes south of Thomson)G.

### Chenopodiaceae

- Cycloloma Mog. Winged Pigweed
  - C. atriplicifolia (Spreng.) Coult. Winged Pigweed. Tumbleweed C. platyphylla Mog of Fl.
    - Dry sandy soils, infrequent; restricted. Often abundant on dune lands.
      - M(Muscatine Co.)G.
      - Ill. RI(Kahlke's Boatyard)G.

Kochia Roth

K. scoparia (L.)Schrad.

A frequent weed in waste dry places. S(5th & Harrison Sts.; Schmidt's Crossing)G. The culivated var. culta (K. trichophylla Stapf.), the Summer Cypress, is used for borders of lawns.

### Chenopodium L. Goose-foot

- C. murale L. Nettle-leaf Goose-foot An infrequent weed in alleys. S(Alley at 120 W. 14th St., Davenport)G. M("Islands opposite Montpelier.")Barnes.
- C. urbicum L. City Goose-foot Frequent in alleys and waste places in the city and along country roadsides. S(W. Davenport)Barnes; (14th & Harrison Sts.)G.
- C. hybridum L. Maple-leaf Goose-foot
  - C. gigantospermum Aellen.
  - In disturbed grounds; seems promptly to die out. S(Fresh roadside ditch, Allen's Grove; New fill at 14th & Har
    - rison Sts.)G.; (Blue Grass)Barnes.
- C. leptophyllum Nutt. Narrow-leaf Goose-foot
  - C. pratericola Rydb. Only in dry sandy soils. S(Sandy field at marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church; Noel's)G. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G.
- C. Boscianum Moq.'
- C. Standleyanum Aellen.
  - Borders and clearings in dry or moist soils; seems to prefer some shade; infrequent.

S(Pine Hill Cemetery; Duck Creek Park)G.; (Blue Grass)Barnes. M(Moscow)Barnes.

- C. album L. Pigweed. Lamb's Quarters
  - A frequent weed in waste and cultivated grounds. S(Credit Island; Allen's Grove)G.; (Stockton)Barnes. M(Fairport)G.
- C. album L. forma lanceolatum (Michx.) Aellen.
  - C. lanceolatum Michx. Quite infrequent; in similar situations. S(Allen's Grove)G. M(Weiss' Slough; Levee, Lake Township)G.
- C. Botrys L. Jerusalem Oak. M("Banks of Cedar River at Moscow)Barnes.; (Muscatine, Iowa, August, 1878")Reppert, SUI.
- ambrosioides L. C. "Waste places near habitations in Davenport and Muscatine." Fl. M(Muscatine Co. August, 1894)Reppert, SUI.
- C. glaucum L. Oak-leaf Goose-foot "Waste grounds of Davenport and Muscatine." Fl. M(Muscatine 1890," (no other data)Reppert, SUI.

- (C. capitatum (L.) Aschers. Strawberry Blite. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Melville.
- C. Bushianum Aellen. M(Sandy roadside to Weiss' Slough)G.
- C. Berlandieri Mog. Frequently not separated from C. album. Waste places along roadsides and railroad right of ways; frequent. S(Donahue Road just off R. 150)G. M(Hilltop overlooking Nelumbo Pond, Section 15, Lake Township; Railroad right of way west of Durant)G.

### Atriplex L. Orache.

- A. patula L.
  - A. patula L. var. hastatula Gray of Fl.
  - In lean soils in alleys and waste grounds; infrequent. S(Abandoned city dump, 10th & Vine Sts.; Waste corner, 15th & Harrison Sts.)G.
- (A. patula L. var. hastata (L.)Grav. (X)Barnes.
- A. hortensis L. Orache. Formerly cultivated as a potherb by the old settlers. S("Near BCR & N tracks along a marsh in W. Davenport, 1896") Barnes.

### Salsola L.

- S. Kali L. var. tenuifolia Tausch. Russian Thistle S. Kali L. var. tragus DC. of Fl. "Railroad tracks at Davenport and Muscatine." Fl. M("Along the railroad, Muscatine, Iowa. August, 1895.")Rep-pert, SUI. M("Muscatine, garden.")Collector not known. (X)Barnes. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G. This may be the species, not the variety.
  - Ill. RI(Roadside east of Cordova)G.

### Amaranthaceae

- Amaranthus L. Amaranth
  - A. cruentus L. Purple Amaranth Occasionally in gardens. S(14th & Harrison Sts. in Davenport)G.
  - A. caudatus L. Also in gardens. S(910 Perry St. in Davenport)G.
  - A. retroflexus L. Pigweed. Green Amaranth. Waste and cultivated grounds; frequent. S(Schmidt's Crossing)G.; (Blue Grass)Barnes. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
  - A. hybridus L. Pigweed. A. chlorostachys. L. and A. hypochondiacus L. of Fl. S(Schmidt's Crossing; 220 W. 14th St.)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Barnes.

- A. albus L. Tumble-weed Sandy fields, roadsides and waste places; frequent. S(Roadside north of Allen's Grove; Noel's; Chapel Hill Road)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
- A. graecizans L. Prostrate Amaranth.
  - A. blitoides S. Wats. of Fl.
     Waste places and cultivated grounds; frequent.
     S(6th & Harrison Sts.)G.
- (A. spinosus L. Thorny Amaranth. Apparently collected by Barnes in our area, but without data, and no supporting specimen has been found.
- A. Torrevi (Gray)Benth.
  - A. arenicola L. M. Johnson. "Railroad tracks from Fruitland to Fairport; frequent." Fl. M(Fruitland)Barnes.
- Acnida L. Water Hemp.
  - A. altissima Riddell.
     A. tuberculosa Moq. of Fl.
     Frequent in low grounds along rivers.
     S(Marsh north of Allen's Grove; Credit Island; Lock 14)G.
     M(Muscatine Co.)G.
  - (A. subnuda (Wats.) Standl. Ill. Whiteside Co.(Dried out muddy shore of marsh at Thomson)G.
  - A. tamariscina (Nutt.)Wood. S("Milwaukee tracks, E. Davenport, 1892.")Barnes.

#### Froelichia Moench. Cotton-weed.

- F. gracilis (Hook) Moq.
  - F. Floridana Moq. of Fl. Dry sand, restricted to sand fields and dunes. S(Lock 14)G. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G.
- (F. floridana (Nutt.) Moq. var. campestre (Small) Fern.

F. Floridana Moq. of Fl.
Dry sandy soil; restricted.
Ill. RI(Sand fields north of Cordova)G.
Ill. Whiteside Co.(Sands and dunes at Lock 13)G.

### Nyclaginaceae

Mirablis L. Four O'clock. M. nyctaginea (Michx.)MacM. Oxybaphus nyctagineus Sweet of Fl. Frequent along railroads; occasional along roadsides. S(Davenport)Ross; G. M(Roadside Route M)G.

M. hirsuta (Pursh.)MacM. A railroad migrant from the Northwest. S("Rock Island tracks west of Davenport, July 1, 1915.")Hauber.

### **Phytolaccaceae**

Phytolacca L. Poke-weed

 P. americana L.
 P. decandra L. of Fl. Occasional in odd places in the city; and in moist rich silty or sandy grounds of islands or riverbanks. S(Lock 14; Spontaneous at 320 E. 14th St.)G. Louisa Co.(Moist sandy ground on river shore, Big Sand Mound)G.

Mollugo L.

M. verticillata L. Carpet-weed. Sand fields and dunes; occasional in waste places. S(Nahant; Credit Island; Noel's)G. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G.

#### Portulacaceae

Aizoaceae

Portulaca L.

- P. oleracea L. Common Purslane An occasional weed in waste places or cultivated ground. S(Play-ground, Harrison and Locust Sts.)G.
- P. grandiflora Hool. Rose Moss. In flower gardens; occasional as a waif. S(11th & Brady; cultivated)G.
- Claytonia L. Spring Beauty.

C. virginica L. Rich moist upland and alluvial woods; frequent. M(Wild Cat Den)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross.

#### Caryophyllaceae

Paronychia Mill. Whitlow-wort. P. canadensis (L.)Wood. Anychia canadensis (L.)BSP. Anychia capillacea DC. of Fl. Infrequent; in dry sandy woods. M(Wild Cat Den)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Shimek.

 P. fastigiata (Raf.) Fern. Forked Chickweed Anychia polygoniodes Raf.
 Anychia dichotoma Michx. of Fl. and 6th Ed. of Gray. In lean or sandy soils; infrequent.
 S(Noel's; Blue Grass)Barnes. M(Levee, Section 15, Lake Township)G.

Arenaria L. Sand-wort.

A. lateriflora L.
 Open woods; infrequent.
 S(Allen's Grove; Oakdale)G.
 Ill. RI(Watch Tower)Ross; (Rock Island Arsenal)Melville

Stellaria L. Chickweed.

S. media (L.)Cyrillo. Common Chickweed Frequent in shaded lawns and damp waste places. S(Davenport)Ross; (Boulevard at St. Ambrose College)G.

- S. graminea L. Stitchwort.
  - In lawns and grassy places; infrequent. S(Damp shady grassy slope north of Mt. Nebo Cemetery: Terrace, corner of Lombard and Brady Sts.)G. Ill. RI(Meadow, Rock Island Arsenal)G.
- S. longifolia Muhl. Long-leaf Stitchwort
  - S(Roadside pond margin at crossing of R. 61 and the Wapsipinicon River)G. M("Low places, Wild Cat Den, May 31, 1924.")Shimek, SUI.

Cerastium L. Mouse-ear Chickweed.

- C. nutans Raf. Nodding Mouse-ear Chickweed. Moist grounds; grassy fields, and moist waste places; infrequent. S(Waste place, Waverly Road; Lock 14)G.; (Davenport)Ross. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)Ross. (X)Barnes.
- C. vulgatum L. Common Mouse-ear Chickweed. Lawns, fields and waste places: frequent. S(Credit Island; Lock 14; lawn, 131 W. 15th St.)G.
- C. viscosum L.
  - Dry open sandy places; sandy roadsides; infrequent and restricted. S(Wapsie: Noel's)Barnes. M(Saulsbury Bridge)G. Ill. RI(Sandy roadside, Section 22, Cordova Township)G.

Agrostemma L. Corn-cockle.

- A. Githago L. Purple Corn-cockle. "Corn fields and railroad tracks; frequent." Fl. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)Ross; (Scott Co., without precise locality) Melville.
- Lychnis L. Campion
  - L. alba Mill. White or Evening Campion Roadsides; infrequent. Often confused with Silene noctiflora. S(Roadside north of Long Grove; Corner of Harrison St. road and Kimberly Road)G.
  - (L. chalcedonica L. Scarlet Lychnis. Maltese Cross Flower gardens: an occasional escape. (X)Paarmann-Sheldon.
  - L. viscosa L. German Catch-fly S(From Naomi Melville's garden)Melville.
- Silene L. Catch-fly. Campion S. Cucubalis Wibel. Bladder Campion
  - Roadsides; rare. S(Schmidt's Road, south of the railroad tracks)G.
  - S. nivea (Nutt.)Otth. Snowy Campion. "Wild Cat Den. Railroad tracks near Montpelier." Fl. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)Ross. M("Railroad tracks," (at Montpelier?)Barnes; (Wild Cat Den near the bridge at the rear entrance)G.

- S. stellata (L.)Ait. var. scabrella(Nieuw.)Palmer & Stevermark All our plants have crisp-puberulent leaves and stem. Hilly open woods, meadows; infrequent. S(Devil's Glen)Ross; G.; (Credit Island)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Fitzpatrick. III. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Paarmann-Sheldon.
- S. antirrhina L. Sleepy Catch-fly. Prefers dry or sandy soils. Frequent as a weed in waste places. roadsides, and railroad tracks. S(Sandy roadside, Butler Township: Waste place at 15th and Harrison Sts.)G. III. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Melville.
- S. antirrhina L. var. divaricata Robinson. Inflorescence divaricate, pedicels filiform, capsules smaller. S(Devil's Glen)Ross. M(Prairie opening on crest of wooded spur, Wild Cat Den)G.
- S. noctiflora L. Night-flowering Catch-fly. An infrequent weed in waste places. S(Allen's Grove: Alley back of 1404 Brady St.)G.

#### Saponaria L.

- S. officinalis L. Bouncing Bet. Occasional clumps along roadsides. S(Abandoned dump at 11th & Vine Sts.)G.: (Davenport)Ross.
- (S. Vaccaria L. Cow-cockle. "Railroad tracks: Davenport, Blue Grass." Fl. (X)Barnes. No specimen with adequate data from our area has been seen.
- Gypsophila L. Baby's Breath. Gypophila paniculata L. Occasionally cultivated in flower gardens and rarely escaped. S(Cultivated Vanderveer Park)G.
- Dianthus L. Pink Carnation
  - D. armeria L. Deptford Pink. Lawns and terraces; infrequent. S(Terrace 124 E. 13th St.; Terrace 224 W. 13th Sts.; Grassy opening in woods, Dr. Shorey's Place west of Valley City)G.
  - D. barbatus L. Sweet William An old-fashioned garden flower. S(From Naomi Melville's garden)Melville.
  - D. plumarius L. Grass or Garden Pink. S(Another old fashioned favorite from Naomi Melville's garden) Melville.

### Ceratophyllaceae

- Ceratophyllum L.
  - C. demersum L. Coon-tail. Hornwort In quiet water of ponds and streams; frequent. S(Sea Scout Camp west of LeClaire)G. M(Moscow)Barnes.

### Nymphaceae

### Nuphar Sm.

N. advena (Ait)Ait.f. Yellow Pond lily. Spatter dock. M(Ox-bow pond, Weiss' Slough)G.

- Nymphaea L. Water Lily
  - N. tuberosa Paine. Tuber-bearing Water, Lily N. reniformis DC. of Fl.
    - M(With the preceding in the pond at Weiss' Slough)G.

Nelumbo Adans. Lotus

N. lutea (Willd.)Pers. Occasional in ponds and quiet backwaters. S(Noel's; Credit Island)Ross. M("Nelumbo Pond" Section 15, Lake Township)G.

Brasenia Schreb. Water-shield

B. Schreberi Gmel. Purple Water-shield

B. peltata Bursh.

- In our region known only from the "Brasenia Pond" a shallow upland intermittent pond situated in the northwest 1/4 of Section 7, Lake Township in Muscatine County.
- M("Shallow pond in fixed dune, northwest ¼ Section 7, Lake Township, August 9, 1952.")Thorne, SUI; also Shimek, June 16, 1920. SUI.

#### Ranunculaceae

Ranunculus L. Buttercup. Crow-foot

- R. trichophyllus Chaix. White Water Crow-foot R. aquatilis L. var. trichophyllus Gray of Fl. and in herb. "Ponds; Noels, Muscatine Slough." Fl. S(Noels) Barnes.
- (R. longirostris Goodr. White Water-cup (incl. R. subrigidus W. B. Drew) R. circinatus Sibth. of Fl.
  - The report of R. circinatus in the Fl. "Ponds near Muscatine; rare. (Fitzpatrick.)" apparently rests on the authority of Fitzpatrick. No specimen from Muscatine county has been located and the Fitzpatrick Herbarium was inadvertently destroyed.
- R. flabellaris Raf. Yellow Water Crow-foot.
  - R. delphinifolius Torr.
  - R. multifidus Pursh of Fl.
  - "Shallow ponds along Cedar and Wapsipinicon Rivers, Muscatine Island; Eldridge; frequent."Fl.
    - S(Noel's)Barnes; (Shallow roadside pond at the crossing of R. 61 and the Wapsipinicon River)G.; ("Creek.")Melville. M(Pond east of Cedar River Bridge)Shimek.
- R. flabellaris Raf. var. riparius Fern.
  - R. multifidus Pursh of Fl. in part.
  - R. delphinifolius Torr. var. terrestris Farw. S(Noel's)Barnes. M(Muddy pond-shore near Tice Bridge, Cedar River)G.

- R. scleratus L. Cursed Buttercup. Muddy shore-flats and ditches; infrequent. S(Muddy river flat, Sea Scout Camp west of LeClaire)G. III. RI(Muddy river shore, Watch Tower)G.
- R. abortivus L. Small flowered Buttercup. Frequent; damp alluvial woods and floodplains; less frequent in upland woods. S(Credit Island)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.
- R. recurvatus Poir. Hooked Buttercup. Rich woods: occasional. S(Allen's Grove)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)Ross.
- R. pennsylvanicus L.f. Bristly Buttercup. S(Sedge-border of shallow pasture pond, Lamp farm, northeast of Walcott)G.
  - M("Low wet place on Muscatine Island August 1894)Reppert, SUI.
- R. fascicularis Muhl. Tufted Buttercup.

Open grassy fields; grassy clearings; mostly rather dry situations. S(Grassy field north of Allen's Grove; Oakdale Cemetery)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.

- R. septentrionalis Poir. Swamp or Northern Buttercup. Low moist woods and meadows: frequent. S(Credit Island; Allen's Grove)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.
- R. repens L. var. villosus Lamotte. Creeping Buttercup. Wet ditches and meadows: infrequent. S(Wet ditch north of Long Grove; roadside north of Donahue)G. Many specimens in the herbaria referred to R. repens are in fact R. septenfrionalis.
- R. acris L. Tall Buttercup. Bachelor's Button S(Garden, (the double cultivated form)Melville, M("Waste lot on alluvial flat, south Muscatine, June 10, 1928.") Shimek, SUI.
- (R. Macounii Britt. Macoun's Buttercup

S("Scott Co.; 1890.") A. A. Miller, ex. coll. Reppert, SUI. This questionable specimen is believed to be R. repens var. villosus.

- Myosurus L. Mouse-tail
  - M. minima L.
    - "Locally abundant in sandy alluvial soil."Fl.

M("Sandy flat, east bank of Cedar River at Saulsbury Bridge, May 17, 1952) Thorne, SUI. Also Shimek, April 27, 1925, SUI.

### Thalictrum L. Meadow-rue.

The separation of the following forms by the keys in current use, based principally on the indumentum, is quite unsatisfactory. The following is proposed in their stead.

Leaves thick, with revolute margins, strongly reticulate beneath.

Mature achenes slenderly elliptic with long styles.

Anthers apiculate

- Undersurface of the leaves and the carpels gland-stipitate-T. revolutum DC.
- Undersurface of the leaves as well as the whole plant glabrous.--T. revolutum f. glabrum Penn.
- Leaves thin with flat margins, the venation underneath not prominent. Mature achenes more plump with short styles.
  - Anthers blunt tipped. Leaves soft-pubescent or puberulent.—T. dasycarpum Fisch. & Lall. Leaves as well as the whole plant glabrous.—T. hypoglaucum (Rydb.) Boivin.
  - T. dioicum L. Early Meadow-Rue Sparsely wooded slopes and borders; infrequent. S(Woods north of Cronkletons house, Allen's Grove; Border of wood, X, Barnes. Creek Park)G.
  - T. revolutum DC. Purple Meadow-Rue
    - T. purpurascens L. of Fl. Prairies, grasslands, roadsides; frequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery; Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church; Duck Creek Park)G.
  - T. revolutum f. glabrum Pennell. In moister situations. S(Credit Island; Walcott)G.
  - T. dasycarpum Fisch. & Lall. Purple Meadow Rue Low open alluvial woods; infrequent. S(Credit Island)G.
  - (T. hypoglaucum Rydb. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross.

### Anemonella Spach.

 A. thalictroides (L.)Spach. Rue Anemone Dry open woods; frequent. S(Davenport)Ross. M(Wild Cat Den)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Melville.

### Hepatica Mill. Hepatica. Liver-leaf

H. acutiloba DC.
 Rich wooded slopes; frequent.
 S(Allen's Grove; Devil's Glen)G.
 M(Wild Cat Den)G.

- Anemone L. Wind-flower
  - A. caroliniana Walt. Carolina Anemone. Rare. Moist places in sandy soils; sometimes abundant locally. "Here always associated with Draba carolina and Androsace occidentalis." Dr. C. C. Parry, 1847.
    - S(Camp McClellan, April 27, 1891)Melville; (Camp McClellan, April 27, 1889)Ross; (Devil's Glen, May 1895)collector unkown. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
    - III. RI(Moist depressions in sandy soil east of the "Oasis" north of Cordova)G. Here were found both blue-and white-flowered forms.

- A. cylindrica Gray. Thimble-weed Open woods and borders; frequent. S(Oakton)Ross; (Wapsie bottoms)Barnes. M(Muscatine Co.)Shimek.
  A. virginiana L. Thimble-weed A dry open woodland species; frequent. S(Allen's Grove; Fejervary Park)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.
  A. canadensis L. Canada Anemone. Meadow Anemone A. Pennsylvanica L. of Fl. Low moist places; ditches and moist meadows: frequent. S(Low meadow northwest of Nahant; Credit Island; Fejervary Park)G.
  - Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Melville.
- A. quinquefolia L. var. interior Fern. Wood Anemone
   A. nemoralis L. of Fl.
   Rich upland woods; very infrequent.
   S(Devil's Glen)Ross; (Woods north of Buffalo)G.
   M(Wild Cat Den)G.
   (X)Barnes.
- A. patens L. var. Wolfgangiana (Bess.)Koch. Pasque-flower.
   S("Camp McClellan, April 24, 1890.")Melville.
   (X)Barnes. (X)by an unknown high school student, 1890.

### Clematis I. Clematis

- Virginiana L. forma missouriensis Rydb. Virgin's Bower. Thickets and woodland borders; infrequent. S(Wapsie bottoms)Hauber; (Linwood)Melville; (Devil's Glen)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.
- C. Pitcheri Torr. Leather-flower.

Low sandy grounds, alluvial thickets, woodland borders; frequent. S(Credit Island; Harbor Road; Crossing of R. 61 and the Wapsipinicon)G. M(Weiss' Slough)G.

### Isopyrum L.

I. biternatum Raf. False Anemone. Moist wooded slopes; quite infrequent. M(Wild Cat Den)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)Ross; G. (X)Barnes.

### Caltha L.

C. palustris L. Marsh Marigold Marshes and wet meadows; very infrequent. S(Marsh at McCausland)G. (X)Barnes.

### Eranthis Salisb.

E. hyemalis (L.)Salisb. Winter Aconite From Europe. Occasionally grown in wild woodland gardens. Blooms in earliest spring. S(Mrs. Spelletich's garden)G. Aquilegia L. Columbine A. canadensis L. Steep banks and slopes, frequent. S(Davenport)Ross. M(Wild Cat Den)G. Delphinium, L. Larkspur D. virescens Nutt. D. azureus Michx. of Fl. Dry sandy soil; sand banks; infrequent. M(Sand bank at Weiss' Slough; sandy roadside overlooking Nelumbo Pond, Section 15, Lake Township)G. Louisa Co.(Sand bank at entrance to the Big Sand Mound)G. D. tricorne Michx. Native of the southern states; reported from Henry Co., Illinois. S(Miss Melville's garden)Melville. D. Ajacis L. Common Garden Larkspur. A favorite in old-fashioned gardens; occasional as a stray. S(Garden, 15th & Main Sts.)G. Actaea L. Bane-berry A. pachypoda Ell. White Bane-berry. Doll's Eyes Rich woods; not infrequent. M(Wild Cat Den)G. (X)Barnes,

(A. rubra (Ait.)Willd. Red Bane-berry. Cedar Co. ("Rich woods, calcareous soil, 14 miles north of Springdale, May 14, 1950.")Fay, SUI.

Hydrastis Ell. Yellow Puccoon. Golden Seal

H. canadensis L. Rich woods: rare. M(Rich wooded slope. Township Seventy-six)G.

#### Berberidaceae

Podophyllum L. May-apple

P. peltatum L. Open woods and clearings; frequent. S(Allen's Grove)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G; Barnes.

Caulophyllum Michx. Blue Cohosh.

C. thalictroides. L. Rich moist woods; quite infrequent. M(Wild Cat Den)Barnes; G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross.

#### **Berberis**

B. vulgaris L. Common Barberry "In woods two miles west of Montpelier." Fl. Probably completely exterminated in our area during the first World War to control the crown rust of oats and wheat, for which it acts as an intermediate host.

M("Muscatine Co." (no other data)Reppert, SUI.

B. Thunbergii DC. Japanese Barberry.

Commonly planted for hedges and borders: rarely spontaneous, S(Self-sown plant in the hollow at Fejervary Park)G.

### Menispermaceae

Menispermum L. M. canadense L. Moonseed Woods and thickets; infrequent. S(Hickory Grove)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G. Clinton Co.(Fence-row in open, sandy, low ground north of Stevens' Bridge)G.

### Magnoliaceae

No members of this family are native to this region. A number of introduced and cultivated species are listed in Supplement 2. Specimens are preserved in the Barnes Herbarium.

#### Calvcanthaceae

Calycanthus L. C. floridus L. Spice-bush. Carolina Allspice S(Bettendorf)Shimek; (Davenport)Melville. (X)Barnes.

Asimina Adans

A. triloba (L.)Dunal. Pawpaw S(Cultivated tree at the Lau Farm)G. Ill. RI(A group of small trees, probably spontaneous, on a bluff near Illinois City)G.

Anonaceae

#### Lauraceae

Sassafras Nees, Sassafras S. albidum (Nutt.) Nees. var. molle (Raf.)Fern. From the South; ranges as far north as Lee County. S(Thriving trees at 928 E. 15th St., and at the Lau Farm)G.

#### Papaveraceae

- Sanguinaria L. Blood-root
- S. canadensis L. Rich moist woods; frequent. S(Davenport)Ross. M(Wild Cat Den)G.

### Papaver L. Poppy

P. Rhoeas L. Corn Poppy Encountered rarely as a roadside waif. S(Telegraph Road)G.

Argemone L.

A. Mexicana L. Mexican Poppy M("In an uncultivated field, September 1896,")Reppert, SUI.

#### Eschscholzia

E. californica Cham. California Poppy S(Roadside escape at the Hetzel Place, Telegraph Road)G.

### Fumariaceae

Adlumia Raf. Climbing Fumitory A. fungosa (Ait.)Greene. S(From Naomi Melville's garden)Melville.

### Dicentra Bernh.

- D. Cucullaria (L.)Bernh. Dutchman's Breeches. Rich upland woods; frequent. S(Davenport)Ross; (Allen's Grove)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.
- D. canadensis (Goldie)Walp. Squirrel-corn. Rich moist wooded slopes; quite infrequent. M(Wild Cat Den)G. Ill. RI(Hampton)Sykes.
- D. exilis (Kerr)Toor. Bleeding Hearts. S(Naomi Melville's garden)Melville.

#### Corydalis Medic

- (C. flavula (Raf.)DC. Yellow Fume-wort Ill. RI("Sandy and alluvial soil opposite Muscatine.")MacKenzie.
- C. micrantha (Engelm.)Gray. Slender Fume-wort.
   Dry banks; infrequent or rare.
   S(Low roadside bank, Credit Island)G.
   M(Shoulder of road, Saulsbury Bridge)G.; (Moscow)Barnes.
- C. curvisiliqua Engelm. ssp. grandibractata. (Fedde)Olney. Determined at the Missouri Botanical Garden. Corresponds to C. campestris (Britt.)Buckholz & Palmer. Grassy railway right-of-ways and roadsides; infrequent, but sometimes locally abundant. S(Grassy roadside at Nobis' Farm)G.

M(Sandy soil along Route M.)G.; (Muscatine Co.)Shimek.

### Capparidaceae

- Cristatella Nutt.
  - C. Jamesii T.&G.

M(Dry sandy top of bluff overlooking Nelumbo Pond, Section 15, Lake Township)G.; (BCR.& N. tracks at Cedar River) Barnes.

- Polanisia Raf. Clammy-weed.
  - P. graveolens Raf.
    - Dry sandy soils; infrequent. M("Levee," Section 15, Lake Township)G. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G.
  - P. trachysperma T. & G.

Sandy situations; infrequent. S(Davenport)Ross. M("Sandy soil, Muscatine C.")W.A. Anderson Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G.

### Cleome L.

C. serrulata Pursh. Stink-clover

Western; also in cultivation.

M("In gardens and waste places; introduced. August — Stepember 1891")Reppert, SUI.
 (X)Barnes: Paarmann-Sheldon.

C. spinosa L. Spider-flower. Cultivated; rarely escaped. S(Garden, 15th & Wilkes Sts.)G.

#### and the second se

Draba L.

D. reptans (Lam.)Fern. Whitlow Grass
 D. Caroliniana Walt. of Fl.
 Dry sandy soil; infrequent.
 M(Sandy pasture west of Brasenia Pond)G.
 Ill. RI(Roadsides north of Cordova)G.
 (X)Barnes.

None of our specimens have the hispid pods of the var. micrantha (Nutt.) Fern.

Cruciferae

Berteroa DC. Hoary Alyssum

 B. incana (L.) DC.
 Fields and waste places; infrequent. S(Sandy field north of marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G.; (Field south of road from R. 61 to McCausland)Morrissey.

### Lobularia Desv.

L. maritima (L.)Desv. "Sweet Alyssum" In flower gardens and sparingly escaped. S(Davenport)Melville; G.

Thlaspi L. Penny-dress.

T. arvense L. Field Penny-Cress Roadsides, fields, waste places; frequent. S(Roadside at Nobis' Farm; Eldridge Road; Nahant)G. M(Saulsbury Bridge)G.

### Lepidium L. Pepper-grass

- L. campestre (L.)R. Br. Cow-cress Frequent in fields and along roadsides. S(Blue Grass; Walcott)G. Ill. RI(Hampton)G.
- L. virginicum L. Pepper-grass Frequent along roadsides and in waste places. S(15th & Harrison Sts.; Duck Creek Park)G.
- L. densiflorum Schrad. Pepper-grass.
   L. apetalum Willd. of Fl. Frequent; waste places, roadsides, especially if sandy. Much less frequent than the preceding. S(Lock 14)G. (Waste grounds, 10th & Vine Sts.)G. Ill. RI(Sandy roadside, Section 22, Cordova Township)G.

- (L. sativum L. Garden Cress Formerly cultivated as a salad green.
   (X)Barnes.
- Cardaria Desv. Hoary Cress
  - C. Draba Desv. Roadsides, waste places and fields; frequent. S(Roadside south of Walcott)G. Ill. RI(Grassy roadside bank near the Watch Tower)G.
- Capsella Medic.
  - C. Bursa-pastoris (L.)Medic. Shepherd's Purse Occurs almost everywhere. S(N. Harrison St.)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Paarmann-Sheldon.
- Camelina Crantz. False Flax
  - C. microcarpa Andraz S("Milwaukee tracks north of Davenport, June 13, 1932.")Hauber.
- Brassica L. Mustard
  - B. Kaber (DC.)L.C. Wheeler. Charlock
     B. Sinapistrum Boiss. of Fl.
     Railroad tracks and roadsides; infrequent.
     S(Blue Grass)Barnes; G. (Roadside north of Maysville)G.
  - B. nigra L. Black Mustard. Railroad tracks and roadsides; frequent. S(Schmidt's Crossing; Roadside north of Nahant)G.
  - B. juncea (L.)Coss. Brown or Indian Mustard
    - B. campestris L. of Fl.
      - Waste places; infrequent. S(Railroad tracks at Blue Grass)Barnes; (Yard at 12th & Warren Sts.)G.
  - B. juncea (L.)Coss. var. crispifolia Bailey, Curly Mustard, Japanese Mustard S(In an abandoned garden plot, 9th & Vine Sts.)G.
  - B. campestris L. Field Mustard. An infrequent weed. S(City dump at 11th & Vine Sts.)G.
  - B. Napus L. Turnip. S("River front, July 5, 1923")Shimek, ISC.
- Raphanus L. Radish
  - R. sativus L. S(Persisting in an abandoned garden, 9th & Vine Sts.)G.
- Conringia Link.
  - C. orientalis (L.)Dumort. Hare's-ear Mustard S(A casual in a flower bed at St. Ambrose College, June 23,1915) Hauber; (Abundant on the railroad embankment at Oak St. & Telegraph Road)G.

Sisymbri	ium L.
S. (	officinale (L.)Scop. var. leiocarpum DC. Hedge-mustard An infrequent weed in waste places. S(N. Harrison St., Davenport)Ross.
S. 4	altissimum L. Tumble-mustard. Fields and waste places; prefers sandy soil; infrequent. S(Tracks, E. River St.; 5th & Pershing Sts.)G. (Blue Grass)Barnes.
Decourai	inia Webb & Berthelot. Tansy Mustard.
D.	<ul> <li>min webb a Berthetst: Failsy stars (Richard)Fern.</li> <li>pinnata (Walt.)Britt. var. brachycarpa (Richard)Fern.</li> <li>Sisymbrium canescens Nutt. of Fl. '</li> <li>Along railways and in waste places, often sandy; infrequent.</li> <li>S(Tracks west of Buffalo; Sandy field northeast of St. Anne's Church)G.</li> <li>M(Near the bog near Pine Mill)G.</li> <li>(X)Barnes.</li> </ul>
D.	Sophia (L.)Webb.
	Sisymbrium Sophia L. of Fl. "Railroad tracks and waste places, West Davenport and Blue Grass" Fl. S(Davenport)Barnes. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Melville.
Hesperis	s L. Dame's Rocket.
H.	matronalis L. Occassionaly persistent about old gardens. S(Garden at 348 River Drive, Bettendorf)G. M(Persistent at Wild Cat Den)G.
Presi	Tracele mustard
Erysimt E.	cheiranthoides L. Worm-seed Mustard.
2.	"Banks of streams; infrequent." Fl. Rare; I have never found it in our area. S(Wapsie bottoms)Barnes. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert. (X)Paarman-Sheldon.
Rorinna	Scop. Yellow Cress.
R.	
R.	sylvestris (L.)Bess. M("Sandy flat along the east bank of Cedar River at Saulsbury Bridge, May 17, 1952")Thorne & Prior, SUI.
R.	palustris (L.)Bess. Marsh Cress. Nasturtium palustre DC. of Fl. Rorippa islandica (Order) Borbas var. Fernaldina Butt. & Abbe. A mud plant; frequent on muddy pond and river shores. S(Davenport)Ross; (Credit Island)G.
R.	palustris (L.)Bess. var. hispida (Desv.)Rydb. Same situations as the last; quite infrequent.

M(Saulsbury Bridge)G.

(Nasturtium R. Br.

- N. officinale R. Br. True Water-cress. Clinton Co.(Pasture pond north of Rock Creek)G. (X)Barnes.
- Armoracia (Gaertn.)Mey. & Scherb.
  - A. aquatica (Eat.)Wieg. Lake-cress
     Nasturtium lacustre Gray of Fl.
     "Slough along Cedar River near Saulsbury Bridge. Ponds near Noels." Fl.
     S(Noels)Barnes.
     M("Slough along the Cedar River, June 1894."Reppert, SUI.
  - A. lapathifolium Bilib. Horse-radish Nasturtium Armoracea Fries of Fl. An occasional escape to roadsides. S(North Harrison St. Road)G.; (Pine Hill Cemetery)Melville.
- Barbarea R. Br.
  - B. vulgaris R. Br. Yellow Rocket.
     Frequent in early spring along grassy roadsides.
     S(West of Fairmount Cemetery; Walcott)G.
- Iodanthus T. & G. Purple Rocket.
  - I. pinnatifida (Michx.)Steud. Thelypodium pinnatifidum Watson of Fl. M("Wooded Island in the Mississippi near Muscatine, July, 1891") Reppert, SUI.
- Dentaria L. Pepper-root
  - D. laciniata Muhl. Rich moist upland woods; frequent. S(Maysville)Barnes. M(Wild Cat Den)G.
- Cardamine L. Bitter Cress.
  - C. Douglasii (Torr.)Britt. Purple Cress.
     C. rhomboidea DC. var. purpurea Torr. of Fl.
    - "Moist woods along Wapsipinicon River." Fl. S(Noels)Barnes; (Devil's Glen)Ross.
  - C. bulbosa (Schreb.) BSP. Spring Cress.
    - C. rhomboidea DC. of Fl.
       About bogs and springs; frequent.
       S(Devil's Glen)Ross.
       M(Wild Cat Den)G.
       III. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Melville.
  - c. pensylvanica Muhl. Pennsylvania Bitter Cress.
     c. hirsuta L. in part of Fl.
     Wet grounds, in alluvial woods; frequent.
     S(Low alluvial woods north of McCausland)G.
     M(Wet ravine at Wild Cat Den)G.
  - C. parviflora L. var. arenicola (Britt.)Schulz
     C. hirsuta L. in part of Fl. Wet muddy or sandy places along pond shores; infrequent.

S(Shore of roadside pond at crossing of R. 61 at Wapsie River; Wet sandy ditch opposite the marsh northwest of St. Anne's Church)G.

- Arabis L. Rock cress
  - A. hirsuta (L.)Scop. var. pycnocarpa (Hopkins)Rollins Rock cress "Rocky places; infrequent." Fl. S(Big Rock; Devil's Glen)Barnes.
  - A. Drummondii Gray
     A. confinis Watson, in part, of Fl. "Sandy soil, Cedar River region; Noels; infrequent." Fl. S(Noels)Barnes.
  - A. laevigata (Muhl.)Poir. Smooth Rock Cress Wooded slopes; frequent. M(Wild Cat Den)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)Ross; G.
  - A. dentata T. & G. Toothed Cress

     A. perstellata ELBr. var. Shortii Fern.
     S("Davenport, Iowa.")Dr. C.C. Parry, ISC.
     M("Sandy alluvial flat west of Bayfield, May 7, 1903.")Shimek, SUI.
     III. RI(Van Dyke's Island)Ross.
  - A. canadensis L. Sickle-pod Wooded slopes; rare. "LeClaire." Fl. M("Rich wooded ravine, Wyoming Hill along U.S. Highway 61, June 8, 1954")Davidson, SUI. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)Barnes; Ross; Morrissey; G.
  - (A. glabra (L.)Bess. Tower Mustard M("Damp soil, Cedar River region, June, 1892."; as A. Drummondii Gray)Reppert, SUI. The identification is open to question.
- Crassulaceae Sedum L. Stonecrop S. sarmentosum Bunge Rocky places; an occasional escape. S(Macadam shoulder of road, Duck Creek Park)G.
  - S. Telephium L. Mountain Stonecrop Occasional in cultivation, and escaped. S(Roadside, Blue Grass)Barnes; (Pine Hill Cemetery)G.
  - S. telephioides Michx. Wild Live-forever Occasional in cultivation; a rare escape. S(Cultivated for ornament, 1704 West 2nd St.)G.

### Saxifragaceae

Penthorum L. Ditch Stonecrop

 P. sedioides L.
 Wet low grounds and shores; infrequent. S(Devil's Glen)Ross; (Credit Island)G.

#### (Sullivantia T. & G.

- S. renifolia Rosend
  - folia Rosend.
    Cedar Co. ("Limestone cliffs, Cedar Co., August 10, 1899.") Reppert;
    ("Moist limestone ledges, south shore of Cedar River, Section 34, Cass Township May 28, 1950.") Fay, SUI.
    It may yet be found in the northwest corner of Scott county in the Kansan drift area.

#### Saxifraga L.

- S. pensylvanica L. Swamp Saxifrage Bogs and marshy grounds; rare. S(Davenport)Ross.

  - M(Boggy shore of Nelumbo Pond, Section 15, Lake Township)G. (X)Barnes.
- (S. virginiensis Michx. "High Bridge, 1890." Melville. While presumably collected in our area, I am unable to discover the location mentioned.
- Heuchera L. Alum root
  - H. americana L. var. hirsuticaulis (Wheelock)R.B.& L. S(Davenport)Ross.
  - H. Richardsonii R.Br. var. Gravana R.B.& L. H. hispida Pursh of Fl. Dry prairie remnants. ry prairie remnants. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G.; (Davenport)Ross.
- Mitella L. Miter-wort, Bishop's Cap
  - M. diphylla L. Rich steep wooded slopes; infrequent. M(Wild Cat Den)Reppert; G.
- Parnassia L. Grass of Parnassus
  - P. glauca Raf.
    - P. Carolina Michx. of Fl. "Boggy places, Cedar River region. Wet meadows, Eldridge." Fl. S(Eldridge)Barnes.
- Philadelphus L. Mock orange
  - P. inodora L.
    - S(Cultivated southwest corner of 14th and Brady Sts.)G.
  - P. pubescens Loisel. S(Cultivated 131 W. 15th St.)G.
  - P. coronarius L. S(Cultivated southwest corner 15th & Main Sts.)G.
  - P. Lemoinei Lemoine. Small leaves and flowers. (Cultivated 1111 W. 11th St.)G.

### Deutzia Thunb.

D. scabra Thunb. Occasional in cultivation. S(Naomi Melville's garden)Melville.

- gracilis Sieb. & Zucch. Occasional in cultivation. D S(High School Yard)G.
- Hydrangea L.
- H. paniculata Sieb. var. grandiflora Sieb. Ribes L. Currant. Gooseberry
- - R. Cynosbati L. Prickly Gooseberry ods; rare. S(Devil's Glen)Ross. M(Wild Cat Den)G. Woods: rare
  - R. missouriensis Nutt. Missouri Gooseberry R. gracile Michx. of Fl. Woods: frequent S(Devil's Glen)Ross. M(Wild Cat Den)G.
  - R. Grossularia L. Garden Gooseberry Frequent in cultivation. S(1037 E. 18th St.)Peck.
  - R. americanum Michx. Wild Black Currant. R. floridum (L'Her.) of Fl. Moist roadsides and ditches; open woods: frequent. S(Duck Creek Park; Waverly Road)G. M(Weiss' Slough)G.
  - R. odoratum Wendl. f. Buffalo Currant R. aureum Pursh. of Fl. Formerly much planted; occasionally escaped. S(122 W. 15th St., cultivated)G. Clinton Co.(Camanche, a wild plant)G.
  - R. sativum Syme. Garden Currant R. rubrum hort. not L. Occasionally cultivated. S(1037 E. 18th St.)Peck.

### Hamamelidaceae

- Hamamelis L. Witch-Hazel H. virginiana L. M(Muscatine Co., November 2, 1907)M.P. Somes, ISC. Ill. RI(Open wooded bluff-pasture near Illinois City)G.
- Liquidambar L. Sweet Gum L. Styracifolia L. Southern; rarely planted in our area. S(Cultivated 428 W. 15th St.)G.

# Platanaceae

Platanus L. Sycamore. Plane-tree P. occidentalis L. S(Credit Island)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross.

#### Rosaceae

- Kerria DC. Kerria
  - K. japonica (L.)DC. S(Cultivated, Naomi Melville's garden)Melville.

Rhodotypus Sieb. & Zucch.

R. scandens (Thunb)Makino Occasionally seen in cultivation. Four petals, white. S(Hill & Fredericks Chapel)G.

Physocarpus Maxim. Nine-bark.

- P. opulifolius (L.)Maxim.
  - Moist hilly woods and thickets near streams; rare. S(Devil's Glen)Ross; (Cultivated, Davenport)Melville; Ross. (X)Barnes. M("Old prairie dune at schoolhouse, 7 m. northwest of Muscatine")Shimek.
- (P. opulifolius (L.)Maxim. var. intermedia (Rydb.)Robins Pedicels and follicles stellate-pubescent. (X)Barnes.
- Spiraea L. Spiraea
  - S. alba DuRoi. Meadow-sweet
    - Moist low ground, low roadsides and wet ditches; infrequent. S(Buttermilk Road; roadside north of Allen's Grove; marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
  - S. japonica L. f. Japanese Spiraea Cultivated for ornament; flowers pink. S(An escape into the grass plot at 12th & Division Sts.)G.

A number of species are met with as ornamental shrubs, as

- S. Van Houtii (Briot)Zabel. Bridal Wreath. (230 W. Locust)G.
  - S. chamaedryfolia L. St. Peter's Wreath (Miss Melville's Garden)
    S. corymbosa L. Meadow-Sweet. (Rock Island Arsenal, cultivated?
    ?)G.
  - S. Douglasii Hook. (Miss Melville's Garden)
  - S. prunifolia Sieb. & Zucc. (124 W. 14th St.)
  - S. prunifolia plena Schneider (Corner of Main & Locust)G.
  - S. Thunbergii Sieb. & Zucc. (Locust & Main Sts.)
- Aruncus Adans.
  - A. dioicus (Walt.)Fern.
     Rich moist woods; shaded rocky ravines; rare.
     M(Wild Cat Den)G.
     Ill. RI(Loud Thunder Forest Preserve)Ade.
- Sorbaria R.Br. False Spiraea
  - S. sorbifolia A.Br. Frequent in cultivation and occasionally escaped. S(Hedge east of Mt. Joy)G.
- Pyrus L. Pear
  - P. communis L. Pear
    - S(A wildling tree at the northwest corner of the picnic grounds at Duck Creek Park)G.
  - P. communis sativa DC. Common cultivated Pear. S(Cultivated, 12th & Main Sts.; 15th & Brady Sts.)G.

- P. pyrifolia (Burm.)Nakai. Sand Pear. Japanese or Chinese Pear. S(Planted tree at 414 Columbia Ave.)G.
- Malus Mill. Apple. Crab apple
  - M. pumila Mill. Common cultivated Apple S(Cultivated, Waverly Road & Locust St.)G. M(Wildling along back road to Wild Cat Den)G.
  - M. ioensis (Wood)Bailey. Wild Crab. Pyrus ioensis Bailey of Fl. Thickets and along roadsides; frequent. S(Duck Creek Park)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
  - M. Soulardi (Bailey)Britton. Soulard's Crab A natural hybrid of M. ioensis and M. pumila. M(Wild Cat Den, a single tree east of road after entering from the back)G.

Several horticultural species are occasionally seen, the most frequent being the following:

- M. ioensis plena Schneid. Bechtel's Crab. Flowers double, fragrant. S(1420 Main St.)G.
- M. pumila var. Elyi (Bean)Rehd. Ely's Crab. Flowers, fruit and early leaves dark red. S(Kirkwood Blvd)G.
- M. floribunda Sieb. Introduced from Japan.? Flowers and fruits in fascicles. Very floriferous. S(Jefferson School)G.
- Sorbus L. Mountain Ash.

X

- S. americana Marsh. American Mountain ash.
   P. americana DC. of Fl.
   "Small trees in woods near Low's Run, Muscatine Co." Fl. No specimens from this station can be located, nor from trees known to be wild.
   S(Cultivated, Davenport)Melville.
- S. Aucuparia (L.)Gaertn. European Mountain ash. Occasional in cultivation. S(14th & Scott Sts., cultivated)G.
- S. hybrida L. Occasionally planted. S(Pine Hill Cemetery; 17th & Marquette Sts.)G.
- Aronia Reichenb. Choke-berry
  - (A. prunifolia (Marsh)Rehd. Purple Choke-berry Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal, cultivated?)G.
  - A. melanocarpa (Michx.)Willd. Black Choke-berry. S(909 Farnam St., cultivated)Paarmann-Sheldon.
- Amelanchier Medic. Service-bush. June-berry. Shad-bush
  - A. arborea (Michx.F.)Fern.
     A. canadensis T.& G. of Fl.
     Wooded crests of hills; edge of woods; infrequent. S(Davenport)Ross. M(Wild Cat Den)G.

A. laevis Wieg.

S(Davenport, but without precise locality)Ross. Determined by. G.N. Jones.

M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.

A. interior Nielsen

M(Muscatine Co., June, 1897)Reppert, SUI. (As canadensis) Redetermined by Davidson; verified by Jones.

### Crataegus

The Barnes Herbarium has had the good fortune of having all its key specimens determined by Ernest J. Palmer, the acknowledged authority on the genus. Occasion is here taken to again acknowledge with gratitude his helpfulness, not only as respects Crataegus but also in other fields. Crataegus L. Hawthorn

- C. crus-galli L. Cock-spur Thorn. Borders of woods and pastures; open hillsides and lowlands; frequent. S(Allen's Grove)G.
- (C. crus-galli L. var. pachyphylla (Sarg.)Palmer. Ill. RI(Fence-row opposite the quarry north of Port Byron)G.
- C. crus-galli L. var. exigua (Sarg.)Engelm. S(Open pasture, Allen's Grove)G.
- C. fecunda Sarg. Handsome in foliage, flower and fruit; only in cultivation in our area. S(Terrace, Jefferson School)G. M(At the Post-office Building)G.
- (C. punctata Jacq. Ill. RI(Floodplain of creek near the Watch Tower)G.
- (C. punctata Jacq. var. canescens Britt. Ill. RI(Several trees in cultivation at the Administration Bldg., Rock Island Arsenal)G.
- C. Margaretta Ashe.
   C. coccinea var. flabellata (Spach)Britton of Fl.?
   Pastures and woodland borders; infrequent.
   S(Ravine at Fejervary Park; Allen's Grove)G.
   M(Wild Cat Den, several trees)G.
- C. Margaretta Ashe forma xanthocarpa Sarg. S(Open pasture at Allen's Grove)G. M(Clearing at Wild Cat Den, with the species)G.
- C. Margaretta Ashe var. Brownii (Britt)Sarg. M(A single tree in the fence row about 2 m. west of New Era. Has since been removed)G.
- C. pruinosa (Wendl.)K.K.Koch. S(Planted tree on the terrace of Jefferson School)G. No native trees have been seen.
- C. mollis (T.& G.)Scheele. Common Red-haw
   C. coccinea var. mollis T.& G. of Fl.
   Frequent; prefers low grounds and river-bottoms.
   S(Devil's Glen)Ross; (Credit Island)G.

- Succulenta Link var. pertomentosa (Ashe)Palmer.
   C. coccinea var. macrantha Dudley of Fl. Banks and hillsides; quite infrequent. M(Dry hillside, Wild Cat Den)G. Ill. RI(Dry bank, Watch Tower)G.
- C. Calpodendron (Ehrh.)Medic
   C. tomentosa L. of Fl. S(Devil's Glen)Ross; (Duck Creek)Hauber.
- (C. Oxyacantha L. var. plena West. Double-flowered English Hawthorn. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal. Planted tree near the old Davenport House)G.
- C. Oxyacantha L. var. Paulii Rehd. Flowers double, bright red. S(Cultivated, northeast corner 12th & Scott Sts.)G.
- C. monogyna Jacq. English Hawthorn. S(Cultivated, northwest corner 14th & Farnam Sts.; Cultivated, Lau Arboretum)G.
- C. monogyna Jacq. var. stricta (Loud.)Rehd. Of fastigiate habit, with red flowers. S(Cultivated, 12th & Scott Sts.)G.
- Cotoneaster Ehrh.
  - C. acutifolia Turcz. From China. Occasionally planted for hedges or foundations. S(Superintendent's house, Vanderveer Park)G.
- Fragaria L. Strawberry
  - F. vesca L. var. americana Porter. Woodland Strawberry
     F. vesca L. of Fl.
     Open woods; infrequent.
     M(Wild Cat Den)Barnes.
  - F. virginiana Duchesne var. illinoiensis (Prince)Gray. Wild Strawberry Meadows and grassy roadsides; infrequent. Occasionally on sandy prairies. S(Noel's: Allen's Grove)G.
  - F. chiloensis Duchesne var. ananassa Bailey. Cultivated Strawberry S(Cultivated and escapes at Pine Hill Cemetery)G.

### Potentilla L. Cinquefoil

- P. arguta Pursh. Prairie Cinquefoil Dry or sandy prairies; very frequent. S(Sandy field at the marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church; Pine Hill Cemetery)G. M(Upland prairie south of Wilton)Shimek.
- P. recta L. Sulphur-flowered Cinquefoil Roadsides; frequent. S(Roadside near Nahant)G. Clinton Co.(Roadside near Wapsie Bridge)G.
- P. argentea L. Silver Cinquefoil In sand; infrequent and restricted. M(Weiss' Slough, sandy shore of pond)G. Ill. RI(Sandy roadside at crossroads north of Cordova)G.

- P. pentandra Engelm.
   P. rivalis Nutt. var. pentandra Wats. of Fl.
   Moist sandy soils of ponds or streams; quite infrequent.
   M(Saulsbury Bridge)Barnes.
   Louisa Co.(Wooded sandy shore of lake, Big Sand Mound)G.
- P. norvegica L. Rough Cinquefoil
   P. monspeliensis L.
   Roadsides and waste places; frequent.
   S(Credit Island)G.
   M(Muscatine Co.)Shimek.
- P. simplex Michx.
  - P. canadensis L. of Fl. Fields, open woods, in dry soils; infrequent. S(Allen's Grove; Pine Hill Cemetery)G.; (Credit Island)Ross.
- Filipendula Mill.
  - F. rubra (Hill)Robins. Queen of the Prairie.
    - Spiraea lobata Jacq. of Fl. M("Moist soil near Cedar River, Lake Township. Muscatine Co. June 1894.")collected by K.K. MacKenzie (as Spiraea Lobata.) Ex. Herb Reppert, SUI.
  - F. Ulmaria (L.) Maxim. Queen of the Meadow. S(Established for many years in a fern-bed at 1021 W. 17th St.)G.
- Geum L. Avens.
  - G. canadense Jacq. White Avens. G. album Gmel. of Fl.
    - G. album Gmel. of Fl.
       Borders of woods; frequent.
       S(Devil's Glen; Credit Island)G.
       M(Wild Cat Den)G.
  - G. laciniatum Nutt. var. trichocarpum Fern. Rough Avens.
     G. virginianum L. of Fl.
     Low grounds; infrequent.
     S(Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church; Allen's Grove)G.
- Rubus L. Raspberry Blackberry Dewberry

The determinations in this confusing and difficult genus were made in accordance with the keys and descriptions of the Gentes Herbarum by Bailey. The systematic status and validity of many of Bailey's species are yet to be confirmed.

- Subgenus Idaeobatus Focke.
  - R. occidentalis L. Wild Back Raspberry. Open woods and borders; frequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.
  - R. strigosus Michx. Wild Red Raspberry. S(A small plot in cultivation on Waverly Road in 1952)G.
  - R. ideaus L. Garden Raspberry. Occasionally persisting or spreading. S(Cultivated in the caretaker's garden, Wild Cat Den)G.
- Subgenus Eubatus Focke
  - Section Triviales P.J. Mueller
  - R. caesius L. European Dewberry S(Lock 14, apparently established on a rock trash pile)G.

- Section Flagellares Bailey
- R. nefrens Bailey Included in collective species R. Enslenii Tratt. by Gleason in B.& B. S(Low roadside bank near crossing of R. 61 and Wapsie River)G.
- R. occidualis Bailey

Included in collective species R. arundelanus Blanch by Gleason in B.& B.; R. flagellaris Willd. of most authors, including Deam and Jones.

S(Low shaded bank, Credit Island)G. M(Edge of woods, lower flat, Wild Cat Den)G.

R. plicatifolius Blamch.

R. recurvicaulis Blamch. sensu Fern in Gray's 8th ed;)?\*; R. flagellaris of some authors included; in collective species R. arundelarius Blamch by Gleason in B.&B.

R. Baileyanus Bailey.

Included in collective species R. flagellaris L. by Gleason in B.& B. S(Moist ground under a big spruce, Pine Hill Cemetery)G.

R. minnesotanus Bailey

Included in R. aeundelarius by Gleason in B & B.

S(Damp north-facing prairie remnant invaded by shrubs north of Mt. Nebo Cemetery)G.

### Section Arguti

R. frondosus Bigel.

Included in collective species R. pensylvanicus Poir. by Gleason in B & B; but not by Fernald in Gray's 8th Ed. Restricted by Bailey to New England; but indistinguishable plants are said to be found in Indiana and Illinois.

S(Dry sandy roadside ditch just east of R. 67 along the road to McCausland)G.

R. abactus Bailey

Included in R. pensylvanicus by Gleason in B & B and by Fernald in Gray's 8th Ed.

Determined by Prof. W.A. Davis of West Virginia University. Ill. RI(Open wooded hillside, Watch Tower)G.

- R. recurvans Blanch. sens lat Fernald in Gray's 8th Ed., but not sens. strictu Bailey; who restricts the species to New England. Included in R. pensylvanicus Poir. by Gleason in B & B. Collected in Illinois by Davis, who confirms the determination. M(Lower and upper prairie flats. Wild Cat Den)G.
- R. laudatus Bailey

Included in R. ostryifolius Rydb. by Gleason in B & B. S(Edge of alluvial woods along side of R. 61 at the Wapsipinicon River)G.

R. Blakei Bailey, sens. lat. Fernald. but not Bailey, who restricts the species to New England. Possibly a closely related undescribed species. Determination confirmed by Davis.

Ill. RI(Clearings in upland woods, Watch Tower)G.

R. Schneckii Bailey.

Included in collective species R. ostryifolius Rydb. by Gleason. S(Sandy field northeast of St. Anne's Church)G. M(Lower prairie flat, Wild Cat Den)G.

- .?R. avipes Bailey sens. lat. A doubtful specimen, tentatively placed here with the approval of Prof. Davis. Possibly an undescribed species.
  - R. bractealis Bailey S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G.

R. bellobatus Bailey

Fairly frequent. Appears in two forms: a) stiff erect canes(up to 5 feet) with long racemes and ascending pedicels, in favorable sit-uations in the open; and b) lower (3 feet) with flexible arching canes, with short racemes and long divaricate pedicels, growing in shade in clearings or on woodland borders.

S(Alluvial thicket, Credit Island)G. M(Border of hillside woods, Wild Cat Den)G. Ill. RI(Open hollow, Watch Tower)G.

Section Alleghenienses Bailey

- R. allegheniensis Bailey S(Pine Hill Cemetery; Fejervary Park; Duck Creek Park)G.
- R. allegheniensis var. neo-scotica Bailey M(Escape (?) Back road in Wild Cat Den)G.
- R. Roas Bailey
  - S(Sandy field northeast of St. Anne's Church)G. M(Caretaker's Garden, Wild Cat Den, Cultivated)G.
- R. alumnus Bailey M(Wooded hillside along lower path, Wild Cat Den)G.
- R. impos Bailey S(Edge of woods along roadsides, Allen's Grove)G. Ill. RI(Woods, hilltop north of pavement, Black Hawk Watch Tower: Woods, Rock Island Arsenal)G.

Agrimonia L. Agrimony

- A. gyryposepala Wallr. A. Eupatoria L. of Fl. Frequent in woods and thickets. S(Duck Creek Park; Fejervary Park)G.
- M(Wild Cat Den)G. pubescens Wallr. Open woods; frequent. S(Fejervary Park)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G. A. pubescens Wallr.
- A. parviflora Ait. Mostly in somewhat sandy soil in clearings; infrequent. M(Wild Cat Den, grassy hillside clearing; Weiss' Slough, sandy open woods)G.
- Rosa L. Rosa
  - R. blanda Ait. Meadow Rose Frequent; prefers somewhat protected situations and rather sandy soil not far from streams. S(Credit Island)G.; (Eldridge)Barnes. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
  - R. blanda Ait. var. glandulosa Schuette. Petioles glandular; stipules gland-edged. S(Middle Road at Duck Creek Crossing)G.

- R. blanda Ait. var. carpo-hispida Farwell Hypanthium glandular-hispid. A hybrid. S(Ditch along road from R. 61 to McCausland)G.
- (R. blanda Ait. var. hispida Farwell. New as well as old stems bristly and prickly. Ill. RI(Fence row near quarry north of Colona)G.
- (R. blanda Ait. var. acicularoides Schutte R. acicularioides Rydb. Leaflets doubly gland-serrate, petioles and stipules glandular. Ill. RI(Sandy roadside one mile east of "Oasis," north of Cordova)G.
- R. blanda Ait. var. glabra Crepin. R. subblanda Rydb. Plant glandular, leaflets glabrous underneath. S(Roadside, a thicket on Waverly Road)G.
- R. carolina L. Low or Pasture Rose R. humilis Marsh Rather dry banks, slopes and fields, upland and bottomland; frequent. S(Eldridge Road; sandy marsh shore northeast of St. Anne's Church)G. M(Lower flat at Wild Cat Den)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower. Our most typical example)G.
- R. carolina L. var. villosa (Best)Rehd. R. Lyonii Pursh. Leaflets softly pubescent underneath. Our most frequent wild rose. S(Mt. Joy; Blue Grass)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.
- R. carolina L. var. grandiflora (Baker)Rehd. R. obovata Raf. Large flowers, broad round leaflets, glaucous underneath. M(Bank south of north bridge across Pine Creek)G.
- R. carolina L. var. glandulosa (Crepin)Farw.
  - R. serrulata Raf. Leaflets, or parts of them double gland-serrate. M("Fixed sand dune (prairie) west of road north of Bayfield. August 17, 1926.")Shimek, SUI.
- R. virginiana Mill. Virginia Rose.

Thickets and woodland borders; prefers some shelter and some shade. Rare.

M(Roadside embankment one mile north of the school house west of New Era; determined by Steyermark); (Wild Cat Den, thicket in fence row along back road)G.

Also collected in Muscatine county by Reppert and Shimek. M("Leutziger Creek region, June 1899.")Reppert, SUI. M("Well-wooded slope of old dune 8 miles northwest of Mus-catine, June 19, 1933.")Shimek, SUI.

Its occurence in our region is denied by some. It goes un-recognized because our western form lacks the stout hooked prickles of the eastern plant; these being modified into slender straight forms.

R. rudiuscula Greene.

A long series of natural hybrids between R. carolina and R. suffulta or their varieties is encountered in the field. The plants vary from

the almost pure species to every conceivable intermediate. R. rudjuscula may be taken as representative of the lot, but it can be only loosely defined. The plant generally resembles a strong R. suffulta with bristly prickly stem, nine leaflets, but with the receptacle and pedicels strongly stipitate glandular. S(Prairie at Pine Hill Cemetery)G. The roses here are nearly

all hybrids of various degrees.

R. arkansana Porter sensu Rydb.

Leaflets glabrous underneath. Occasional in the lowlands. S(Credit Island): (Utica Ridge Road)G.

- R suffulta Greene
  - R. arkansana Porter var. suffulta (Greene)Cockerell

R. arkansana Porter of Fl.

Leaflets pubescent beneath. More frequent than the preceeding; prefers the uplands. S(Roadside bank east of St. Anne's Church)G. M(Illinoian prairie east of Bayfield)Shimek.

R. polyanthema Lunell.

This striking plant of the Arkansana-suffulta group is taller, more vigorous, winter hardy and is larger in all parts. For full description see Lunell, Am. Midl. Nat. 3:138. 1913. Our specimens have been compared with Lunell's original type material from the University of Minnesota.

M(Grassy roadside embankment, Montpelier Township)G.

R. setigera Michx. var. tomentosa T.& G. Prairie Rose.

R. rubifolia R.Br. Not infrequent in cultivation. Rare as a wild plant. S(1730 W. 12th St. Said to be self-sown)G.

Ill. RI(Watch Tower, open wooded bluff, apparently native)G.

- R. rubiginosa L. Sweet Briar, Eglantine.
- Once in much favor by early settlers for its aromatic foliage. Now occasionally persistent about old farmsteads, or escaped to nearby pastures.
  - S(Pasture along Chapel Hill Road)G.; (Cultivated, Davenport) Melville.
- X R. corymbifera x R. gallica(?) "Maiden Blush Rose." An old-fashioned garden rose found four times as an escape. S(Waverly Road; Eldridge Road)G.
  - R. gallica L. French or Gallic Rose An old-fashioned rose now hardly ever seen. Found as an escape to a dry roadside ditch eight miles west of Davenport and covering an area of 20 feet; now exterminated by roadmakers. S(West of Davenport)G.
  - R. spinosissima L. var. pimpinellifolia Hook. Scotch Rose. A dainty old-fashioned rose found as an escape on the Eldridge Road on a farmstead terrace five miles north of Davenport. S(Eldridge Road)G.
  - R. multiflora Thunb. var. calva French & Sav. Multiflora Rose. Leaflets glabrous beneath. Frequently planted in the country for hedges and bird refuges: in town as an occasional escape or in cultivation.
    - S(Pasture east of Pine Hill, an escape; in cultivation at Fejervary Park)G.

- R. multiflora Thunb. var. Thunbergiana Thory Leaflets soft-pubescent beneath. Infrequent as an escape or in cultivation S(Fence row on Waverly Road, an escape: cultivated at Van
  - derveer Park)G.
- R. multiflora Thunb, var. cathavensis Rehd, & Wils, Flowers larger, pink, in flat corymbs. S(In a hedge with the var. calva on the Eldridge Road)G.
- R. palustris Marsh Swamp Rose.

In our area met with only in cultivation, and rarely, Native to Illinois and Missouri, but no collections from Iowa have been located. S(In cultivation, Vanderveer Park).

- R. canina L. The Dog rose As an interloper in rose gardens from root shoots arising from graft stocks. S(Vanderveer Park)G.
- R. rugosa Thunb. Rugosa Rose.

The typical form met with as interlopers in rose gardens arising from suckers from graft-stocks; not infrequent.

S(St. Ambrose Campus: Old French place, 12th & Perry Sts.)G. Clinton Co. (Roadside plantings by the Highway Commission along R. east of DeWitt and west of Clinton)G. An horticultural hybrid.

- A list of Old-fashioned Garden Roses may be found as Supplement 3.
- Prunus L. Plums. Cherries. Peaches. Apricots. Almonds.
  - P. americana Marsh. Wild Plum Forms thickets in fence rows and clearings; frequent. S(Davenport)G. M(Hill road to Wild Cat Den)G.
  - P. americana Marsh var. lanata Sudw. Wooly Wild Plum In similar situations. S(Waverly Road)G.
  - (P. angustifolia Marsh. Chicasaw Plum P. Chicasa Michx. of Fl. M("Muscatine Island near the upper end of the big timber." Fl. Reported in the Fl. but no specimen has been located.
  - P. pensylvanica L.f. Pin Cherry, S(Two native trees at the west edge of the gravel pit. Duck Creek Park)G.
  - P. serotina Ehrh. Wild Black Cherry. Grows to a tall stately tree; woods; infrequent. S(Noel's; Duck Creek Park)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.
  - P. virginiana L. Choke cherry Borders of woods; frequent. S(Devil's Glen; Duck Creek Park)G.

A number of shrubs and trees, introduced, and planted for ornament or fruit:

- (P. tomentosa Thunb.
  - From E. Asia. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal. A bush in the midst of the woods east of the Confederate Cemetery; there is a planted tree at the Davenport House grounds one mile west.)G.
- P. persica (L.)Batsch. Peach Much planted. S(Lau Farm)G.
- P. Armeniaca L. Apricot Planted for ornament. The earliest fruit tree to bloom S(17th and Gaines Sts.)G.
- P. domestica L. Garden Plum Frequent in cultivation. S(Opposite St. Margaret's Cemetery)G.
- P. Padus L. European Bird cherry. Very floriferous; a handsome tree when in bloom. S(A planted tree on the boulevard at 1730 W. 8th St.)G.
- P. triloba Limdl. var. multiplex (Bge)Rehd. Flowering Almond Flowers double; handsome in bloom in early spring. S(Cultivated, 208 E. 12th St.)G. Ill. RI(Open hilly woods, Watch Tower)G.
- P. cerasus L. Cherry. Freely planted for fruit. S(Duck Creek Park; a wildling)G.

### Leguminosae

### Sophora L.

S. japonica L. Japanese Pagoda-tree. S(Planted tree in front of old Court House; now removed)G.

### Caragana Lam.

C. arborescens Lam. Pea-tree. S(Planted shrub at Davenport Public Library)G.

### Gymnocladus Lam.

G. dioica (L.)K.Koch. Kentucky Coffee-tree. Alluvial woods; infrequent. S(Credit Island; Cultivated tree at 1919 Ripley St.)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Paarmann-Sheldon; Ross.

### Gleditsia L.

G. triacanthos L: Honey Locust. Lowlands and slopes not far from streams; infrequent. S(Davenport)Paarmann-Sheldon; (Fairview)Ross. M(Slope northwest of Fairport)G.

### Cassia L. Senna.

- C. marilandica L. Wild Senna. Low moist silty grounds; infrequent. M(Boggy pond shore. Section 15, Lake Township; floodplain at Saulsbury Bridge)G.
- C. fasciculata Michx. Sensitive-plant. Partridge-Pea C. Chaemocrista L. of Fl.
  - Dry soils, sandy roadsides and waste places; frequent.

S(Nahant)G.; (Devil's Glen)Ross. III. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Paarmann-Sheldon; (north of Cordova)G.

Cercis L.

- C. canadensis L. Red-bud. Wooded slopes and low grounds along streams; frequent. S(Credit Island)G; (Davenport)Ross. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.
- Baptisia Vent. False Indigo.
  - B. leucantha T. & G. White or Prairie False Indigo.
     Prairies, roadsides, in somewhat sandy soils; infrequent.
     S(Allen's Grove; Buffalo; Blue Grass)G.; (Pine Hill Cemetery) Melville.
     Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G.
  - B. leucophaea Nutt.
     Prairies; quite infrequent.
     S(Pine Hill Cemetery, with B. leucantha)G.; (Davenport)Ross.
     (X)Barnes.

### Crotalaria L.

C. sagittata L. Rattle-box Dry sandy places; infrequent. S(Old gravel pit, Duck Creek Park)G. M(Fruitland)Barnes. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross.

Cladastris Raf. Yellow-wood.

- C. lutea (Michx)K.Koch. A southern tree ranging into southern Illinois; rarely planted with us. S(Lau Farm, cultivated)G; Paarmann-Sheldon.
- Trifolium L. Clover.
  - (T. arvense L. Rabbit's foot Clover Ill. Henry Co.(Railroad right-of-way north of Colona)G.
  - T. pratense L. Red Clover. Cultivated; a frequent escape to roadsides. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross.
  - T. repens L. White Clover.
     In lawns, pastures, roadsides, waste places; common. S(Middle Road)G.
     Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Paarmann-Sheldon.
  - T. reflexum L. var. glabrum Lojac. Buffalo Clover. M(Muscatine Island)Barnes. Clinton Co.(Follets)Barnes.
  - T. hybridum L. Alsike Clover. Cultivated; escapes to roadsides and waste places. S(Waverly Road; Chapel Hill Road; Pine Hill Cemetery)G. M(Moscow)Barnes.

- T. agrarium L. Yellow or Hop Clover. Roadsides and waste places; quite infrequent. S(Near the marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G. (X)Barnes.
- T. procumbens L. Low Hop Clover. Pastures and open grassy woods; infrequent. S(In sward at 12th & Division Sts.)G. Ill. RI(Grassy bluff near Illinois City)G.
- T. dubium Sibth. Hop Clover. Becoming frequent along roadsides and in waste places. Not re-ported in the Fl. or by Cratty or Hayden; possible of recent introduction. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G.
- Melilotus Mill.
  - M. officinalis (L.)Lam. Yellow Melilot or Yellow Sweet Clover. Frequent along roadsides and dry waste or sandy places. S(Koenig place; along R. 22)G.
  - M. alba Desr. White Sweet Clover. In similar situations: frequent. S(Utica Ridge Road; R. 22)G.
- Medicago L. Medick.

M. sativa L. Alfalfa. Luzerne. Cultivated as a forage crop and escaped to roadsides and waste places: frequent. S(Ricker's Hill)Barnes. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.

- M. lupulina L. Black Medic. Frequent in open or slightly shaded places; open woods. S(Waverly Road)G. . . . Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.
- Lotus L. Birds'-foot Trefoil
  - L. corniculatus L. M(A weed in an upland grain field northwest of Fairport)G.
- Amorpha L. False Indigo.
  - A. fruticosa L. var. angustifolia Pursh. Along streams; frequent. S(Credit Island)G.; Ross. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Melville.
  - A. canescens Pursh. Lead plant. Dry sandy prairies; frequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G.; (Devil's Glen)Ross. M(Muscatine Co.)Shimek. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Melville.

Petalostemon Michx. Prairie Clover.

P. candidum (Willd.)Michx. White Prairie Clover. Prairies; quite infrequent. Like the following and the preceding, a plant of the upland, or true, prairie. S(Devil's Glen)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G. Ill. RI(Sandy prairie north of Cordova)G.

- P. purpureum (Vent.)Rvdb. Purple Prairie Clover. Dry Prairies: infrequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G.; (Oakton)Ross. Ill. RI(Sandy prairie north of Cordova)G.
- Tephrosia Pers. Goat's Rue.
  - T. virginiana (L.)Pers. var. holosericea (Nutt.)T.& G. Sandy fields and dune-lands. Restricted to dry sandy soils: sometimes frequent locally. S(McCausland)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert. Ill. RI(North of Cordova)G.

(Dalea Juss.

- D. alopecuroides Willd. Clinton Co.(Clinton Co., Sept. 4, 1896)Pammel, ISC. Johnson Co.(Johnson Co., August, 1894)Fitzpatrick, SUI. The specimen in the Barnes Herbarium is without data.
- Robinia L. Locust.
  - R. Pseudo-Acacia L. Black Locust. Formerly much planted and freely escaped. S(Waverly Road; 13th & Brady Sts.)G.
  - R. hispida L. Bristly Locust. Rose Acacia. Cultivated. Occasionally escaped. An old-fashioned garden shrub. S(Davenport, 1867)Nagel & Haupt,
  - R. viscosa Vent. Clammy Locust. A southern species; planted or escaped in our area. S(Roadside, Kimberly Road & Brady St., planted)G.

### Wisteria Nutt. Wisteria.

W. fruticosa (L.)Poir. A southern species, planted in our area; a vine handsome when in flower. S(Division & 12th Sts.)G. and the second se

Astragalus L. Milk Vetch.

- A. canadensis L. Canada Milk Vetch. Low moist grounds or moist prairies; infrequent. S(Credit Island)Ross; G.; (Donahue)G.; (Oakton)Ross. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G .; (Rock Island Arsenal)Melville.
- A. distorta T.& G. M(Sandy Soil; infrequent)Reppert. and the second s
- Coronilla L. Crown-vetch.
  - C. varians L. S(Established as a weed on a terrace in McClellan Heights)G.

Desmodium Desv. Tick-trefoil. Tick-clover

- D. nudiflorum (L)DC. Rich woods: infrequent. M(Wild Cat Den)Barnes; G.
- D. glutinosum (Muhl.) Wood. D. acuminatum (Michx.)DC. of Fl.

D. grandiflorum (Walt.)Ktze.
Rich woods; frequent.
S(Allen's Grove)G.
M(Wild Cat Den)G.
Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.

- D. canescens DC. Hoary Tick-clover.
  - (Incl. D. canescens var. villossissimum Torrl & Gray of Fl.)
     Infrequent; open rather dry or sandy sites.
     S(Gravel-pit, Duck Creek Park; Winfield Township)G.; (Devil's Glen)Ross.
     M(Wyoming Hill)Barnes.
- D. illinoiense Gray. Illinois Tick-clover.
   Prairie remnants and dry sandy soils; infrequent.
   S(Pine Hill Cemetery; Koenig place)G.; (Eldridge)Barnes.
- D. canadense (L.)DC. Canada Tick-clover. Fence-rows, roadsides and dry sandy soils, in the open or along borders of woods; frequent.
  - S(Gravel-pit, Duck Creek Park; Open lot, 12th & Vine Sts.)G. (Pine Hill Cemetery)Ross. M(Wild Cat Den)Barnes; (Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
- D. longifolium (T.& G.)Smyth.
  - D. cuspidatum Torr. & Gray of Fl.
     D. bracteosum (Michx.)DC. var. longifolium (T.& G)Robins.
  - Dry open woods and slopes; infrequent. S(Princeton Township; Border of woods north of Buffalo)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross.
- D. Dillenii Darl. Dillen's Tick-clover.

D. perplexum Schub. of Gray's 8th Ed.
 Borders of woods and in thickets; infrequent.
 S(Low moist ground, edge of woods on pond-shore, Credit Island)G.; (Ricker's Hill)Barnes.
 M(Wild Cat Den)G.
 Inadvertently omitted from the Fl.

- D. paniculatum (L.)DC.
   Open woods or clearings; rare or infrequent.
   M(Wild Cat Den)Barnes; G.
   Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.
- Lespedeza Michx. Bush-clover.
  - L. repens (L.)Bart. Creeping Bush-clover. M(Montpelier)Barnes.
  - L. violacea (L.)Pers. Bush-clover. Dry hillsides; rare or infrequent. S(Ricker's Hill)Barnes. M(Wild Cat Den)G.; (Wyoming Hill)Barnes. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.
  - L. virginiana (L.)R. Britt. Slender Bush-clover.
     L. reticulata Pers. of Fl.
     M(Wild Cat Den)Barnes; G. In a narrow prairie remnant in a clearing on the crest of a rocky spur.

- L. intermedia (S. Wats)R. Britt. L. fruticosa (L.)Britt. Dry spots in woods and clearings; not infrequent. S(Devil's Glen)G. M(Fairport)Barnes. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.
- L. capitata Michx. var. sericea (DC.)T. & G. Round-head Bush-clover. Prairie habitats especially if dry and sandy; when sometimes abundant. S(Blue Grass)Barnes; (Pine Hill Cemetery)G.
- L. capitata Michx. var. stenophylla Bissell & Fern.
   L. capitata var. longifolia T. & G. of Fl.
   M(Wyoming Hill; Wild Cat Den)Barnes.
- L. stipulacea Mixim Korean Bush-clover. Introduced as a forage crop and freely escaped to roadsides and waste places. S(Roadside north of Mercy Hospital)G. M(Crossroad to Big Sand Mound)G.
- (L. cuneata (Dumont)G.Don. Louisa Co.("Apparently grown as a roadside erosion check, bluff above Lake Odessa, Sept. 15, 1955.")Davidson & Thorne, SUI.
- Vicia L. Vetch.
  - V. sativa L. Spring Vetch. S(Blue Grass)Barnes.
  - V. angustifolia Reichard. Common Vetch. M(Roadside, hill road north of Montpelier)G.
  - V. villosa Roth. Hairy Vetch. Winter Vetch. S(Roadside in LeClaire)G.
  - V. americana Muhl. American Vetch. M(Muscatine Co.)Shimek.

Lathyrus L. Vetchling Wild Pea.

- L. palustris L. Vetchling Thickets in damp grounds; infrequent or rare. S(Allen's Grove)Barnes; alluvial thicket on island at crossing of R. 61 at the Wapsie)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)Ross.
- L. latifolia L. Everlasting Pea. Occasional in gardens or on fences and escaped. S(Roadside north Harrison St. Road)G.

Apios Medic. Ground Nut. Wild Bean.

- A. americana Medic
   A. tuberosa Moench. of Fl.
   In rich moist to wet ground; infrequent.
   S(Fejervary Park ravine)G.
   M(Hanging bog, road south of Pine Mill)G.
- Strophostyles Ell. Wild Bean.
  - S. helveola (L.)Ell.
     S. angulosa Ell. of Fl.
     Frequent on shores and sandy grounds generally.
     S(Credit Island)G.
     M(Muscatine Co.)G.

- S. leiosperma (T.& G.)Piper. S. pauciflora Wats. of Fl. Dry sandy soil, infrequent. S(Sandy roadside north of Allen's Grove)G. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G.
- Amphicarpa Ell. Hog Pea-nut.
  - phicarpa Ell. Hog Pea-nut. A. bracteata (L.)Fern. A. monoica Nutt. of Fl. Woods; fairly frequent. S(Credit Island; Pine Hill Cemetery)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
  - A. bracteata (L.)Fern. var. comosa (L.)Fern.
     A. Pitcheri Torr. & Gray of Fl.
     Moist woods and ditches; infrequent.
     S(Waverly Road)G.
     M(Wild Cat Den)G.

### Glycine L. Soybean

G. Max. (L.)Merr. Extensively cultivated; occasional as a roadside escape. S(Roadside, Blue Grass)G.

### Linaceae

### Linum L. Flax

- L. usitatissimum L. Common Flax. "Railroad tracks; common." Fl. That was sixty years ago. Now no longer seen. S("Roadsides, occasional.")Melville.
- L. sulcatum Riddell. Yellow Flax. S(Oakton)Ross. M(Montpelier)Barnes.

### Oxalidaceae

# Oxalis L. Wood-sorrel

- O. violacea L. Violet Wood-sorrel Rather dry sandy prairies; sandy openings in woodlands. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G. M(Wild Cat Den; Lindle's Woods)G.
- O. stricta (L.) var. piletocarpa Wieg. Yellow Wood-sorrel In old sterile or sandy soils; infrequent. S(Noels; Credit Island)G. Ill. RI(Sandy ground, Section 22, Cordova Township)G.
- europaea Jord. Lady's Sorrel. 0. Fence-rows, roadsides, etc.; a frequent weed. S(Allen's Grove; Fairmount Cemetery)G.
- O. europaea Jord. var. Bushii Small. In similar situations; less frequent. The upper surface of the leaflets appressed-pubescent. S(Ĉredit Island)G. M(Fairport, pond-margin)G. S(Credit Island)G.
- O. floridana Salisb. S(Abandoned gravel-pit west of Nahant)G.

O. rufa Small.

A form with purple or brown foliage. S(As a weed in a flower bed at 1113 W. 11th St.)G.

### Geraniaceae

- Geranium L. Geranium. Crane's-bill. G. maculatum L. Wild Geranium Open woods and meadows; frequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Melville.
  - G. carolinianum L. Carolina Geranium. Dry sandy situations; very infrequent. M(Lindle's Woods; Brasenia Pond, Lake Township)G. Clinton Co.(Sandy shore north of Stevens' Bridge)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Melville.

### Zygophyllaceae

Tribulus L. T. terrestris L. Caltrop Dry waste or sandy soil; infrequent. S(Switch yard at Schmidt's Crossing)G. M(Muscatine Island)G.

### Rutaceae

Xanthoxylum Gmel. Prickly Ash. X. americanum Mill. An undershrub in rich woods; infrequent. S(Allen's Grove)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G. Ptelea L. Wafer Ash.

P. trifoliata L. Borders of woods and thickets; infrequent. S(Duck Creek Park; road to McCausland)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower; Rock Island Arsenal)G.

### Simarubiaceae

Ailanthus Desf. Tree of Heaven. A. altissima (Mill.)Swingle.
 A. glandulosa Desf. of Fl.
 Occasionally planted Frequently spreading by suckers or seeds. S(Southwest corner of Ripley and Locust Sts.)G.

#### Polygalaceae

Polygala L. Milkwort. (P. polygama Walt.

Dry sandy prairies and sand fields; infrequent. Clinton Co.("Grand Mound, June 13, 1938.")Fred Weiss, ISC. Ill. RI(Sandy field near "The Oasis" north of Cordova)G. Ill.(Whiteside Co. Dunes north of Fulton)G.

- P. Senega L. Seneca Snake-root.
  - "Dry soil; frequent." Fl. M("Along the railroad track 5 miles north of Summit, June 21, 1924) Shimek, SUI. M(Open woods, June, 1892) Reppert. Cedar Co.(Rochester Cemetery)G.

Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Melville.

- P. incarnata L.
  - M("Old prairie sand dune at school house, 7 miles northwest of Muscatine, August 29, 1929.")Shimek, SUI.
- P. cruciata L.
  - M("Among moss, in partial shade, outlying border of pond in the sand hills near Cedar River, Lake Township, Muscatine Co. Sept. 4 (no year indicated) Reppert, SUI. M(Muscatine Co., Dry hillside, Sept. 1898)Reppert, SUI.
- P. sanguinea L.
  - Dry prairies; frequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery; sandy prairie at the marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G.

M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.

P. verticillata L.

S("Kraft Farm, July 11, 1941.")Hauber. M("Margin of pond, Lake Township; rare, October, 1892.")Reppert, SUI; (Open woods west of sphagnum bog northwest of Bayfield, October 5, 1921.")Shimek, SUI. 11. RI(Dry sand fields north of Cordova)G.

### Euphorbiaceae

Croton L. Croton

- C. glandulosus L. var. septentrionalis (Muell.)Arg. Sand Croton. Dry sand fields; frequent locally. M(Wild Cat Den; Fairport)G. Louisa Co.(Dunes at Big Sand Mound)G. Ill. RI(Field south of Meredosia; Cordova)G.

  - C. capitata Michx. Woolly Croton. Dry sandy soils; infrequent. S(Bettendorf)Hauber. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)G. Clinton Co.(North of Steven's Bridge)G.
  - C. texensis (Klotsch)Muell. Arg. Skunkweed. M("Along the railroad; infrequent, September, 1897")Reppert,SUI.
- (Crotonopsis Michx. Rushfoil.
  - C. linearis Michx.
    - Ill. Whiteside Co.(Dunes at Lock 13)G.
- Acalypha L. Three-seeded Mercury.
  - A. rhomboidea Raf.
- A. virginica of Fl. chiefly.
   A frequent weed in moist shaded places.
   S(Credit Island; 127 W. 14th St.)G. M(Wild Cat Den; Lindle's Woods)G.

A. virginica L. Moist to dry open wooded hillsides; roadsides; infrequent. S(Roadside, Hickory Grove Road; Pine Hill Cemetery)G. Ill. Mercer Co.(South of Illinois City)G. A. gracilis Fray A. virginica var. gracilis Muell. of Fl. "Dry sandy soil; frequently and abundant locally." Fl. S(Noels)Barnes. M(Saulsbury Bridge)Barnes. bhorbia L. Spurge. E. supina Raf. Milk spurge. Chamaesyce supina (Raf.)Moldenke Euphorbia L. Spurge. Euphorbia maculata L. of Gray's 7th Ed. Door yards, alleys, and dry waste places generally; frequent. S(Schmidt's Crossing)G. (E. humistrata Engelm. (X)Barnes, a doubtful specimen. E. Geyeri Engelm. Chamaesyce Geyeri (Engelm.)Small. Sandy fields and sand dunes; local. S(Walcott)Barnes. M(Moscow)Barnes. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G. E. glyptosperma Engelm. Chamaesyce glyptosperma (Engelm.)Small. Sandy fields and sand dunes; local; in similar suitations as the last. S(Walcott)Barnes. M(Moscow)Barnes. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G. E. maculata L. of Gray's 8th Ed. Roadsides and waste via 8th Ed. E. Preslii Guss. Upright Spurge. Roadsides and waste places in dry soil; infrequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G.; (Pleasant Valley)Ross. E. dentata Michx. Toothed Spurge. Poinsettia dentata (Michx.)Small. S(A weed in the underpass at Fifth & Brady Sts.)G. E. heterophylla L. Painted Leaf. Spurge. Poinsettia heterophylla (L.)Klotz & Garcke. M(Moscow)Barnes; (Lindle's Woods; R. 22 at Cedar River Crossing)G. E. cuphosperma Engelm. Poinsettia cuphosperma (Engelm.)Small. S(A single collection from Fairmount Cemetery)G.

- E. dictyosperma Fisch. & Mey. E. arkansana and var. missouriensis Norton. S(Noels; Wapsie)Barnes. Clinton Co.(Follets)Barnes.
- E. Cyparissias L. Cypress Spurge. Planted and escaped in cemeteries. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G.; (Alley at 17th & Brady Sts.)G.

- E. Peplus L. Petty Spurge. M(Muscatine County)Reppert.
- E hexagona Nutt. Sandy open grounds; local. M(Saulsbury Bridge)G. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G.
- E. marginata Pursh. Snow on the Mountain. Planted in gardens and occasionally escaped. S(Nahant)G.; (Scott Co.)Melville.
- corollata L. Flowering Spurge. Fields, clearings, roadsides; frequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)Ross; G. E. M(Wild Cat Den)G.

#### Callitrichaceae

Callitriche L. Water-wort. Water Chick-weed. Water-Starwort.

C. heterophylla L.

C. verna of Fl.

M("Pond in creek valley east of Moscow.")Shimek.

# Anacardiaceae

Cotinus Dunham. Smoke tree.

gygria Scop. asional in cultivation. S(Lau Farm, cultivated)G. C. Coggygria Scop. Occasional in cultivation.

- Rhus L. Sumac. Poison Ivy.
  - R. glabra L. Smooth Sumac. Dry soils; roadsides, fence rows, dry grasslands; frequent. S(Locust & Middle Road)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Paarmann-Sheldon.
  - (R. aromatica Ait. var. illinoiensis (Greene)Rehd. Fragrant Sumac. R. canadensis Marsh of Fl. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G. Bushes, possible planted on the dry hillside at the shelter north of Black Hawk Road.
  - R. arenaria (Greene)G.N. Jones.
    - R. canadensis March of Fl. in part.
    - R. triloba Nutt.

Dry sandy soils; often in bottomlands; more frequent in Muscatine County.

- S(Near McCausland)Morrissey. M(Weiss' Slough; Wild Cat Den)G.
- R. radicans L. Poison Ivy.
  - R. Toxicodendron L. of Fl. In thickets and climbing on trees; frequent in alluvial woods. S(On a fence east of Noels)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.
- (R. radicans L. var. vulgaris (Michx.)DC. forma Negundo (Greene) Fern. With the last.

Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.

#### Celastraceae

Euonymus L. Spindle Tree E. atropurpureus Jacq. Burning Bush. Wahoo. Rich woods and thickets. S(Credit Island)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.

- E. Europaeus L. European Spindle Tree. Occasionally planted: S(Vanderveer Park)G.
- E. alatus (Thunb.)Sieb. Winged Spindle Tree. Occasionally planted for ornament. Turns a bright pink in the fall. S(Credit Island)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.

Celastrus L. Bittersweet

- C. scandens L. Thickets, dry or moist woods, river banks; frequent. S(Credit Island)G.; (Duck Creek Park; Chapel Hill Road)G.; (Fairview)Ross. M(Wild Cat Den)G.
- (C. orbiculatus Thunb. From Asia; cultivated and escaped; apparently established at Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)G.

#### Staphyleaceae

Staphylea L. Bladdernut S. trifoliata L. Rich woods: infrequent. S(Credit Island)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross; Paarmann-Sheldon.

Acer L. Maple

#### Aceraceae

- A. Pseudo-platanus L. Sycamore Maple S(Southwest corner of Main & Lombard Sts.)G.
- A. Ginnala Maxim. Tartarian Maple. A. tataricum var. Ginnala Maxim Rarely planted. Blossoms very fragrant. S(Vanderveer Park; a planted tree)G.
- A. platanoides L. Norway Maple. Frequently (and unwisely) planted in lawns. Several varieties. S(Fejervary Park; 15th & Ripley Sts.)G.
- A. saccharum Marsh. Sugar or Hard Maple. A. saccharinum Wang. of Fl. Rich hilly and upland woods; frequent. Wild Cat Den. Not infrequently planted in town. S(724 Brady St., planted: 14th & Pershing Sts., planted; Vanderveer Park)G.

- A. nigrum Michx. Black Maple.
   A. saccharinum Marsh var. nigrum Torr. of Fl.
   Wooded hillsides; rare.
   M(Crest of steep hillside northwest of Fairport)G.
- A. rubrum L. Red or Scarlet Maple. Planted in our area; native in Missouri and southern Illinois. Rare. S(Vanderveer Park)G.
- A. saccharinum L. Silver or Soft Maple.
   A. dasycarpum Ehrh. of Fl.
   A riverbank and bottomland tree; very frequent. S(Davenport)Ross.
- A. saccharinum L. forma ? A form with bright red twigs, dense foliage, turning bright yellow in the fall, and samaras smaller than in the species. S(northeast corner of 14th & Washington Sts., planted)G.
- A. saccharinum L. var. laciniatum (Carr.)Pax. Cut-leaf Maple. A horticultural form with deeply dissected leaves. S(Boulevard, E. Kirkwood)G.
- A. Negundo L. Box-elder. Negundo aceroides Moenck of Fl. Frequent; weedy and spreading aggresively along roadsides. Now rarely planted, and practically absent from our native woods. S(Davenport)Ross; (Waverly Road)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.

#### Hippocastanaceae

#### Aesculus L. Horse-chestnut. Buckeye.

- A. glabra Willd. Ohio Buckeye.
   "Formerly frequent." Fl. Now met with only as planted trees. S(Vanderveer Park; 824 W. 14th St., 410 E. 14th St.)G.
- A. glabra Willd. var. pallida Schelle.
   A. arguta Buckl.
   S(Planted tree at Columbia Ave.)G.
- A. octandra Marsh. Yellow or Sweet Buckeye. Southern states to lower Illinois S(Cultivated, 8th & Brady Sts.)Paarmann-Sheldon.
- A. Pavia L. Red Buckeye. Also southern species. S(Cultivated, 8th & Brady Sts.)Paarmann-Sheldon.
- A. Hippocastanum L. Horse-chestnut. From southern Europe; much planted for shade and ornament. S(Harrison St. near 15th)G.

#### Sapindaceae

Xanthoceras Bge. X. sorbifolium Bge From North China. Showy flowers in carly spring. S(Cultivated, Lau Farm)G.

#### Balsaminaceae

Impatiens L. Jewel-weed. Touch-me-not.

- I. pallida Nutt. Pale Touch-me-not. Moist bottomlands, in clearings or half-shade, less frequent in upland woods; usually abundant when present. M(Wild Cat Den)Barnes; G.
- I. biflora Willd. Spotted Touch-me-not. Habitats much like the preceding; possibly more frequent. M(Wild Cat Den)G; (Wyoming Hill)Barnes.
- Rhamnus L. Buckthorn.

#### Rhamnaceae

- R. cathartica L. Common Buckthorn. Introduced and planted for hedges; quickly escapes. S(Duck Creek Park. Planted, escaped, and established in the adjoining woods)G.
- R. lanceolata Pursh. Lance-leaf Buckthorn.
   "Cedar River region; Princeton; infrequent."Fl. S(Davenport)Haupt. M(Cedar River region, August, 1897.)Reppert, SUI.
   III. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Melville.

Ceanothus L. Redroot.

- C. americana L. New Jersey Tea. Dry upland prairie remnants; infrequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery prairie)G; (Oakton)Ross.
- Ampelopsis Michx.
  - A. cordata Michx. A southern vine frequently seen on brick and stone walls. S(14th & Brady Sts., cultivated)G.
- Parthenocissus Planch. Virginia Creeper.
  - P. quinquefolia (L.)Planch. Ampelopsis quinquefolia Michx. of Fl. Tendrils tipped with adhesive suckers. Fences, clearings, open woods, grassy fields; frequent in low woods. S(Credit Island)G.

Vitaceae

- P. vitacea (Knerr.)Hitchc.
   P. inserta (Knerr.)Fritsch.
   Low woods, thickets; situations like the last; frequent.
   S(Credit Island)G.
   III. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross.
- Vitis L. Grape.
  - V. cinerea Engelm. Downy Grape. M("Section 15 and 16, Aronia Township, east of Conesville, in bottomland woods.")Thorne, SUI. Louisa Co.("Muscatine Island, August, 1897.")Shimek & Myers.
  - V. riparia Michx. River bank Grape. Frequent. River banks and alluvial woods; occasional in upland woods.

S(Credit Island; Devil's Glen)G.

- V. vulpina L. Frost Grape.
   V. cordata Michx.
   Borders of woods and openings; infrequent.
   M(Open hillside thicket, Wild Cat Den)G.
   Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal, border of low woods)G.
- V. Labrusca. Bailey. Cultivated Grapes. A group of various cultivated forms; rare as escapes. S(128 W. 14th St., cultivated)G.

#### Tiliaceae

- T. americana L. American Linden. Rich woods, lowland and especially upland; frequent. S(Credit Island)G.
- T. europaea L. Small-leaf or European Linden. Occasionally met with as cultivated trees. S(Fejervary Park)G.

#### Malvaceae

Malva L. Mallow.

 M. sylvestris L. High Mallow.
 M("About dwellings and as an occasional escape from gardens., August, 1891.")Reppert, SUI.

M. neglecta Wallr. Common Mallow. "Cheese."
 M. rotundifolia L. of Fl.
 Dry waste places; infrequent.
 S(Waste place; 14th & Harrison Sts.; 15th & LeClaire Sts.)G.

#### Althaea L.

 A. rosea Gav. Hollyhock. Cultivated and frequently escaped. S(Davenport)G.

#### Callirhoe Nutt. Poppy-Mallow.

- (C. triangulata (Leavenw.)Gray Sandy soil; roadsides and railroad right-of-ways; infrequent. Ill. RI(Sandy soil between the railroad and R. 80 north of Cordova)G.
- C. involucrata (T.&G.)Gray. S(Davenport, (without precise locality), June 6, 1895)Shimek, SUI.

#### (Napaea L. Glade-Mallow.

N. dioica L.

- Ill. RI(Low ground along the Hennepin Canal)Paarmann-Sheldon.
- Sphaeralcea St. Hil. False Mallow. Glade Mallow.
  - S. angusta (Gray)Fern. Malvastrum angustum, Gray of Fl. S("Davenport, from A.A. Miller, 1898)Reppert, SUI. M("River bank near Montpelier, June, 1895.")A.A. Miller, SUI.

#### Sida L.

S. spinosa L. Prickly Mallow. S(Devil's Glen, Sept. 17, 1931)Hauber. M(Saulsbury Bridge)G.

#### Abutilon Mill.

A. Theophrasti Medic. Velvet-leaf.
 A. Avincennae Gaertn. of Fl.
 Waste places, cultivated fields; frequent.
 S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G.

Hibiscus L. Rose-Mallow.

- H. militaris Cav. Soldier's Rose-mallow.
   In shallow water of sloughs, ponds, marshes, back waters, etc.; frequent.
   S(Marsh northeast of Allen's Grove)G.
   M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
- H. Trionum L. Bladder Ketmia. Flower-of-a-Day In and about cornfields; infrequent. S(Allen's Grove; Roadside to Pine Hill Cemetery; waste ground, 11th & Vine Sts.)G.
- H. Syriaca L. Rose of Sharon. Shrubby Althaea. An Asian shrub; planted for ornament; persistent. S(Blue Grass)Barnes; (Cultivated, 15th & Main Sts.)G.

#### Gossypium L. Cotton.

G. herbaceum L. Appearing with us only as a railroad waif, or planted as a rarity. S(Blue Grass)Barnes.

#### Guttiferae

- Hypericum L. St. John's Wort. H. pyramidatum Ait. Great St. John's Wort. H. Ascyron L. of Fl. Low bottomlands; ditches; rare. S(Marsh northeast of Allen's Grove)G.; (Davenport)Ross. (X)Paarmann-Sheldon H. perfoliatum L. Common St. John's Wort. Appears as a casual weed in unexpected places; in dry grounds. roadsides and green sward; infrequent and always as only a few plants. S(Prairie, Pine Hill Cemetery; sunny roadside near McCausland)G. H. punctatum Lam. H. maculatum Walt, of Fl. Fields, banks and open woods; not infrequent. S(Hickory Grove)G.; (Devil's Glen)Ross. M(Wild Cat Den)G. H. sphaerocarpum Michx. H. cistifolium Lam. of Fl. Rather dry and sandy fields and roadsides; frequent. S(Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church; Pine Hill Cemetery; Devil's Glen)G. M(Roadside, Montpelier)G. H. mutilum L.
  - Damp sandy grounds; not infrequent; sometimes with H. majus. S(Sandy ditch northeast of St. Anne's Church; Credit Island)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Shimek. Louisa Co. (Pond shore, Big Sand Mound)G.

- H. majus (Gray)Britt. Same situations as the last; sometimes with it. S(Credit Island; marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G.
- X H. majus X H. mutilum S(Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G. Putative parents both present.
- H. frondosum Michx. Golden St. John's Wort. H. aureum Bartr. S(Low cultivated shrub at Vanderveer Park)G.
- (H. spathulatum (Spach.)Steud. Shrubby St. John's Wort. H. prolificum L. of auth. Cedar Co.(Fence-row along No. 6, west of Wilton)G.
- (H. gymnanthemum Engelm. & Gray Reported in the Fl."Low ground; frequent." No specimen has been located. A single collection in the Barnes Herbarium is H. majus, which is omitted from the Fl.
- H. virginianum L. var. Graseri (Spach.) Fern. Marsh St. John's Wort. Triadenum Fraseri (Spach.)Gleason. Elodea campanulata Pursh. of Fl. "Wet grounds along Cedar River; Noels." Fl. S(Noels)Barnes. M(Saulsbury Bridge)Barnes.
- (H. gentianoides (L.)BSP. Orange grass. Pin-weed. H. nudicaule Walt. of Fl. Sarothra gentianoides L. "Sandy soil, Lake Township, Muscatine Island; Noels." Fl. (X)Barnes.

#### Tamariscaceae the local second second second second

- Tamarix L.
  - T. gallica L. French Tamarisk. Cultivated for ornament; a native of the Mediterranean region. S(Vanderveer Park)G.

#### Cistaceae

Helianthemum Mill. Rock-rose.

H. canadense (L.)Michx. Frost-weed.

- Dry sandy soil; rare or infrequent.
  - M("Sandy alluvial flat east of Cedar River, June 28, 1919.") Shimek, ISC.
  - M("Dunes north of Bayfield, October 14, 1919.")Shimek, ISC. M("Sandy hills along Cedar River, open woods; frequent.
  - 1892.")Reppert, SUI.
  - Ill. Whiteside Co.(Sandy roadside to Lock 13)G.
- H. Bicknellii Fern. Frost-weed.
  - In dry sandy soils like the last; more frequent. S(In part shade, prairie at Pine Hill Cemetery)G. M(Sandy soil east of Brasenia Pond, Lake Township)G. Ill. RI(Sandy field south of the Meredosia along R. 80)G.

- Lechea L. Pin-weed.
  - L. tenuis Michx.
    - Dry sandy soil; infrequent.
      - M(Lake Township)Reppert.
      - Ill. RI(Sandy prairie south of the Meredosia)G.
  - L. stricta Leggett.
    - Dry sandy soils; infrequent; sonietimes with the last. S(Walnut Grove)Miller. M(Muscatine Co. Cedar River region)Reppert. Ill. Whiteside Co.(Sandy road to Lock 13)G.
- Viola L. Violet.
  - V. pedata L. Bird's foot Violet. V. pedata L. var. bicolor Pursh of Fl. M("Lake Township with the common form. Two upper petals, deep violet-purple. May"(no year indicated)Reppert, SUI.

Violaceae

- V. pedata L. var. lineariloba DC. Bird's foot Violet. Sandy prairies and sandy open woods and borders; not general but sometimes abundant locally. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)Ross; G; (Oakton)Ross. M(Brasenia Pond, Lake Township)G; (Pine Mill)Reppert.
- V. papilionacea Pursh. Butterfly Violet. Moist meadows and swales: moist grassy roadsides; dooryards; frequent. Our most widely distributed species. S(Waverly Road; Duck Creek Park; Credit Island)G. M(Pine Creek)G.
- V. sororia Willd. Woolly Wood-violet. Damp to rather dry open upland or lowland woods and clearings; frequent. S(Allen's Grove; Credit Island)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.
- V. missouriensis Greene. Missouri Violet. Low damp sandy or silty soils; in part shade; frequent. S(Duck Creek Park; Credit Island)G. M(Wild Cat Den; Saulsbury Bridge)G.
- V. nephrophylla Greene. Northern Bog-violet. M(Boggy grassy edge of Nelumbo Pond, Section 15, Lake Township)G.
- V. septentrionalis Greene.
  - Ill. RI(Open woods on the bluff path, Watch Tower)G. Sepals pubescent on the face, ciliate on the margins the narrow angled auricles ciliate, the lower petal bearded. A single collection. Verified by Russell.
- V. fimbriatula Sm.
  - V. sagittata Ait of Fl.? and of some authors.
  - In moist silty and rather dry sandy soils; infrequent. S(In the silty clay loam, Noels; in loamy sand at the marsh
    - northeast of St. Anne's Church)G.
    - M(Moist sandy edge of Barsenia Pond, Lake Township with V. lanceolata)G.

- V. pedatifida G. Don. Prairie Violet. Upland prairie remnants; infrequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G.; (Oakton)Ross.
- X V. papilionacea Pursh x V. pedatifida G. Don
  - V. palmata L. of Fl.
  - V. Bernardi Green of some authors. S(Pine Hill Cemetery; occasional along the disturbed borders of the native prairie)G.
- X V. papilionacea Purch x V. fimbriatula Sm. M(A plant interpreted as this hybrid was collected in the low woods on the upper terrace of Pine Creek on the border of the woods east of the creek)G. Verified by Russell.
- (X V. missouriensis Green x V. sororia Willd. Ill.(Moist wooded ravine, Watch Tower)G.
- X V. missouriensis Greene x V. papilionacea Pursh.
   S(Credit Island along edge of trees on north shore, scattered and in a natural bed with both parents present, south of the road just east of the stables)G.
- X V. papilionacea Pursh. x V. sororia Willd. A large series of intermediates between these two species are probably best regarded as hybrids.
  - S(Credit Island, open woods, south border of the north road)G.
  - V. pallens (Banks)Brainerd M("Bog among fixed dunes, 8 miles northwest of Muscatine, May 16, 1935.")Shimek,SUI. Redetermined by Russell.
  - V. incognita Brainerd.

M(Wild Cat Den, (no date and collector unknown); ("On rocky talus at base of sandstone bluff, Wild Cat Den, May 16, 1935.")Shimek, SUI. ("Half-shaded damp places at base of rocky ledges at Pine Mill, July, 1891.")Reppert, SUI. All redetermined by Russell.

- V. primulifolia L: M("Cedar River region, Lake Township in a wet depression in the sandhills; of small area. (In same place where found Osmunda regalis), October 1892.")Reppert, SUI.
- V. lanceolata L. Lance-leaf Violet Damp to wet sandy ground; swales and pond-shores; infrequent. S(Sandy marsh side northeast of St. Anne's Church)G. M(Margin of Brasenia Pond, Lake Township)G.
- V. eriocarpa Schwein. Smooth Yellow Violet V. pubescens Ait. of Fl.
  - Rich moist upland or lowland woods; frequent. S(Credit Island; Allen's Grove)G.
    - M(Wild Cat Den)G.

Our fruiting specimens from six stations have smooth capsules; two have the capsules woolly. Plants from Rock Island Arsenal show both kinds.

V. pubescens Ait. Downy Yellow Violet. S(North-facing steep wooded slope at Pineo's Grove)G. The separation of this plant from the preceeding is extremely uncertain. This is the only collection that seems to qualify. M("Dry upland woods, Wild Cat Den, May 31, 1924.")Shimek, SUI. A number of introduced species are occasionally met with in flower gardens.

- V. odorata L. Sweet or English Violet. S(Mrs. Dow's Garden, 2002 Harrison St.)G.
- V. canadensis L. Canada Violet In our area only in cultivation. S(1428 N. Main St.)G.
- V. striata Ait. Only in cultivation. S(1428 N. Main St.)G.
- V. Priceana Pollard Confederate Violet. S(Mrs. Mizener's Garden, 2747 E. High St.)G.
- V. tricolor L. Pansy S("Yard," Davenport)Melville; ("Davenport")Ross. Flowers 1½ cm. long. May be V. arvensis. If this collection came from a garden it is the only garden plant collected by her.

#### Cactaceae

Opuntia Mill. Prickly Pear

O. Rafinesquii Engelm.
 O. humifusa Raf.
 Restricted to sand dunes and dry sand prairies. Not observed in Scott County.
 M(Sandy hilltop overlooking Nelumbo Pond, Section 15, Lake Township)G.
 (X)Barnes.

(Dirca L.

## Thymelaeaceae

D. palustris L. Leatherwood. Moosewood. Johnson Co.(Turkey Creek)Thorne, SUI.

Elaeagnus L. Oleaster.

Elaeagnaceae

E. angustifolia L. Russian olive. Occasionally planted and escaped. S(1515 Mound St., a roadside escape)G.

#### Peplis L.

#### Lythraceae

Peplis diandra Nutt. Water-Purslane Didiplis linearis Raf. of Fl. "Bottom of shallow pond near Noels." Fl. S(Noels, 1896)Barnes.

Rotala L.

R. ramosior L. Koehne var. typica Fern & Grisc.
 Wet or muddy pond shores; infrequent.
 M(Saulsbury Bridge)Barnes; (Muscatine County)G.

R. ramosior L. Koehne var. interior Fern & Grisc. Muddy pond shores and bottoms; infrequent. S(Credit Island)G. M(Fairport Fishponds)G.

#### Amannia L.

- A. coccinea Rothb.
   Wet shores and muddy flats; infrequent.
   S(Nahant; Credit Island)G.
   M(Muscatine Co., Fairport)G.
- Lythrum. L. Loosestrife
  - L. alatum Pursh. Moist low grounds and moist ditches. S(Allen's Grove; Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G. M(Montpelier)G.
  - L. Salicaria L. Spiked or Purple Loosestrife. An occasional escape from flower gardens. S(Abandoned city dump at 11th & Vine Sts.)G.

#### Nyssaceae

#### Nyssa

N. sylvestris Marsh var. caroliniana (Poir)Fern. Tupelo. Sour Gun Tree. A tree of the southern states; rarely planted with us. S(Cultivated trees at the Lau Farm)Paarmann-Sheldon; G.

#### Melastomaceae

- Rhexia L. Meadow Beauty
  - R. virginica L.
     "In a wet depression in the sand-hills in Lake Township." Fl. M(Lake Township)Reppert., G.

#### Onagraceae

#### Ludwigia L. False Loosestrife.

- L. alternifolia L. Seedbox.
  - Wet muddy or sandy shores and ditches; infrequent. S(Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G. M(Northwest of Bayfield)Shimek; (Moscow)Barnes. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G.
  - L. polycarpa Short. Pond shores and wet ditches; infrequent. S(Credit Island; Allen's Grove; McCausland)G.; (Noels) -Barnes. M(Saulsbury Bridge)Barnes.
  - L. palustris (L.) Ell. var. americana (DC)Fern & Grisc. In mud and water of shallow ponds. S(Noels)Barnes. Clinton Co.(Fillets)Barnes. M(On sandy margins of ponds.)Reppert.

Epilobium L. Willow-herb

- E. coloratum Biehler.
  - Rather frequent; in moist ditches and low wet places. S(Davenport)Ross; (Fejervary Park; Crossroads north of Donahue)G.
    - M(Border of Nelumbo Pond, Section 15, Lake Township)G.

Oenothera L. Evening Primrose

- O. biennis L. Moist or dry waste places and roadsides; frequent. S(Credit Island)G. M(Lake Township)G.
- O. biennis L. var. pycnocarpa (Atkinson & Bartlett)Wieg. S(Waste lot, 11th & Vine Sts.)G. M(Muscatine Co.,)Reppert.
- O. biennis var. canescens T. & G. M(Montpelier)G.
- D. biennis var. hirsutissima Gray.
   O. strigosa Mack & Bush.
   Dry banks; infrequent.
   M(Road cut in loess, Montpelier Township)G.
- D. parviflora L.
   O. muricata L.
   Dry sandy prairies and sand dunes; restricted.
   S(Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church; Road cut northeast of Blue Grass)G.
   W(Weiss' Slough; Wild Cat Den)G.
- O. grandiflora Ait.
   O. biennis var. grandiflora Lindl. of Fl.
   From Europe; occasionally in flower gardens and escaped.
   S(Eldridge, 1896)Barnes; (Davenport)Ross.
- O. rhombipetala Nutt. Sandy soils; prairies and dunes; restricted. S(Noels)G. M(Lake Township)G.; (Muscatine Co.)Reppert. Clinton Co.(Camanche)G.
- O. laciniata Hill.
  O. sinuata L. of Fl. Sandy places; rare.
  M("Sandy flat east bank of Cedar River at Saulsbury Bridge, May 17, 1952.")Thorne, SUI. ("Muscatine, Iowa.")Reppert.
  Ill. Henry Co.(Bottom of an abandoned sandstone quarry)G.
  Ill. Whiteside Co.(Sandy flat east of Fulton)G.
- O. pilosella Raf. Sundrops. O. fruticosa L. of Fl.
  - O. fruticosa L. var. hirsuta Nutt. M(In boggy ground of edge of Nelumbo Pond, Section 15, Lake Township; Dry sandy roadside north of Bayfield)G.
- Gaura L. Gaura
  - G. biennis L.
     Dry or moist roadsides, ditches, etc.; infrequent.
     S(Buffalo)G.
     M(Wild Cat Den)G.
  - (G. parviflora Dougl. Reported in the Fl.; "Front St., Muscatine."; but no specimen has been located.

#### Circaea L. Enchanter's Nightshade

- C. quadrisulcata (Maxim)Franch & Sav. C. Lutetiana L. of Fl. Damp woods; infrequent. S(Credit Island; Devil's Glen)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.
- C. alpina L.

M("Base of wet ledge, Wild Cat Den, August, 1896.")Reppert, SUI.

#### Halogoraceae

Myriophyllum L. Water-Milfoil

exalbescens Fern. M. spicatum L. of Fl. M(Saulsbruy Bridge)Reppert. pinnatum (Walt.)BSP M. exalbescens Fern.

M. pinnatum (Walt.)BSP. M. scabratum Michx. of Fl. M(Pine Mill)Reppert.

Proserpinaca L. Mermaid-weed. P. palustris L. M(Saulsbury Bridge, 1896)Barnes.

# Araliaceae

Aralia L.

- A. spinosa L. Hercules' Club Southern; ranges to southern Illinois; infrequently planted with us. S(Davenport)G. a find the second state of the
- A. racemosa L. Spikenard Rich woods; not infrequent. S(Allen's Grove)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.; (Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
- A. nudicaulis L. Wild Sarsaparilla. M("Wild Cat Den, May 17, 1891.")Reppert; ("Wooded bluff, Wild Cat Den, May 8, 1903.")Shimek, SUI.

Panax L. Ginseng.

P. guinguefolia L. Aralia quinquefolia Descne & Planch. of Fl. Rich moist woods; infrequent. S(Allen's Grove)G. M(Township Seventy-six)G.; ("Upland woods southwest of Muscatine, June 12, 1911.")Shimek. (X)Barnes.

#### Umbelliferae

Sanicula L. Black Snake-root. Sanicle

- S. marilandica L. M(Grassy roadside, back road to Wild Cat Den)G.
  - gregaria Bickn. S. Rich woods; frequent. S(Credit Island; Duck Creek Park; Devil's Glen)G. M(Lake Township)G.; (Muscatine Co.)Reppert; Shimek.

S. canadensis L. Moist or dry woods; frequent. S(Fejervary Park)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G. S. trifoliata Bickn. Woods: rare.

M(Wild Cat Den)G.

Eryngium L.

- E. yuccifolium Michx. Rattlesnake-master. Prairie habitats; infrequent. S(Oakton)Ross; (Pine Hill Cemetery)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
- E. Leavenworthii T. & G. S(The Brandt sisters' garden)Paarmann-Sheldon.

Chaerophyllum L. C. procumbens (L.)Crantz. Chervil Moist alluvial woods and flood plains; infrequent. S(Credit Island)G. M(Saulsbury Bridge)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross.

Osmorhiza Raf. Sweet Cicely O. Claytonii (Michx.)C.B. Clarke. O.\_ brevistylis DC. of Fl. Dry or moist upland woods; frequent. S(Allen's Grove)Barnes. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross.

O. longirostris (Torr.)DC. Anise-root. Dry or moist upland woods; infrequent. S(Duck Creek Park; Indian Road)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross.

Conium L. Poison Hemlock

- C. maculatum
  - An occasional weed in waste places, and along dry roadsides. S(Waste place northeast of Pine Hill Cemetery)G. M(Roadside west of Durant)G.

Spermolepis Raf.

S. inermis (Nutt.)Math. & Const. Leptocaulis patens Nutt. of Fl. M(Railroad tracks near Montpelier)Barnes.

Zizia L. Koch. Golden Alexanders.

Z. aurea (L.)Koch. Meadows, open woods; frequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.

Cicuta L. Water Hemlock

- C. maculata L. Spotted Cow-bane. Wet ditches, shores and low, wet places: fairly frequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery; Credit Island)G. M(Muscatine Co.)MacBride.
- C. bulbifera L. M(BCR & N. Crossing at the Cedar River)Barnes; ("Wet places, bottoms, Lake Township, August, 1894.")Reppert.

Cryptotaenia DC. Honeywort C. canadensis (L.)DC.

C. canadensis (L.)DC.

Rich woods.

S(Duck Creek Park: Allen's Grove)G .: (Davenport)Ross. III. RI(Watch Tower)Barnes.

Taenidia Drude. Yellow Pimpernel.

T. integerrima (L.)Drude.

Pimpinella integerrima Benth. & Hook of Fl. S(Eldridge)Barnes; (Davenport)Ross; (Davenport)Alf. Sanders. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)Ross; (Open path along steep loess bluff, Watch Tower)G.

Sium L. Water-parsnip S suave Walt S. suave Walt. S. cicutaefolium Gmelin of Fl. Wet ditches and marshy places; infrequent. S(Wet ditch north of Nahant; Section 9, Butler Township)G.; (Wapsie)Barnes. M(Moscow)Barnes.

Anethum L. Dill

A. graveolens L. Occasionally cultivated as a garden herb and escaped. S(Alley near 12th & Harrison Sts.; Alley at 1721 Main St.)G.

Thaspium Nutt. Meadow Parsnip

T. trifoliatum (L.) Gray. T. aureum Nutt. S(Davenport)Ross. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross.

T. barbinode (Michx.)Nutt. Rich woods; infrequent. S(Hickory Grove)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross. 

Angelica L. Angelica

A. atropurpurea L. Purple-stem Angelica. atropurpurea L. Furple-stein Angenea. Moist silty river plain at S(Sea Scout Camp below LeClaire)G.

Oxypolis Raf. Hog-Fennel

O. rigida (L.)C.& R. Cow-bane Tiedemannia rigida Coult & Rose of Fl. S(North facing slope, shrubland north of Mt. Nebo Cemetery)G. M(Wild Cat Den, bog)G.

Polytaenia DC.

P. Nuttallii DC. y, sandy prairie. S(Davenport)Ross; (Maysville)Barnes. Ill. RI(Cordova at "Oasis")G. Parsnin Dry, sandy prairie.

Pastinaca L. Parsnip

P. sativa L.

Common along roadsides and waste places. S(Davenport)Ross; (Duck Creek Park)G.

Heracleum L. Cow-parsnip H. maximum Bartr H. lanatum Michx. Moist, low grounds and ditches. M(Cedar River at Simpsons Bridge)Shimek, SUL(?) Ill, RI(Low grounds along the railroad at Rapids City)G.

Daucus I. Carrot

D. Carota L. Wild Carrot. Queen Annes Lace Frequent along dry roadsides. S(Chapel Hill Road)G.

- Cornaceae Cornus L. Dog-wood. C. stolonifera Michx. Red-osier Dogwood Marshy ground, wet thickets, wet swales; infrequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G. M(Boggy grounds at the Nelumbo Pond, Lake Township, Section 15)G.
  - rugosa Lam. Round-leaf Dogwood C. circinata L'Her. of Fl. C. "Rocky woods along Sweetland Creek. Mackenzie." Fl. S(Devil's Glen, 1889)Ross.
  - C. Drummondii Meyer. Rough-leaf Dogwood C. asperifolia Michx. of Fl. Dry or moist thickets and fence rows; frequent. S(Crèdit Island; Allen's Grove)G.
  - c. obliqua Raf. Silky Dogwood. Kinnikinick
     c. sericea L. of Fl.
     c. ammonum Mill. of many authors. ammonum Mill. of many authors. Damp swales and thickets, dry woodland borders: frequently planted. S(Allen's Grove; Noels)G.
  - C. racemosa Lam. Gray-bark Dogwood.
     C. paniculata L'Her of Fl.
     Clearings and open woods; infrequent. S(Devil's Glen)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.
  - C. alternifolia L.f. Alternate-leaf Dogwood. Damp wooded slopes; infrequent. S(Devil's Glen)Ross. M(Wild Cat Den)G.

C. florida L. Flowering Dogwood. Rare; seen only in cultivation. S(Vanderveer Park)G.

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#### METACHLAMYDEAE

#### Pyrolaceae

Pyrola L. Wintergreen. Shin-leaf. P. elliptica Nutt. Wild Lily of the Valley S(Allen's Grove)Barnes. M(Lake Township, June, 1894)Reppert.

Monotropa L. Indian Pipe. Corpse-plant.

M. uniflora L. In rich woodland humus; rare. S(Allen's Grove, 1892)Barnes. M(Township Seventy-six, 1951)G.

#### Ericaceae

Gaylussacia HBK.

G. baccata (Wang)K. Goch. Huckleberry

- G. resinosa T.& G. of Fl. M(Dry crest of a wooded spur at Wild Cat Den with Pinus Stro
  - bus, Maianthemum canadense and Amelanchier arborea)G.

#### Primulaceae

Androsace L.

- A. occidentalis Pursh.
  - Dry sandy roadsides, sandy fields and sand dunes; restricted. S(Devil's Glen)Ross. M(Shore of Brasenia Pond, Lake Township)G. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G.
- Dodecatheon L.
  - D. Meadii L. Shooting Star. Dry or moist prairie remnants; infrequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G.
- Lysimachia L. Loosestrife.
  - L. punctata L. Garden Loosestrife. S(Ditch and grossy slope one mile south of Long Grove; escaped and established)G.
  - L. Nummularia L. Money-wort. Sedge meadows, wet grassy shores, etc.; infrequent. S(Pond shore at the crossing of R. 61, at the Wapsipinicon River)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.
  - L. thyrsiflora L. Tufted Loosestrife. "Swampy Grounds."Fl. S(Eldridge)Barnes.
  - L. quadriflora Sims Prairie Money-wort. Steironema longifolium Gray of Fl.
     "Moist prairies; common." Fl. Now infrequent or rare. S(Eldridge; Blue Grass)Barnes. M(In the bog at Nelumbo Pond, Section 15, Lake Township)G.
  - L. terrestris (L.)BSP. Swamp Candle.
     L. stricta Ait. of Fl.
     Sedge meadows, wet grassy shores, etc.; infrequent.
     S(Wet meadow north of Nahant; marsby grounds at Lock 14)G.
     M("River Bank" (at Montpelier?)Barnes.

- L. ciliata L.
   Steironema ciliatum Raf. of Fl.
   Moist low grounds, often near streams; moist thickets and borders; frequent.
   S(Credit Island; Pine Hill Cemetery)G.
   M(Pond margin amongst dunes, northwest of Muscatine)Shimek.
- L. lanceolata Walt. Lance-leaf Loosestrife. Steironema lanceolatum Gray of Fl. Moist grounds about ponds; infrequent. S(Credit Island)G.; (Blue Grass)Barnes. M(Moscow)Barnes.
- L. hybrida Michx. Moist shores of ponds and streams; infrequent. S(Credit Island; Allen's Grove)G. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G.
- Anagallis L. Pimpernel
   A. arvensis L. Scarlet Pimpernel. From Europe. S("Waste places.")Melville; ("Davenport, June, 1886.")Ross.
- Diospyros L. Persimmon D. virginiana L.
  - Virginiana L. Native in the southern states; ranges into Peoria Co., Illinois, and Van Buren Co., Iowa; planted with us. S(348 River Drive, Bettendorf, cultivated)G.; (The Lau Farm)G.

#### Styraceae

Oleaceae

- H. carolina L. Silver bell or Snow-Drop tree. Southern; with us only in cultivation. S(Vanderveer Park, cultivated)G.
- Fraxinus L. Ash.

Halesia Ell.

- F. americana L. White Ash. Mostly in upland woods; frequent. S(Fejervary Park)G. M(Wild Cat Den)Reppert; G.
- F. americana L. var. Biltmoreana (Beadle)Wright. Biltmore Ash. Southern; cultivated in our area. S(Fejervary Park)G.
- F. pennsylvanica Marsh. Red Ash. F. pubescens Lam. of Fl. Low grounds and river banks; infrequent. S(River bank west of Nahant: 7th & Main Sts., cultivated)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
- F. lanceolata Borkh. Green Ash.
   F. viridis Michx. of Fl.
   F. pennsylvanica Marsh var. subintegerrima (Vahl)Fern. of Gray, 8th Ed.

Low moist grounds and stream banks; frequent. M(Wild Cat Den)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross.

- (F. quadrangulata Michx. Blue Ash. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal, in front of Commandant's house)G.
- F. nigra Marsh. Black Ash. F. sambucifolia Lam. of Fl. Low grounds; infrequent. S(Credit Island)G.; (17th & Myrtle Sts., cultivated)G. Observed at Wild Cat Den and the Watch Tower.
- Forsythia Vahl. Forsythia. Golden-bell. F. suspensa (Thunb.)Vahl. From China. Very freely cultivated. S(129 W. 15th St.)G.
- Chionanthus L. Fringe-tree
  - C. virginica L. Southern; with us in cultivation; infrequent. S(Vanderveer Park)G.
- Ligustrum L. Privet.
  - L. vulgare L. Much planted for hedges. S(131 W. 15th St.)G.
- Syringa L. Lilac.
  - S. vulgaris L. Common Lilac Much planted for ornament and hedges; very persistent. From southern Europe. S(1921 W. 3rd St., cultivated)G.
  - persica L. Persian Lilac Occasionally seen in cultivation. S. S(1328 Pershing Ave.)G.
  - S. japonica Dcne. Japanese Lilac-tree. S(Medium size tree in cultivation at Vanderveer Park)G.

#### Gentianaceae Constanting and and a state

- Gentiana L. Gentian
- G. crinita L. Fringed Gentian M(Wet ground of bog at Nelumbo Pond, Section 15, Lake Township)G.

  - G. quinquefolia L. S(Oakton)Ross. (X)Barnes.
    G. puberula Michx. Dry prairie remnants and dry sandy fields; infrequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G. Ill. RI(Sandy prairie south of Meredosia)G.
  - G. Andrewsii Grieseb. Closed or Bottle Gentian. S(Oakton)Ross; (Eldridge)Barnes. M(Wet ground of bog at Nelumbo Pond, with G. crinita)G.

- G. Saponaria L. Soap-wort Gentian
  - S(Reported by Dr. Parry "in the vicinity of Davenport, Sept. 16, 1847." A sheet in the Parry collection at ISC bears this inscription in Parry's hand; "Gentiana Saponaria L., Iowa and Minnesota, 1848.")
- G. flavida Gray. Yellow Gentian G. alba Muhl. of Fl. Damp shaded banks and woods; rare. M(Pine Mill, Sept. 1892)Barnes. Ill. Henry Co.(Railroad cut north of Colona)G.
- Vinca L. V. minor L. Periwinkle. "Myrtle" Occasionally used as a ground cover for shaded areas. . S(2202 N. Harrison St.)G.

Apocynaceae

- Apocynum. L. Dog-bane.
  - A. androsaemifolium L. Spreading Dog-bane.
     S(Dry hillside clearing; Devil's Glen)G.
     M(Opening on a wooded hill, Wild Cat Den)G.
  - A. cannabinum L. Indian Hemp. Frequent along roadsides, railroads, open fields, moist or dry ditches. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G.
  - A. cannabinum L. var. glaberrimum A.DC. In similar situations. S(Pine Hill Cemetery; Credit Island)G. M(Illinoian prairie east of Bayfield)Shimek. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross.
  - A. cannabinum L. var. pubescens (Mitchell)A.DC. S(In a moist swale, Pine Hill Cemetery)G.
  - A. sibiricum Jacq. S(Prairie remnant, Pine Hill Cemetery; Low meadow northwest of Nahant)G. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)Shimek.
  - (A. sibiricum Jacq. var. Farwellii (Farw)Fern. Densely tomentose — pubescent on leaves and stem. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G.
- X A. medium Greene A natural hybrid between A, cannabinum and A, androsaemifolium, S(Roadside near crossing of old BCR & N railroad and Telegraph Road)G.

# Asclepiadaceae

- Asclepias L. Milkweed
  - lepias L. Milkweed A. tuberosa L. Butterfly-weed Infrequent; dry prairies and roadsides. S(R. 6 northwest of Davenport)G. Ill. RI(Van Dyke Island)Ross.
  - A. purpurascens L. Purple Milkweed Infrequent. M(Edge of dry thicket, Wild Cat Den)G.; (Wild Cat Den) Barnes.

Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal; Open woodland path along bluff, Watch Tower)Ross.

A. incarnata L. Swamp Milkweed Frequent on low grounds as, damp ditches, moist shores, moist meadows.

S(Credit Island; Marsh at McCausland and road to it)G. M(Montpelier)G.

- (A. quadrifolia L. Reported in the Fl. from three places in Muscatine Co., but no specimens have been located. Cedar Co.("Gray's Timber, June 5, 1953")F. Lord, SUI.
- A. exaltata L. Poke-milkweed
   A. phytolaccoides Pursh of Fl.
   Rich woods; infrequent.
   M(Wild Cat Den)Barnes; G.
   Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross; G.
- A. Sullivantii Engelm. Sullivan's Milkweed. S(Upland field north of Buffalo, east side of road, north of the cemetery)G. (X)Barnes.
- A. syriaca L. Common Milkweed.
   A. Cornuti Decaisne of Fl.
   Frequent; dry roadsides and waste places.
   S(Buffalo)G.
- A. amplexicaulis Sm.
   A. obtusifolia Michx of Fl.
   In sandy soils, along roadsides and prairies.
   S(Pine Hill Cemetery)Ross; G.; (Winfield Township)G.
   Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G.
   Ill. RI(Cordova)G.
- A. verticellata L. White Milkweed. Dry open woods, roadsides and fields. Frequent. S(Credit Island)G.; (Devil's Glen)Ross. M(Wild Cat Den)G.
- Meadii Torr.
   S(A single plant collected by E. O. Ross on the prairie relic at Pine Hill Cemetery on June 24, 1889.)
- Ampelamus Raf.
  - A. albidus (Nutt) Britt. Honey-vine. Bluevine.
     S(Along railroad tracks north of Allen's Grove)G; (Climbing over alley hedge on Mississippi Ave.)Morrissey.
- Cynanchum L. Black Swallow-wort

C. nigrum (L.)Pers.

- S(Moist ravine back of W.E. Peck residence, 1102 Kirkwood Blvd.)J. & S. Peck, 1959.
- Acerates Ell. Green Milkweed.
  - A. hirtella Pennell.
    - A. longifolia Ell. of Fl.
    - A. floridana of auth.
    - Sand fields, sandy roadsides and true prairie remnants; infrequent. M(Muscatine Co.)Shimek; (Pleasant Prairie)Barnes. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G.

 A. viridiflora (Raf.)Eat. Dry sandy fields and prairies, sandy roadsides; more frequent than the last. S(Oakton)Ross. M(Cedar River region)G. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G. Ill. RI(North of Cordova)G.

#### Convolvulaceae

 B. Pickeringii (Torr.)Gray.
 "Sandy soil along the railroad at Fruitland; local."Fl. M("Fruitland Station, in sandy soil along CRI & P railroad, August 20, 1892.")Reppert. (X)Barnes.

Quamoclit Moench.

Breweria R.Br.

- (Q. coccinea (L.)Moench. Red Morning Glory Ipomoea coccinea L. of Fl.
   "Spontaneous near an old garden, Blue Grass."Fl. (X)Barnes. No definitely located specimen has been found.
- Q. vulgaris Choisy Ipomoea Quamoclit L. Cypress-vine. Occasionally cultivated for ornament. S(1428 Main St.)G.
- Ipomoea L. Morning Glory
  - I. hederacea (L.)Jacq. Dry waste places; rare or infrequent. S(Switch yards west of Schmidt's Crossing)G. Louisa Co.(Sandy roadside at the Big Sand Mound)G.
  - I. purpurea (L.)Roth. Purple Morning Glory. Common Morning Glory I. purpurea Lam. of Fl. Freely planted; occasionally escaped. S(14th & Brady Sts.)G.
  - I. pandurata (L.)G.F.W.Mey. Wild Potato-vine. "Eroded hillsides and dry river banks, Muscatine and Fairport; infrequent."Fl. M(Fairport)Reppert. Ill. RI(Clearing on the bluff, Watch Tower)G.
  - I. lacunosa L. "Islands and banks of the Mississippi; frequent."Fl. M("Along shores of the Mississippi above Muscatine, 1891."). Reppert, SUI.
- Convolvulus L. Bindweed
  - C. spithamaeus L. Low Bindweed. S(Blue Grass, 1891)Barnes.
  - C. sepium L. Hedge-Bindweed. Wild Morning Glory S(Neglected garden, Lau Farm)G.
  - C. americanus (Sims)Greene. Fields, roadsides; frequent. S(Credit Island; Buttermilk road)G.

- C. repens L. C. sepium L. var. repens Gray of Fl. S(Devil's Glen, June, 1895)Barnes.
- C. arvensis L. Field Bindweed Fields, roadsides, waste places; frequent. S(N. Harrison St. Road)G.; (Eldridge)Barnes. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
- incanus Vahl. Plant canescent, leaves linear-oblong, with villous-ciliate margins. Western; possible railroad migrant. M("Muscatine City, Sept. 1895.")Collector unknown.
- Cuscuta L. Dodder
  - C. Polygonorum Engelm.
    - C. chlorocarpum Engelm. of Fl. "Low grounds along streams; common. Often on Xanthium and S(East Davenport)Barnes. low willows."Fl.
  - C. Corvli Engelm.
    - C. inflexa Engelm. of Fl. "On Compositae and hazel; infrequent."Fl. S(Blue Grass)Barnes. M(Muscatine Co.)Barnes.
  - C. Gronovii Willd. "Low grounds, infrequent. On Compositae."Fl. S(Fairport)Ross. (Fairport)Ross. (X)Paarmann-Sheldon.
  - cuspidata Engelm. M("Sandy prairie near Fruitland.")Barnes.
  - C. Cephalanthi Engelm.
    - C. tenuiflora Engelm. of Fl. "On willows, Compositae and Cephalanthus; frequent."Fl. M("Along the Mississippi River three miles above Muscatine (no date)Reppert, SUI. ("Muscatine Co., August 1891.")Reppert, SUI.
  - C. glomerata Choisy. "Low grounds; frequent. On tall Compositae."Fl. S(Waste ground west of Mt. Nebo Cemetery)G.: (Scott Co.) Melville. the set is a straight of the filles and a prove by set if the set of the set

#### Polemoniaceae

- Polemonium L. Jacob's Ladder. Greek Valerian
  - P. reptans L. Rich low or upland woods; frequent. S(Allen's Grove)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.

#### Collomia Nutt.

- C. linearis Nutt.
  - M("Sandy prairie along the railway, Wilton to Moscow, June 28, 1917.")Shimek, SUI.

Cultivated as a border plant. S(1416 Brady St.)G. P. bifida Beck. Cleft-phlox. S(Cultivated at 2004 Harrison St.)G. M("Sandy open woods along the Cedar River near Moscow.") Barnes. Ill. RI(Dry eroded bluff at the Watch Tower.)G. P. divaricata L. Blue Phlox Damp to dry open woods and borders; frequent. S(Spencer Creek)G.; (Davenport)Ross. M(Wild Cat Den)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G. P. pilosa L. Prairie Phlox. Dry sandy prairies and sandy open woods; infrequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G.; (Oakton)Ross. Ill. Whiteside Co.(Fulton)G. P. maculata L. Sweet William Moist sandy soils; infrequent or rare. S(Noels)Barnes; (Low sandy roadside, Section 9, Butler Township southwest 1/4 of northwest 1/4)G.

P. paniculata L. Garden Phlox. Infrequent in the wild; frequent in flower gardens. S(Near the Cemetery on the Chapel Hill Road, an escape)G. M(Wild Cat Den, low wooded floodplain of creek; roadside ditch west of Wyoming Hill)G.

#### Hydrophyllaceae

Hydrophyllum L. Water-leaf H. virginianum L. Virginia Water-leaf. Frequent in moist woods. S(Davenport)Ross. M(Wild Cat Den)G.

H. appendiculatum Michx. M(Muscatine Co.)Shimek. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Paarmann-Sheldon,

#### Ellisia L.

Phlox L. Phlox

P. subulata L. Moss-pink.

E. nyctelea L. Low open woods, frequent; also as a weed in waste places and disturbed soil. S(Roadside near Nobis' Farm)G.

- Boraginaceae Anchusa L. Alkanet A. azurea Mill. S("Roadside near Carmelite Monastery, Bettendorf, June 2, 1932.")Hauber.
- Onosmodium Michx. False Gromwell O. occidentalis Mack.
  - - O. Caroliniana DC. var. molle Gray of Fl. M(Muscatine Co.)Shimek.

      - Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal; Van Dyke's Island)Ross.

Lithospermum L. Gromwell. Puccoon

- L. arvense L. Bastard Alkanet. Corn Gromwell M("Sandy soil along the railroad at Fairport, May, 1899.")Reppert. SUL
- L. incisum Lehm.
  - L. angustifolium Michx. of Fl.

    - Dry prairies; infrequent. S(Noels; Pineo's Grove)G. M(Section 6, Lake Township)G. Ill. RI(Sandy field south of the Meredosia)G.; (Rock Island Arsenal)Ross.
- L. croceum Fern. Puccoon.
  - L. hirtum Lehm, of Fl.
  - L. carolinense (Walt.)MacM. Dry sandy soils; sandy prairies and dune fields; restricted but fairly frequent.
    - S(Sandy soil near marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G. M(Prairie, Illinoian plain, east of Bayfield)Shimek.
- L. canescens (Michx.)Lehm. Prairie remnants; infrequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G.; (Eldridge)Barnes; (Davenport)Ross. M(Wilton)Shimek.
- Myosotis L. Forget-me-not
  - M. scorpioides L. Forget-me-not. Cultivated and occasionally escaped. S(Wet pond shore, Duck Creek Park)G.
  - M. verna Nutt. Dry sandy soils; infrequent. S(Credit Island)G. M(Saulsbury Bridge)G.: (Muscatine Co.)Shimek. III. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross.
- Cynoglossum L. Hound's tongue. Beggars' lice.
  - C. officinale L.
    - Infrequent: pastures and grassy waste places. S(Pasture, St. Vincent's Home; pasture northwest of Buffalo; meadow northwest of Mercy Hospital)G. M(Fairport)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)Ross; (Rock Island Arsenal)Melville.
- Mertensia Roth. Blue-bells
  - M. virginiana (L.)Pers. Rich wooded bottomlands and clearings; low creek-terraces; frequent. S(Spencer Creek)G.; (Duck Creek Park)Ross.
    - M(Wild Cat Den)G.
- Lappula Moench. Stick-seed
  - Echinospermum Lappula Lehm. of Fl. S(Burnside Woods)Barnes. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross. L. echinata Gilib.
- Hackelia Opiz. Stick-seed.
- Kena Opiz. Stick-seed.
   H. virginiana (L.)I.M. Johnson.
   Roadsides and waste places; infrequent.
   S(Pine Hill Cenetery; Fejervary Park)G.; (Davenport)Ross. M(Wild Cat Den)G.

Verbena L. Verbena, Vervain, V. urticifolia L. White Verbena Dry open places and open woodlands; infrequent. S(Duck Creek Park: Devil's Glen: Waverly Road)G. V. urticifolia L. var. leiocarpa Perry & Fern. S(Devil's Glen: Duck Creek Park)G. V. simplex Lehm. Narrow-leaf Verbena. V. angustifolia L. of Fl. Dry sandy fields and roadsides; infrequent. S(Devil's Glen)Ross: (Sandy field, 11/2 miles northeast of St. Anne's Church)G. M(Sandy roadside along Road "M.")G.: (Moscow)Barnes. V. stricta Vent. Hoary Verbena. Dry open places, especially dry pastures on slopes; frequent, S(Davenport)Ross. M(Muscatine)Barnes: (Muscatine Co.)Shimek: Reppert. V. stricta Vent, var. albiflora Wadmond, The white-flowered form is frequent. M(Moscow)Barnes: Reppert. V. bracteata Lag. & Rodr. Long-bracted Verbena. V. bracteosa Michx. of Fl. Dry sandy roadsides in the country; along sidewalks and in alleys and waste places in towns. S(Boulevard, Masonic Temple; Alley, 400 W. 15th St.; Schmidt's Crossing)G.

Verbenaceae

M(Muscatine Island)Reppert; (Adams)Shimek. Ill. RI(Sandy roadside at the "Oasis" crossroads)G.

#### Hybrids.

- X V. stricta x V. simplex M(Moscow)Barnes; (Bayfield)Shimek; (Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
- X V. stricta x V. hastata S(Davenport)Ross. M(Bayfield)Shimek. (X)Barnes.
- X V. stricta x V. bracteata M(Moscow)Barnes.
- X V. hastata x V. urticfolia. tata x V. urticiona. M(Wild Cat Den)Barnes.
- X V. hastata x V. bracteosa M(Pine Creek near Wild Cat Den)G.
- X V. Aubletia x V. bracteata S(Garden of Minerva Benchhoof)Barnes.
- X V. hastata x V. simplex M(Moscow)Barnes. 110.5.
- Lippia L. Fog-fruit
  - L. lanceolata Michx. Muddy or wet grassy shores of pond; low wet grassy flats of bottomlands; frequent. S(Credit Island)G.; (Davenport)Ross. M(Muscatine Co.)Shimek.

#### Labiatae

Isanthus Michx.

I. brachiatus (L.)BSP. False Pennyroyal I. caeruleus Michx. of Fl. caeruleus Michx. of Fl. Dry sandy or gravelly soils; infrequent. S(Bank of basin at Lock 14)G. M("Levee," Section 15, Lake Township)G. Ill. Whiteside Co.(Gravel field along R. 80)G.

- Teucrium L. Germander
  - T. canadense L. var. virginicum (L.)Eat. Wood-sage. Low moist to dry open grounds; frequent. S(Allen's Grove; Devil's Glen)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.
  - T. occidentale Gray var. boreale(Bickn.)Fern. Low sandy prairies; infrequent. S(Sandy marsh shore northeast of St. Anne's Church)G.
- Scutellaria L. Skull-cap.
  - S. ovata Hill var. versicolor (Nutt.)Fern.
    - S. versicolor Nutt. of Fl. Open woods, mostly low but some what dry; infrequent. S(Credit Island)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross; Paarmann-Sheldon; G.
    - S. epilobifolia A. Hamilton
      - galericulata L. of Fl. S(Noels, 1894.)Barnes, as S. canescens. M(Bog at Nelumbo Pond, Section 15, Lake Township)G.; (Cedar River region)Reppert.
  - incana Biehler was reported in the Fl. (as S. canescens Nutt.), "Banks of streams; frequent."; but the specimens are S. epilobifolia. (S.
  - S. lateriflora L. Mad-dog Skull-cap. Moist to wet shaded places and alluvial grounds; infrequent. S(Hollow at Fejervary Park; Lock 14; Sea Scout Camp south of LeClaire)G. M(South of Tice Bridge)G.
  - "Shady woods."Fl. S. nervosa Pursh.
    - S(Noels)Barnes.
      - Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross.
  - parvula Michx. (including var. mollis Gray of Fl.) Rather dry and sandy soils; often on slopes and banks; infrequent. S. S(Credit Island)Ross. M(Sterile hillside, Wild Cat Den)Barnes. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross; Melville; (Watch Tower)
    - Morrissey.
  - S. Leonardi Epling. In same situations as the preceding. S(Pine Hill Cemetery; Oakdale Cemetery)G.; (Railway em-bankment at Buffalo)Barnes. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
- Marrubium L.
  - M. vulgare L. Common Horehound. M("Waste places, Muscatine, Iowa, Sept. 20, 1892.")Reppert, SUI.

Agastache Clavt, Giant Hyssop,

- A. nepetoides (L.)Ktze. Yellow Giant-hyssop. Lophonthus nepetoides Benth, of Fl. ophonthus nepetoides Benth. of Fl. Upland woods and borders; infrequent. S(Allen's Grove; Hickory Grove)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G. Ill, RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross,
- A. scrophulariaefolia (Willd.)Ktze. Purple Giant-hyssop. Lophanthus scrophulaefolius Benth. of Fl. Woodland borders: infrequent. S(Devil's Glen)G. (Devil's Glen)G. ((Moscow)Reppert. (X)Barnes. M(Moscow)Reppert
- Nepeta L. Catnip
  - N. Cataria L. Fence rows, roadsides and waste places near dwellings; frequent, S(Davenport)Ross. M(Fairport, at the Fishery)G.
- Glechoma L. Ground-ivy
  - G. hederacea L. Nepeta Glechoma Benth. of Fl. S(Shady slope north of Mt. Nebo Cemetery)G.
  - G. hederacea L. var. parviflora Druce. Nepeta Glechoma Benth. of Fl. mostly Open woods, clearings, and shady waste places; more frequent than the last. S(Oakdale Cemetery)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.
- Prunella L. Self-heal.
  - P. vulgaris L. var. lanceolata (Bart.)Fern. Roadsides, open grassy waste places, open woodlands; frequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery; Duck Creek Park)G.
  - (P. vulgaris L. var. hispida Benth. European Self-heal. Louisa Co.(Muscatine Island)Shimek.
- Physostegia Benth. False Dragon-head.
  - (P. virginiana (L.)Benth. var. arenaria Shimek. (See "The Prairies" p. 223). Dry sandy prairies; rare.
    - Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G.
  - P. speciosa Sweet. P. Virginiana Benth. of Fl.
    - Low moist shaded grounds along streams; infrequent, Occasional flower in gardens. S(Credit Island; Pine Hill Cemetery, an escape)G.; (Fairview) Ross.
- Leonurus L. Mother-wort
  - L. Cardiaca L. Common Mother-wort. Waste places and roadsides: frequent. S(Davenport)Ross.
  - (L. Marrubiastrum L. Johnson Co.(Railroad tracks, Iowa City, 1943)R.C. Miller, SUI.

Lamium L. Dead Nettle.

- (L. amplexicaule L. Hen-bit. "Cultivated grounds near East Davenport."Fl. Reported in the Fl., but no specimen from our area has been located. Johnson Co.("Iowa City, June 22, 1942.")Bass, SUI.
- Stachys L. Hedge-nettle
  - S. germanica L. var. italica (Mill)Briq. Dry grassy roadsides; collected twice. S(Allen's Grove: Hickory Grove)G.
  - S. palustris L. var. nipigonensis Jennings. S. palustris L. in part, of Fl. Low grounds; frequent. S(Hickory Grove Road)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G. S. palustris L. var. homotricha Fern.
  - - S. homotricha (Fern.)Rydb. S. arenicola Britt. of Jones, Flora of Illinois Moist grounds and ditches; frequent. S(Walcott)G.; (Davenport)Ross; ("Nursery")Barnes.
  - (S. aspera Michx. S(without locality or data)G.
  - S. hispida Pursh. S. aspera Michx. in part, of Fl. Wet sandy shores; infrequent. M(Bank of fish pond, Fairport)G. Louisa Co.(Wet sandy shore of lake at the Big Sand Mound)G.
  - S. tenuifolia Willd, Fr. Frequent in low moist grounds, alluvial woods and open thickets. S(Credit Island: Allen's Grove)G.
- Salvia L. Sage
  - S. azurea Lam. var. grandiflora Benth. Blue Sage. S(Sand bank at edge of gravel pit, Duck Creek Park)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Barnes.
  - S. reflexa Hornem. Rocky Mountain Sage. S. lanceolata Willd. of Fl. "Sandy soils, Muscatine Island; streets of Davenport and Muscatine." Fl. S(Davenport)Ross.
    - M(Muscatine Co.)Barnes.
    - Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Melville.
  - but the bill reason in the birth of S. splendens Ker. Red Sage. In frequent cultivation as a border for flower beds. S(1624 Main St.)G.
- Monarda L. Horse-mint.
  - M. didyma L. Oswego Tea. Bee-balm. S(Davenport)Ross. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Melville.
  - M. fistulosa L. Wild Bergamot Frequent. Roadsides, fence rows, border of woods. In dry soils. S(Pine Hll Cemetery)G.; (Davenport)Ross. M(Wilton)Shimek.

M. fistulosa L. var. mollis (L.)Benth. S(Pineo's Grove)G M. punctata L. Dotted Horse-mint. Dry sandy fields and roadsides: frequent. S(Crescent Bridge)Paarmann-Sheldon: (Allen's Grove)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Shimek: (Sandy pasture west of Brasenia Pond)G. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G. Blephilia Raf B. hirsuta (Pursh)Benth. Wood-mint. A woodland species; rare. M(Muscatine Co., no further data)Reppert, SUI. Louisa Co.(Columbus Junction, August 1, 1892)Reppert, SUI. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)Barnes: G. Hedeoma Pers. Mock Pennyroval H. hispida Pursh. Rough Pennyroyal. Dry soils; sandy prairies; frequent. S(Devil's Glen: Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G. H. pulegioides (L.)Pers. American Pennyroyal Sandy soils; infrequent. M(Fairport)G.; (Muscatine Co.)Reppert. Pycnanthemum Michx. Mountain Mint. P. flexuosum (Walt.)BSP. P. linifolium Push of Fl. Mostly in rather dry and sandy soils; frequent. S(Davenport)Ross; (Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)P. M(Dry hillside, Wild Cat Den, with P. virginianum and P. pilosum)G P. virginianum (L.)Durand. Prairies and dry open woods; frequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G.; (Blue Grass)Barnes. M(Wild Cat Den)G. P. pilosum Nutt. P. muticum Pers. var. pilosum Gray of Fl. Dry hillsides and clearings; infrequent. S(Davenport)Ross. M(Wyoming Hill; Wild Cat Den)G. Mentha L. Mint. M. piperita L. Peppermint. Occasional in cultivation and as a roadside escape. S(Alley at 218 W. 17th St., an escape)G. M. spicata L. Spearmint. M. viridis L. of Fl. Occasional in cultivation and escaped, mostly to moist roadsides and shores. S(Utica Ridge Road)G. M. arvensis L. var. villosus (Benth.) Stewart. M. Canadensis L. of Fl. Low moist grounds, wet pond shores, etc.; frequent. S(Davenport)Ross; (Credit Island)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.

M. Cardiaca Gerarde S(Davenport)G.; (Railroad Tracks)Melville.

Lycopus L. Bugle-weed. Water-Horehound

- L. virginica Low moist grounds; frequent. S(Credit Island)G.
- uniflora Michx. I. Low damp to wet places; often in some shade. S(Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G. M(Wild Cat Den)Barnes; ("Slough, Muscatine Co., October, 1894.")Reppert, SUI.
- L. rubella Moench. "River banks; frequent." Fl. I have never met with it. S(Blue Grass)Barnes.
- americanus Muhl. L. sinuata Ell. of Fl. I. americanus Muhl. Moist soils, especially if sandy; frequent. S(Credit Island; Pine Hill Cemetery; Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.

#### (Perilla L.

P. ocymoides L. of Fl. "Escaped from cultivation near Blue Grass and persistent for over ten years." Fl. No specimen from P. fruticosa (L.)Britt. No specimen from our area has been located.

Johnson Co.("City Park, Iowa City, Sept. 25, 1943.")SUI.

# Solanaceae

#### Solanum L. Nightshade

- S. Dulcamara L. Bittersweet Dulcamara L. Bittersweet An occasional escape near dwellings. S(Davenport)Melville; Ross.
- nigrum L. Common Nightshade. Grassy roadsides, open woods, shaded waste places; infrequent. S. S(Davenport)Ross; (Pine Hill Cemetery)G.
- S.carolinense L. Horse-nettle. Sandy fields, roadsides and waste places; infrequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G. Ill. RI(Sandy roadside north of Cordova)G.
- S. rostratum Dunal. Buffalo-bur. Roadsides; infrequent.
  - S(Roadside west of Pine Hill Cemetery; Utica Ridge Road)G. M(Fruitland)Barnes.
- Physalis L. Ground Cherry.
  - Rare; only one collection made. All other collections of soft- pube-scent plants have turned out to be P. heterophylla. S(Abandoned city dump at 11th & Vine Sts.)G. P. pruinosa L.

- P. ixocarpa Brotero, Tomatillo, S(Several plants from an abandaned garden plot at Schmidt's Crossing)G.
- P. longifolia Nutt.
  - P. subglabrata Mack, & Bush.
  - P. Philadelphica Lam. of Fl. Fields, roadsides and waste places; our most frequent ground cherry. S(Lock 14: Pine Hill Cemetery: Credit Island)G.
- (P. lanceolata Michx. A specimen without dates presumably collected by a high school A specimen without dates presented, student in the vicinity of Davenport.
- virginiana Mill. Dry sandy soils; infrequent. S("Wapsie River, June 17, 1925.")Hauber. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G. P. virginiana Mill.
- P. heterophylla Nees. Dry or sandy soils, often in some shade; frequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery; McCausland Cemetery)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.
- P. heterophylla Nees. var. ambigua (Gray)Rydb. In similar situations. S(Noels)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.
- P. Alkekengi L. Chinese Lanterns Occasional in gardens; rarely escaped or persistent. S(1313 Harrison St.)G.

Nicandra Adans. Apple of Peru.

- N. physalodes (L.)Pers. S(Spontaneous in a fence row at 222 W. 15th St.)G.
- Lycium L. Matrimony Vine.
  - L. halimifolium Mill. L. vulgare Dunal of Fl. Formerly planted as hedges and now persisting or escaped. S(Davenport)Ross; Melville.
- Datura L. Jimsonweed.
  - D. Stramonium L. (including D. Tatula L.) D. innoxia Mill. Occasional in waste places and in hog lots.
    - D. Metel L. Occasional in cultivation. S(1132 W. 4th St.)G.
- Petunia Juss. Petunia.
  - P. axillaris (Lam.) BSP. A frequent escape from cultivation. S(Dump at 11th & Vine Sts.)G. Ill. RI(Loud Thunder Forest Preserve, an escape)G.

#### Scrophulariaceae

Verbascum L. Mullein.

- V. Thapsus L. The Common Mullein. Dry roadsides, bank and pastures; frequent. S(Davenport)Ross. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross; G.
- V. Blattaria L. Moth Mullein. Pastures, roadsides; rare or infrequent. S(Terrace, 14th & Warren Sts.)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Melville.
- (V. Phlomoides L. So far as known not yet found in our area. Cedar Co. ("Roadside 2 miles east of West Branch, August 24, Johnson Co.("Beck's pasture west of City Park, July 7, 1911.") 1950.")Fay, SUI.
  - Shimek, SUI.
- Linaria L. Toad-flax.
  - I. vulgaris Hll. Butter-and-Eggs. Roadsides and fencerows; frequent. S(Credit Island; Hickory Grove Road)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
  - L. canadensis L. Old-field Toad-flax. Sandy prairies and dune fields; infrequent and restricted. M("Sandy soil, Muscatine Co., June, 1891.")Reppert, SUI. Louisa Co. (Big Sand Mound)G. Ill. RI(Sandy prairie south of the Meredosia)G.
  - L. dalmatica (L.)Mill. S(A garden escape in a dry ditch on the Chapel Hill Road)G.

Antirrhinum L. Snapdragon.

- A. majus L.
  - An old-fashioned flower garden favorite. S(Davenport)Melville.

(Chaenorrhinum Reichenb. Dwarf Snapdragon.

C. minus (L.)Lange. Linaria minus (L.)Desf. Along railroad tracks; not yet collected in Scott or Muscatine counties, but no doubt soon will be. Cedar Co. ("Railroad tracks northwest of Mechanicsville, June 17, 1950.")Fay. SUI.; ("One mile west of Lowden, July 12, 1950,")Fay, SUI.

Scrophularia L. Fig-wort.

- S. m'arilandica L.
  - S. nodosa L. var. marilandica Gray of Fl. Rich moist low woods and thickets; frequent. S(Hickory Grove Road; Credit Island)G.; (Davenport)Ross. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
  - S. lanceolata Puesh. S. leporella Bickn. Open woods and borders in drier or more sandy situations; infrequent. S(Lock 14)G. M(Sandy field east of the Brasenia Pond)G.

Cedar Co.(Rochester Cemetery)G.

S. nodosa L.

M(Prairie remnant at Pine Creek crossing with R. 61)G. Collections in successive years from a single station in the prairie remnant at Pine Creek between the highway and the railroad tracks. Our plant is S. nodosa L., not the var. marilandica; it matched a specmen collected and identified by Fernald in the Gray Herbarium.

- (S. occidentalis (Rydb)Bickn.
  - Inflorescence densely glandular. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Paarmann-Sheldon.
- Chelone L. Turtle-head.
  - C. glabra L. var. linifolia Coleman. In bogs; infrequent.
    - M(Hanging bog, Lindle's Woods; Bog at Nelumbo Pond, Section 15, Lake Township)G.; (Hanging bog along road south of Pine Mill)G.; (Saulsbury Bridge)Barnes.
  - C. obliqua. Rose Turtle head. S(A single collection from a moist shallow ditch west of the pond at Credit Island; with Iris Shrevei)G.
- Penstemon Mitchell Beard tongue
  - P. Digitalis Nut. Fox-glove Penstemon. P. laevigata Sol. var. Digitalis Gray of Fl. Moist grounds, often sandy, near streams, to rather dry borders and openings; infrequent. S(Devil's Glen)Ross: (Credit Island)G.
  - P alluviorum Pennell. M(Alluvial flat, floodplain of east branch of Cedar River at Saulsbury Bridge)G.
  - (P. calycosus Small. Cedar Co.(In a moist swale at Rochester Cemetery)G.
  - P. pallidus Small
    - P. pubescens Solander of Fl. Dry sandy prairies and roadsides; frequent. S(McCausland)G.; (Davenport)Ross. M(Moist sandy soil north of Brasenia Pond)G. Ill. RI(Sandy roadside north of Cordova)G.
  - P. grandiflorus Nutt. Dry sand fields and dunes; rare. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert. Lousia Co.(Big Sand Mound)G. (Reported by Dr. Parry as "found in the vicinity of Davenport, June 5, 1847. A specimen at ISC bears the data "Smoky Hill, 1867.")

Mimulus L. Monkey-flower

M. ringens L. Wet places generally; about pond shores, wet ditches and marshes; frequent. S(Devil's Glen)Ross; (Credit Island)G. M(Bog south of Pine Mill)G.

Gratiola L. Hedge hyssop

- G. virginiana L.
  - Muddy pond shores, boggy meadows; infrequent. S(Shallow pasture pond-margin south of road to McCausland)G. M(Muddy flat under Saulsbury Bridge)G.
- G. neglecta Torr.
  - G. virginiana L. in part, of Fl. Wet or boggy pond margins, etc., more frequent than the last. S(Blue Grass)Barnes. M(Boggy border of Nelumbo Pond)G. Ill. Henry Co.(Pond in quarry bottom north of Colona)G.

#### Conobea Aubl.

C. multifida (Michx.)Benth. S("Mississippi River banks; frequent.")Barnes.

Bacopa Aubl. Water-hyssop.

B. rotundifolia (Michx.)Wetts. Herpestis rotundifolia Pursh of Fl. Shallow muddy ponds; infrequent. M("In shallow watery places, Muscatine Island, Sept. 6, 1895.") Reppert. Ill. RI(Shallow pasture pond near Illinois City)G.

Lindernia All. False Pimpernel.

- L. dubia (L.)Pennell. Ilysanthes riparia Raf. of Fl. Damp or muddy shores; infrequent. S(Credit Island)G. M(Pond near Tice Bridge)G. Ill. Henry Co.(Pond in quarry bottom north of Colona)G.
- L. anagalloides (Michx.)Pennell. Ilysanthes riparia Raf. in part, of Fl. In similar habitats. S(Credit Island)G.; (Devil's Glen)Ross. M(Fairport ponds)G. Louisa Co. (Big Sand Mound)G.

Wulfenia Jacq.

W. Bullii (Eat.)Barnh.

Synthyris Houghtoniana Benth. of Fl. In sandy soil; rare.

- M("Sandy soil in open woods near Cedar River, April, 1890.") Reppert.
- Ill. RI(Sandy roadside, crossroads from R. 80 north of Cordova)G.

#### Veronicastrum Fabricius Culver's-root.

V. virginicum (L.)Farw.

- Veronica virginica L. of Fl.
- Open woods and prairies; frequent.
  - S(Devil's Glen)Ross; (Credit Island; Sandy flat northeast of St. Anne's Church)G.

Veronica L. Speedwell.

V. scutellata L. Skull-cap Speedwell. "Low wet grounds at Noels; Scott County."Fl. S(Noels)Barnes.

- V. peregrina L. Purslane Speedwell. Damp or dry waste grounds or fields; frequent. S(Waverly Road)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert. V. peregrina L. var. xalapensis (HBK)St. John & Warren. Stem and capsule glandular pubescent. With the preceding. M(Sandy pasture west of Brasenia Pond)G. V. arvensis L. Corn Speedwell. Cultivated and fallow fields and waste places; occasional in city lawns. S(Lawn, Telegraph Road; Lock 14)G.; (Dauer's Woods)Barnes. M(Dry roadside bank south of Pine Mill)G .: (Montpelier Township)Reppert. Seymeria Puesh. S. macrophylla Nutt. Mullein-Foxglove. Woods near streams; dry wooded hillsides; infrequent. S(Moist open woods, Credit Island)G. Ill. RI(Steep wooded hillside, Watch Tower)G. Gerardia L. Gerardia G. aspera Dougl. "Cedar River region; infrequent."Fl. M("Muscatine Co., no further data")Reppert, SUI. G. purpurea L. Purple Gerardia Damp sandy soils; infrequent or rare. S(Noels)Barnes: (Moist sands at marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G. G. tenuifolia Vahl. Slender Gerardia. Moist low grounds, often sandy, often on pond shores; frequent. S(Credit Island)G.; (Davenport)Ross. M(Wild Cat Den)Barnes. G. tenuifolia Vahl. var. macrophylla Benth. G. Besseyana Britt. M("Muscatine, Iowa." No further data)Reppert. G. Skinneriana Wood. G. tenuifolia Vahl. var. aspera Gray of Fl. M(In a tiny prairie remnant on the crest of a wooded ridge, Wild Cat Den)G. G. auriculata Michx. "Low grounds and prairies." Fl. M("Low grounds, south Muscatine, August 26, 1892.")Reppert, SUI. ("Native Illinoian prairie south of Wilton, Sept. 2, 1922.") Shimek, SUI.
  - G. grandiflora Benth. var. pulchra (Pennell)Fern. M(On a high dry thinly wooded spur, Wild Cat Den, with Antennaria plantaginifolia and many mosses and lichens)G.; Barnes; ("Somewhat wooded old dune northeast of pond, 8 miles northwest of Muscatine, Sept. 29,1926.")Shimek, SUI.

Castilleja Mutis. Painted cup.

 C. coccinea (L.)Spreng.
 "Dry sterile hills and sandy prairies; becoming scarce."Fl. I collected this plant in the grassy woods east of Fairview School in 1907; I have not seen it in the field since.
 M(Wild Cat Den)Barnes; (Muscatine Co.)Reppert. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)Ross; Melville.

Pedicularis L. Lousewort

 P. canadensis L. Common Lousewort Prairie remnant; now rare, at least in Scott County. "Damp hillsides, open woods, etc; frequent." Fl. S(Native prairie at Pine Hill Cemetery)G.; (Oakton)Ross; (Prairie remnant west of St. Anne's Church)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.

 P. lanceolata Michx.
 "Wet places." Fl. S(Eldridge, Sept. 1892.)Barnes. M(Bog at margin of Nelumbo Pond, Section 15, Lake Township)G.

#### Bignoniaceae

Campsis Lour. Trumpet flower

C. radicans (L.)Seem. Tecoma radicans Juss. of Fl. Introduced; escaped into moist woods and thickets near settlements; quite frequent. S(Credit Island)G.

Catalpa Scop. Catalpa

C. speciosa Warder. Frequently planted and occasionally escaped. S(Schuetzen Park)Paarmann-Sheldon; (Lau Farm)G.

(C. bignonioides Walt. Infrequently planted. Ill. RI(Southwest corner of 8th Ave. & 14th St.)Morrissey.

#### Martyniaceae

- Proboscidea Schmidel Unicorn plant
  - P. louisianica (Mill)Thell.

S(Victor Randolph Farm, northeast ¼ Section 14, Pleasant Valley Township, 1958)G.

Intentionally introduced about twenty years ago and now established in the hog pasture.

#### Orobanchaceae

Orobanche L. Broom rape

O. uniflora L. One flowered Cancer-root

M("Rich woods near Muscatine. One plant, May, 1878.") Reppert, SUI.

#### Lentibularaceae

Utricularia L. Bladderwort

U. vulgaris L.

"Ponds and slow flowing waters of Muscatine County; frequent."Fl. M(Moscow)Barnes; (Weiss' Slough)G.; (Muscatine Co.)Reppert. U. gibbosa L.

Reported as U. biflora Lam. by Reppert. The specimen at ISC was examined and redetermined by Thorne as U. gibbosa. I have not seen it and accept the correction.

M("Ponds near Cedar River, October 1878.")Reppert, ISC.

#### Acanthaceae

Ruellia L. Ruellia R. strepens L.

Infrequent; moist borders of low woods, rarely in moist open places. S(Credit Island; Pine Hill Cemetery)G.

R. humilis Nutt.

R. ciliosa Pursh of Fl.
 Dry, often rather sandy, open places and open woods; prairie remnants; frequent.
 S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G.
 M(Wild Cat Den)G.

Phryma L. Lop Seed

# Phrymaceae

P. Leptostachya L. Rich open woodlands; frequent. S(Davenport)Ross. M(Wild Cat Den)G.

# Plantago L. Plantain

P. cordata Lam. S("In the vicinity of Davenport, April 29, 1847.")Dr. Parry, ISC.

Plantaginaceae

- P. major L. Common Plantain Waste places, roadsides; a frequent weed. S(Waste place, 15th & Harrison Sts.)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
- P. Rugelii Dcne. Rugel's Plantain Waste places; frequent. S(15th & Harrison Sts.; Duck Creek Park)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
- P. lanceolata L. Rib-grass. English Plantain. Roadsides, lawns, waste places; frequent. S(Blue Grass)Barnes; (Roadside near Pine Hill Cemetery) Paarman-Sheldon. M(Fairport ponds)G.
- P. aristata Michx. Bracted Plantain.
   P. Patagonica Jacq. var. aristata, Gray of Fl. In sandy soils; infrequent.
   S(Little's Grove)Barnes.
   M(Wild Cat Den)G.
- P. Purshii B.&S. Pursh's Plantain Dry sandy places; sandy roadsides; infrequent. S(Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Shimek. III. RI(Sandy roadside north of Cordova)G.

P. virginica L. Hoary Plantain. Dry open places, pastures, in sandy soil; rare or infrequent. S(Cronkleton's pasture at Allen's Grove)G.; (Wapsie)Barnes. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.

#### Rubiaceae

Galium L. Bed-straw. Cleavers.

- G. trifidum Michx. Sweet scented Bed-straw. Mostly in rich moist woods: frequent. S(Allen's Grove: Credit Island: Pine Hill Cemetery)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.
- G. circaezans Michx. Wild Licorice. Frequent in rich upland woods. S(Devil's Glen)G. III. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross.
- G. circaezans Michx. var. hypomalacum Fern. Rich upland woods; frequent. S(Allen's Grove; Woods north of Buffalo)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.; (Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
- G. Aparine L. Goosegrass Cleavers. Moist open woods, moist roadside ditches; damp places generally; frequent. C(Credit Island)G.; Ross. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal; Watch Tower)G.
- G obtusum Bigel. Wet sedge meadows; moist alluvial woods; sandy open spaces near streams; frequent. S(In sand at Credit Island; prairie at Pine Hill Cemetery; moist sedge meadow north of Nahant.)G.
- G. concinnum T.&G. Pretty Bedstraw. Woods and thickets rather rare. S(Allen's Grove)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.; ("Rich woods, Moscow, June 14, 1891.") Reppert, SUI.
- G. trifidum L. var. latifolium Torr. of Fl. G. tinctorium L. Wild Madder Wet meadows; infrequent. S(Sedge meadow north of Nahant)G.
- (G. boreale L. Northern Bedstraw. Collected in Cedar and Johnson counties. Johnson Co.(Prairie along the railroad east of Iowa City, July 12, 1910) Shimek, SUI.
- (Diodia L. Buttonweed
  - D. teres Walt.

Ill. Whiteside Co.(Sandy field at Lock 13)G.

- Cephalanthus L. Buttonbush
  - C. occidentalis L.
    - Damp sandy or silty alluvial soils of shores of ponds and streams; frequent.

S(Marsh north of Allen's Grove)G. M(Moscow)Barnes.

Houstonia I. Houstonia

H minima Beck, Bluets, Dry sandy openings in woods: dry sandy fields: quite infrequent but sometimes abundant locally. S(Camp McClellan)Whitaker; (Davenport)Ross. M(Muscatine Co.)Shimek. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Melville; (Sandy roadside north of Cordova)G.

#### Caprifoliaceae

Diervilla Duham. Bush-honeysuckle

Lonicera Mill. D. trifida Moench. of Fl. Dry rocky woods; rare. D. Lonicera Mill. S(Davenport)Ross. M(Wild Cat Den)G.

- Lonicera L. Honevsuckle
  - L. sempervirens L. Trumpet honeysuckle. Occasional in cultivation. S(Davenport)Melville: (11th & Gaines Sts., cultivated)G.
  - L. Periclymenum L. A handsome garden species. S(Cultivated, 1428 Main St.)G.
  - prolifera (Kirchn.)Rehd. Grape honeysuckle. L. L. glauca Hill of Fl. ? L. Sullivantii Grav Dry open upland woods and wooded slopes; infrequent. S(Allen's Grove: Devil's Glen; Indian Road)G.
  - L. dioica L. Limber Honeysuckle M(Edge of woods, lower flat east of Pine Creek, Wild Cat Den)G.
  - L. japonica Thunb. Japanese Honeysuckle. Occasional as an ornamental vine: rarely escaped. S(Climbing on the fence at 11th & Brady Sts.)G. Ill. Henry Co.(Roadside escape north of Colona)G.
  - L. Morrowii Gray Frequently planted and occasionally escaped. S(Escaped and strongly established in the ravine at Fejervary Park)G.
  - tatarica L. Tartarian Honeysuckle L. Frequently planted and occasionally escaped. S(Also escaped into the ravine at Feiervary Park)G.
- X L. bella Zabel A hybrid of L. tatarica and L. Morrowii. Frequently planted. S(131 W. 15th St.)G.
- Symphoricarpos Duham.
  - S. albus (L.)Blake. Snowberry
    - S. racemosa Gray.
      - Frequently planted and sometimes escaped. A northern species. S(131 W. 15th St.)G. .

- S. orbiculatus Hook. Coralberry. Indian Currant S. vulgaris Michx. of Fl. Dry open wooded hillsides; dry exposed banks; infrequent. M(Dry wooded hill west of Muscatine; roadside embankment east of Saulsbury Bridge)G.
- S. occidentalis Hook. Wolfberry M("Along railroad tracks above Muscatine, July, 1897.")Reppert, SUI.
- Triosteum L. Horse Gentain.
  - T. perfoliatum L. Infrequent. Dry open upland woods; thinly wooded pastures. S(Devil's Glen)G.; (Davenport)Ross.
  - T. aurantiacum Bickn. Wild Coffee In similar situations; infrequent. M(Wooded sandy pasture east of Brasenia Pond)G.
  - (T. illinoiense (Wieg)Rydb.
     Stems with glandular hairs.
     (X)Paarmann-Sheldon. Probably from Scott County.
- Viburnum L. Viburnum. Arrow-wood.
  - V. Lantana L. Wayfaring tree. S(Vanderveer Park, cultivated)G.
  - V. Lentago L. Sheepberry. Borders of woods; occasional. S(Allen's Grove)G.; (LeClaire)Barnes. M(Wild Cat Den)G.
  - (V. Rafinesquianum Schultes. Downy Arrow-wood.
     V. pubescens of auth.
     Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal, cultivated)G.
  - V. Rafinesquianum Schultes var. affine (Bush)House. S(Devil's Glen)Ross; (Spencer Creek)Paarmann-Sheldon.
  - V. dentatum L. Southern Arrow-wood Several varieties are met with, all probably planted. S(Pine St. and Telegraph Road)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.
     Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.
  - V. trilobum Marsh High-bush Cranberry Moist woods; occasional. S(Fejervary Park; Duck Creek Park)G.
  - V. Opulus L. Guelder Rose Scarcely separable from the last. S(Cultivated, 1645 W. 12th St.)G.
  - V. Opulus L. var. roseum L. Common Snow-ball-bush. S(Cultivated, 16th & Brady Sts.)G.
- Sambucus L. Elderberry
  - S. canadensis L. Common Elderberry Thickets along borders of woods, fence rows; frequent. S(Davenport)Ross; (Near St. Anne's Church)G. M(Weiss'Slough)G.

Valeriana L. Valerian

V. ciliata T.& G.
 V. edulis Nutt. of Fl.
 S(Allen's Grove)Barnes.
 Clinton Co.(Along the railroad east of DeWitt)Morrissey.

#### Dipsacaceae

Dipsacus L. Teasel D. laciniatus L. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)Morrissey; G. From discarded funeral-wreaths. Apparently the dyes and gilding do not always destroy the vitality of the seeds.

#### Cucurbitaceae

- C. foetida HBK. Missouri Gourd. S(Switch yards west of Schmidt's Crossing)G.
- Sicvos L. Bur cucumber.

Cucurbita L.

 S. angulata L. Riverbanks, damp alluvial woods and moist open places; ditches; frequent. S(Credit Island; Utica Ridge Road)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.

Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross.

Echinocystis T.&G. Wild Balsam apple
E. lobata (Michx.)T.& G. Prickly Cucumber. Moist alluvial woods, river banks and moist ditches; infrequent. S(Davenport)Ross; (Utica Ridge Road)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.

#### Campanulaceae

Specularia Fabricius. Venus' Looking-glass

 S. perfoliata (L.)A.DC. Triodanis perfoliata (L.)Nieuwl. Dry soils, sometimes sandy, of banks, roadsides, open woods. Infrequent. S(Sandy soil near marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church; Lock 14)G.

#### Campanula L. Bell flower

- (C. rapunculoides L. European Bell flower Occasionally seen in flower gardens in our area; rarely escapes. Linn Co.(Roadside bank near Mt. Vernon; an escape.)G.
- C. americana L. American Bell flower Moist upland and low woods; frequent. S(Devil's Glen)Ross; G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.
- C. aparinoides Pursh, Marsh Bell flower M(Hanging bog west of road to Pine Mill)G.
- (C. uliginosa Rydb. (X)Barnes. The identification is doubtful.
- (C. rotundifolia L. Hare bell. Johnson Co.("Turkey Creek, Sept. 30, 1931")Shimek, SUI.

#### Lobeliaceae

Lobelia L. Lobelia

- L. cardinalis L. Cardinal Flower Moist shores and meadows; not very frequent. S(Credit Island)G.; (Noels)Barnes. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
- L. syphilitica L. Blue Cardinal flower. Low moist or wet grounds, marshes and ditches; frequent. S(Davenport)Ross); (Fejervary Park ravine)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.
- L. spicata L. Spike Lobelia Prairie remnants, sometimes rather dry or sandy; not infrequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery; Fejervary Park)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.
- L. inflata L. Indian Tobacco In various habitats, mostly in dry, often sandy; open woods; infrequent.

S(Allen's Grove; Credit Island; Duck Creek Park)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.

### Compositae

Vernonia Schreb. Ironweed.

- V. fasciculata Michx.
   Low meadows and pastures, moist waste places; frequent.
   S(Credit Island)G.; (Davenport)Ross; (Blue Grass)Barnes.
   M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
   III. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)G.
- (V. altissima Nutt. Ill. Henry Co.(Fence row north of Colona)G.
- (V. missurica Raf.
   V. illinoesis Gleason.
   Ill. Henry Co.(Fence row north of Colona)G.
- (V. baldwinii Torr. (X)Barnes.

Eupatorium L. Thoroughwort Boneset. Joe-Pye Weed.

- E. maculata L. Spotted-stem Joe-Pye Weed. Infrequent; in wet or boggy places. S(McCausland marsh)G. M(Bog, Wild Cat Den)G.
- E. purpureum L. Green-stem Joe-Pye Weed. Frequent; in rich dry to moist open woods. S(Devil's Glen; Credit Island)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.
- E. altissimum L. Tall Thoroughwort Prairies, woodlands and borders; less frequent than the last. M(Wild Cat Den)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross; G. (X)Barnes; Paarmann-Sheldon.

- E. perfoliatum L. Thoroughwort. Boneset.
   Bogs, marshes, ditches, etc.; frequent.
   S(Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G.
   III. RI(Watch Tower; Loud Thunder Forest Preserve)G.
- E. serotinum Michx. Late Eupatorium Low moist open woods, bottomlands; frequent.
   S(Credit Island; Allen's Grove)G.; (Davenport)Ross; (Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G.
   M(Wild Cat Den)G.
   Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G.
- E. coelestinum L. Blue Boneset. "Ageratum." Occasionally cultivated and escaped-in cemeteries. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G.
- E. rugosum Houtt. White Snake-root.
  E. urticaefolium Reich.
  E. ageratoides L. of Fl.
  Frequent in moist or dry woods.
  S(Credit Island; Koenig place)G.; (Davenport)Ross.
  Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Paarmann-Sheldon.
- Kuhnia L. False Boneset
  - K. eupatorioides L. var. corymbulosa T.& G. Prairie habitats, roadsides, open woods, frequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery; Koenig place)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
  - (K. eupatorioides L. var. angustifolia Raf. Ill. RI(Open woods along the bluff path, Watch Tower)G.

Liatris Schreb. Blazing-Star.

- L. pycnostachya Michx.
   Moist prairies; not infrequent.
   S(Pine Hill Cemetery)Paarmann-Sheldon; G.; (Oakton)Ross.
   M(Durant)G.; (Muscatine)Reppert.
- L. aspera Michx. L. scariosa L. Willd. of Fl. Prairie habitats; sandy soils; frequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)Ross. M(Wild Cat Den)Barnes; G. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G. Ill. RI(Cordova)G.
- L. cylindracea Michx. Dry sandy soils; infrequent. S(Oakton; Davenport)Ross; (Montpelier)Barnes. M(Muscatine)Shimek; (Wild Cat Den)Reppert.

#### Grindelia Willd.

 G. squarrosa (Pursh.)Dunal. Gum Plant Waste grounds and roadsides. M("Fruitland Station, 6 miles south of Muscatine, August, 1894.") Reppert, SUI. (X)Barnes.

Chrysospsis Ell. Golden Aster.

- G. villosa (Pursh.)Nutt.
  - In very sandy and dry soils along roadsides and on dunes; frequent. Locally.

S(Princeton)G. Clinton Co.(Camanche)G. Ill. RI(Cordova)G.

- Solidago L. Goldenrod
  - S. flexicaulis L. Broad-leaf Goldenrod
    - S. latifolia L. of Fl.
      - S(Devil's Glen)Ross. M(Montpelier)Barnes; (Wild Cat Den)Barnes; G.; (Muscatine) Shimek.
  - S. speciosa Nutt. Showy Goldenrod. Borders of woods, thickets, prairies; infrequent. S(Oakton)Ross. M(Cedar River at BCR & N crossing; Pine Creek)Barnes.
  - S. speciosa var. angustata T.& G.
     In sandy soils in the open, along railroad tracks; infrequent.
     S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G.
     M(Muscatine)Shimek.
     Ill. RI(In sand along the tracks north of Cordova)G.
     (X)Barnes.
  - S. missouriensis Nutt. var. fasciculata Holzinger. Missouri Goldenrod.
     S. glaberrima Martens. Prairie remnants and undisturbed fence-rows; infrequent. Our earl-

iest goldenrod. S(Oakton)Ross; (Pine Hill Cemetery; Utica Ridge Road; Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church; Maysville)G. Ill. RI(Along the tracks north of Cordova)G.

- S. patula Muhl. Rough-leaf Goldenrod M(Cedar River at the old BCR & N railroad crossing)Barnes; (Lindle's Woods)Thorne, SUI.
- S. nemoralis Ait. Old-field Goldenrod Frequent on dry hillsides and banks; fond of loess exposures. S(Pine Hill Cemetery; Noels)G.; (Devil's Glen)Ross. M(Montpelier)Barnes; (Wild Cat Den)G.
- S. nemoralis Ait. var. Haleana Fern. S(In sandy till in the gravel-pit, Duck Creek Park; Prairie remnant at 11th & Vine Sts., with S. gilvocanescens)G.
- S. longipetiolata Mach. & Bush.
   S. nemoralis var. decemflora (DC.)Fern.
   Dry sandy prairies and roadsides; infrequent.
   S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G.
   Ill. RI(Sands north of Cordova)G.
- S. ulmifolia Muhl. Elm-leaf Goldenrod Frequent in dry upland woods. S(Old Koenig place)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.; (Lindle's Woods)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross.

Collections were made on the old Koenig property of plants resembling Solidago ulmifolia, with narrower leaves, but with short floriferous branches extending down the stem in the axils of longer subtending leaves for a distance of 10 to 13 nodes below the main inflorescence; in this respect resembling S. rugosa var. villosa. This species is not attributed to Iowa; if these plants are not S. rugosa they will be a very anomalous form of S. ulmifolia. A string-like stolon was uncovered for a distance of 27 inches.

X S. ulmifolia Muhl. X S. gilvocanescens (Rydb.)Smyth.

S(Sparsely wooded hillside, old Koenig property)G. Both parents were present. The inflorescence combines the characteristics of both. The leaves are broader than in S. gilvocanescens, the serration more marked and coarser, the pubescence of the under surface much less dense and longer, as is also that of the stem, the reticulaton of the veinlets of the leaves midway in coarseness between the two.

S. gilvocanescens ((Rydb.)Smyth. Canada Goldenrod

- S. canadensis L. var. gilvocanescens Rydb.
- S. Canadensis L. of Fl.

S.

Dry fields and roadsides, open waste places.

Typical S. canadensis is not found here, and good examples of S. gilvocanescens are quite infrequent. Most of our common plants are intermediates betwen S. gilvocanscens and S. altissima, and can be regarded as hybrids.

# altissima L. Tall Goldenrod Prefers damp situations; roadside ditches, low grounds, etc.; but occasionally seen in dry sandy prairie soil. Good examples of pure S. altissima are also infrequent; nearly all our common plants are hybrids with S. gilvocanescens. S(Allen's Grove)G. M(Section 9, Montpelier Township: Wild Cat Den)G.

S. altissima L. var. procera (Ait.)Fern. A tall form with straight strongly ascending panicle-branches without recurving tips; probably of little taxonomic importance. S(Open alluvial ground, Credit Island)G. M(Wooded island below Muscatine)G.

S. gigantea Ait. Late Goldenrod. S. serotina Ait. var. gigantea Gray of Fl. Moist soils, low grounds; frequent. S(Credit Island; Eldridge)G.

S. gigantea Ait. var. leiophylla Fern. S. serotina Ait. of Fl. Low damp grounds; frequent. S(Credit Island; Noels)G.

S. Somesii Rydb. A form of S. gigantea with the under surface of the leaves pubescent between the veins as well as on them. Probably a hybrid between S. gigantea and S. gilvocanescens. Fairly frequent.

S(Pine Hill Cemetery; Credit Island)G.; (Davenport)Barnes. M(Wild Cat Den)G.; (Montpelier)Barnes.

A number of goldenrods are encountered in the field concerning whose identification it is difficult to be positive, be it on account of excessive variability within the species, or due to crossing and backcrossing for which some species have a marked propensity.

S. rigida L. Stiff Goldenrod Native prairie habitats; fairly frequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery; Dixon)G. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert. S. Riddellii Frank.

S(Eldridge September 17, 1892)Barnes, M(Low prairie, September 18, 1895)Reppert.

S graminea L. var. Nuttallii (Greene)Fern. Frequent in low moist grounds, especially sandy; occasionally in drier situations.

S(Oakton)Ross: (Eldridge road: marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.

- Boltonia L'Her. Boltonia
  - (B. latisquama Grav. In moist soil in thickets or open alluvial woods. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G.
  - B. latisquama Gray var. recognita Fern. & Grisc. B. asteroides of Fl. and most authors. In moist sandy soils in thickets and open woods; frequent. S(Allen's Grove: Credit Island)G.; (Buffalo)Barnes. Ill. Henry Co.(Colona)G.
  - B. latisouama Grav var. microcephala Fern. & Grisc.

#### Aster L. Aster.

A. umbelliformis Burgess.\*

•The correct name for this plant is debateable. Nees published Aster Schreberi with a short description in 1818. In 1906 Burgess in a monumental and scholarly work seg-regated Nees' aster into several species, among them Aster umbelliformis and Aster regated Nees' aster into several species, among them Aster underlifering and Aster Schreberi, and gave full and accurate descriptions of each, with excellent illustrations. Burgess' is the first full and detailed description of the plant in question. However, Fernald has thrown the weight of his authority against Burgess' work by adopting the name Aster Schreberi of Nees. Burgess' name is entitled to precedence unless the new species Aster umbelliformis is adjudged invalid.

- A. curvescens umbelliformis Burgess, in B & B 2nd Ed.
- A. Schreberi Nees sensu Fernald in Gray 8th Ed.
   A. Chasei G.N. Jones in Vascular Plants of Illinois.
- A. corymbosus Ait. of Fl.

North-facing moist wooded slopes; rare.

- S(Devil's Glen, July 22, 1887)Ross, as Aster corymbosus. S(Devil's Glen, July 27, 1932)Hauber, as Aster divaricatus.
- M("In a woodland about 2 miles north of Muscatine city; scarce; August 18, 1893.")Reppert, SUI, as Aster corymbosus. M(Same locality? (Richman's Woods?) August, 1891)Reppert, SUI,
- as Aster corymbosus.
- M("Moist wooded slope of fixed dune northwest quarter Section 7, Lake Township, August 9, 1952) Thorne, SUI, as Aster furcatus. A beautiful example.
- M("Rich moist wooded slope, Lindle's Woods, Section, Section 7, Lake Township, September 3, 1954.")G.
- Ill. RI(Loud Thunder Forest Preserve; moist north-facing wooded slope; August 24, 1956)G.

#### X A. umbelliformis Burgess X Aster furcatus Burgess.

M("Sandy wooded slope on large dune northeast of pond, eight miles northwest of Muscatine, September 24, 1927.")Shimek, SUI, as Aster macrophyllus. Both parents were present at this station. The determination is based on differences in the involucre, the bracts, the inflorescence, the shape of the upper leaves, the petioles, the pubescence, the teeth of the leaves, and the rootstock.

A. furcatus Burgess

A. macrophyllus L. of Fl.

Wooded ravines and north-facing wooded slopes: more frequent than A. umbelliformis, but still rare.

- M(Wooded north slope, Wild Cat Den; September 9, 1952)G. M(North-facing wooded hill, Wild Cat Den; September 24, 1949)G. M(Wooded hillside, Township 76; October 1, 1952)G. M("Wooded bluff, Sweetland Creek; October 20, 1900")Shimek, as
- Aster macrophyllus
- M("Bog near base of large wooded sand dune northeast of pond, eight miles northwest of Muscatine: August 19, 1925")Shimek. SUI, as Aster macrophyllus,
- M("Hilly woods, not frequent; September 10, 1901") Reppert, SUI, as Aster macrophyllus.
- as Aster macrophynus. M("Muscatine Co., September, no year; not infrequent in wooded ravines.")Reppert, SUI, as Aster macrophyllus. M("Wooded north-facing slope of fixed dune northwest quar-

ter Section 7, Lake Township; September 27, 1952.")Thorne, SUI. M("Upland woods, Wild Cat Den, September 11, 1826.")Shimek.

#### A. azureus Lindl. Azure Aster.

True upland prairies; frequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G.; (Blue Grass)Barnes. M(Wild Cat Den)G.; (Muscatine Co.)Shimek.

- A. Shortii Lindl. Short's Aster. Frequent in dry open upland woods and borders. S(LeClaire; Fairview)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower: Rock Island Arsenal)Ross.
- A. cordifolius L. Blue Wood Aster. Hilly woods: infrequent: not seen in Scott county. M(Township Seventy-six)G.; (Muscatine Co.)Shimek.
- A. sagittifolius Wedem. Arrow-leaf Aster. Open upland woods and borders; frequent. S(Oakton; Devil's Glen)Ross; (Allen's Grove)G. M(Wild Cat Den)Barnes; G.; (Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
- A. Drummondii Lindl. Drummond's Aster Dry open woods and borders; occasionally along protected sandy roadsides and dry ditchs. More frequent than the preceding; occasionally associated with it. In our area these asters are quite distinct; the following is the only intermediate or hybrid encountered. S(Pineo's Grove: Waverly Road)G.
- X A. sagittifolius Wedem, X A. Drummondii Lindl, Intermediates or hybrids are rare in our region. S(Old Koenig place)G. Our only collection.
  - A. patens Ait. Spreading Aster. In our area only in gardens; promptly dies out. S(Garden, 12th & Pershing Ave.)G.
  - A. oblongifolius Nutt. Oblong-leaf Aster. Dry hills, banks and bluffs, in loess or sandy soils; occasionally on level sandy grounds; infrequent. S("Bettendorf, September 26, 1914.")M. Marrin & P. Kleinfelder.
    - M("Hilltop; loess soils; Muscatine County, October 10, 1891.") Reppert. (as the var. rigidulus Grav).

- Ill. RI(Sandy prairie south of the Meredosia; Watch Tower, along the bluff path; railroad tracks north of Cordova)G.; (Rock Island Arsenal)Ross.
- (A. oblongifolus Nutt. var. rigidulus Gray. Seems to be only a depauperate form growing in lean or gravelly soils. Ill. RI(Sandy prairie south of the Meredosia)G.
- A. novae-angliae L. New England Aster. Frequent; prefers low moist grounds, moist roadsides, ditches and fields; much less frequent on the drier uplands. S(Pine Hill Cemetery; Waverly Road; Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G.; (Blue Grass)Barnes. M(Muscatine Co.)Shimek; (Wild Cat Den)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.
- A. novae-angliae L. f. roseus (Desf.)Britt. Situations like the preceding. There are many intermediates between purple and bright pink. Not infrequent, especially in gardens. M(Lake Township)Reppert. S(1412 Brady St., cultivated)G.
- A. novae-angliae f. geneseensis House. Flowers white. A single collection. S(Interurban crossing at Telegraph Road)G.
- A. amethystinus Nutt.
  - A natural hybrid between A. novae-angliae L. and A. ericoides L. S("A single clump in a ditch near Blue Grass."; no date)Barnes & Miller, SUI.
- A. prenanthoides Muhl. Crooked-stem Aster. M(In alluvium on the creek-bank in woods, in Wild Cat Den. Known only from this station.) Reppert; Barnes; G.
- A. puniceus L. Red-stem Aster. In moist to boggy grounds; quite infrequent. M(Section 15, Lake Township)G.
- A. puniceus L. var. lucidulus Gray. Glossy-leaf Aster. In moist situations with the last; infrequent. S(Allen's Grove; Butler Township)G. M(Section 15, Lake Township)G.; (Cedar River)Reppert.
- A. sericeus Vent. Silky Aster.
  - In very dry sandy grounds; sandy prairies; rare or infrequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)Ross. Now extinct. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert; ("Native Illinoian prairie south of Wilton, 1922)Shimek. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G. Ill. RI(Dry prairie on the sand hills south of the Meredosia)G.
- A. laevis L. Smooth Aster.
- Dry prairies and roadsides; infrequent; rapidly disappearing. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)Ross; G.; (Railroad right-of-way south of Eldridge)G.; (Blue Grass)Barnes. M(Prairies, Cedar River region)Reppert.
- A. pilosus Willd. Heath Aster.
  - A. ericoides L. of Fl.
    - Very frequent; in dry soils; roadsides, waste places, dry fallow fields.
      - S(Allen's Grove)G .: (Davenport)Ross.

- A. pilosus Willd, var. platyphyllus (T.& G.)Blekr. A. ericoides L. var. villosus T.& G. of Fl. Damp to dry situations: frequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery; Credit Island)G. M(Wilton)G Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)G.
- A. pilosus Willd, var. demotus Blake. A. ericoides L. in part of Fl. Dry places; quite infrequent. S(Allen's Grove)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Shimek. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G.
- A. parviceps (Burgess)Mack & Bush. S("Duck Creek Park, August 25, 1928.")Hauber.
- A. ericoides L. Wreath Aster. A. multiflorus Ait. of Fl. An upland prairie plant: prairie remnants, railway rights-of-way, dry roadsides and fence-rows; frequent. S(Roadside, Wapsie bottoms; Eldridge; Pine Hill Cemetery)G. M(Railroad tracks east of Wilton)G.
- A. ericoides L. f. Gramsii Behnke Flowers blue; in similar situations; rare. S(Eldridge Road)G. M(Fairport)G.
- A. exiguus (Fern.)Rydb.
  - A. multiflorus Ait. in part, of Fl.
  - A. ericoides L. var. prostratus Blake. In situations like A. ericoides: less frequent. S(Oakton)Ross; (Eldridge Road)G. M(Railroad tracks near Wild Cat Den; East of Wilton)G.

A. dumosus L. Bushy Aster. Moist shaded places in prairie soils; moist sandy thickets in open woods: infrequent or rare.

- S(In the moist lee of a big spruce in native prairie, Pine Hill Cemetery)G.
- M(Boggy ground, margin of Nelumbo Pond, Section 15, Lake Township)G.; a hybrid? Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound, in thickets and open woods along
- the sandy shore of the lake.)G.

Several named varieties of A. dumosus are also found in the thickets along the sandy shore of the lake at the Big Sand Mound; namely

- (A. dumosus L. var. strictior T.&G.
- (A. dumosus L. var. cordifolius (Michx.)T.& G.
- (A. dumosus L. var. gracilipes Wieg.

The following putative hybrids have also been collected here:

- (X A. dumosus L. x A. lateriflorus (L.)Britt.
- (X A. dumosus L. x A. missouriensis Britt. (X A. dumosus L. x A. pilosus Willd.
- (X A. dumosus L. x A. simplex Willd.

In the hybrid swarm that is pullulating in this place the species of most frequent occurrence is Aster dumosus; and it appears to be utterly promiscuous in its mating habits.

See note under Aster missouriensis.

(A. vimineus Lam.

Reported from Muscatine County by Reppert, and from Muscatine and Louisa Counties by Davidson, on the basis of four collections in the Herbarium at the State University of Iowa.

M(Muscatine Co., November, 1892)Reppert, (as A. ericoides or A. vimineus).

M(Roadbed along railroad in first mile south of creek, Wilton, September 27, 1924.)Shimek.

Louisa Co.("Sandy alluvial plain west of Sand Mound, northeast part of Louisa Co., September 25, 1909.")Shimek. M("Hanging bog north of schoolhouse, 7 miles northwest of

Muscatine, September 19, 1932.")Shimek.

The first three are referred by me to A. dumosus. The last is guite unrepresentative of A. vimineus; the short branches have upward curving tips, and the heads are very immature, with the ligules not yet fully spread out. I do not think A. vimineus should be attributed to the region on the evidence of this dubious specimen. The closest collection known to me is from Athens, Illinois, twelve miles northwest of Springfield, and is in the Davenport Public Museum Herbarium.

A. lateriflorus (L.)Britt. Calico Aster. Starved Aster A. diffusus Ait. of Fl.

Dry open upland woods and borders; frequent. S(Fejervary Park, September 20, 1951; Waverly Road, September 28, 1949)G.

- A. lateriflorus (L.)Britt. var. pendulus sensu Wieg. not (Ait.)Burgess. Frequent in the same situations as the last; our most frequent variety. S(10th & Brown Sts.)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.
- (A. lateriflorus (L.)Britt. var. angustifolius Wieg. Habit resembling A. vimineus, for which it is easily mistaken. Louisa Co. (Moist sandy soil in thicket, Big Sand Mound)G.

A. lateriflorus (L.)Britt. var. hirsuticaulis (Lindl.)Porter.

Occassional in dry roadside ditches or dry woodland borders. Difficult to separate from A. missouriensis, having the pubescent leaves and stem of that species; and it may be a hybrid with it. The ligules are pinkish, the disk turns dark in age, and the disk corollas are goblets shaped, as in A. lateriflorus.

S(Duck Creek Park)G.

The var. glomerellus (T.& G.)Porter, with simple stem, large leaves and short flowering branches or glomerules in the axils, is occasionally seen. It appears to be a hybrid with A. simplex.

M(Wild Cat Den)G.

Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G.

Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)G.

A form seen usually in the open and growing three to four feet tall, has long rigid branches spreading at right angles to the stem with the flowers crowded into bunches, and appearing at times almost destitute of leaves may be the var, bifrons (Gray)Fern, of the older authors.

S(Allen's Grove: Credit Island)G.

- A. missouriensis Britt.\* Missouri Aster
  - A. pantotrichus Blake
  - A. diffusus Ait. var. thrysoideus Gray of Fl.
  - A. ontarionis Wieg. sensu Fern. in Gray's 8th Ed.

Low moist alluvial grounds and wooded borders; damp places along roadsides, often in some shade; frequent.

S(Credit Island; Pine Hill Cemetery; Schmidt's Crossing)G. Louisa Co.(Damp thickets along lake shore, Big Sand Mound)G. Ill. RI(River flood-plain, Watch Tower)G.

Hybridizes freely with Aster dumosus:

S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G.

Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G. and with A. lateriflorus.

S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G.

Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G.

The various forms of Aster dumosus, Aster lateriflorus and Aster missouriensis hybridize freely among themselves as well as with other asters, and all kinds of confusing intermediates may be en-countered. The Barnes Herbarium contains dozens of such intermediate plants from the moist thickets along the sandy shore of the lake at the Big Sand Mound, many of them unnamed or attributed with reservation to putative parents.

A. praealtus Poir. Willow Aster

A. salicifolius Ait. of Fl. "Open woods, frequent."Fl. This is the only specimen of the species (not the variety) I have seen. M("Muscatine Co.")Reppert.

A. praealtus Poir. var. subasper (Lindl.) Wieg.

Damp places; woodland borders, roadside ditches; occasionally in drier places, as in fence-rows; frequent.

S(Fence-row, uplands west of Blue Grass; ditch on Telegraph Road)G.

M(Ditches along railroad west of Pine Creek)G.

A. simplex Willd.

A. paniculatus Lam. of Fl. Moist places, mostly in the open or in part shade; low grounds, ditches along roadsides or railways; frequent. S(Credit Island; Fejervary Park; Pine Hill Cemetery)G.; (Blue Grass)Barnes. M(Damp soil along Mississippi)Reppert.

A. simplex Willd. var. ramosissius (T.& G.)Crong.

A. paniculatus Lam. var. bellidiflorus Britt. of Fl. In damp places; often in woodland borders; infrequent. S(McCausland; Credit Island)G. M("Low grounds, Nichols.")Reppert.

\*The name Aster ontarionis to designate this plant is unacceptable. I am not per-suaded that the old name Aster missouriensis (or for that matter its successor Aster pantatrichus) should be superseded. But if another name is desirable it should be some other than Aster ontarionis; its author having plainly indicated that it was not to apply to Aster missouriensis. If Fernald required a new name, after apparently indicated the matter of the other that and the other that are proved its apparently finding Wiegands new species invalid, he should also have rejected its name.

A. simplex Willd. var. interior (Wieg.)Cronq. A. Tradescantii L. of Fl. Low grounds; rare. S(Marshy ground east of Schoolhouse north of Allen's Grove)G. Louisa Co. (Thicket, moist sand south of lake, Big Sand Mound)G.

A. tataricus L. Tartarian Aster

In cultivation at 17th & Main Sts. Up to six feet tall, with immense basal leaves. Blooms in the last week in October. S(Cultivated, 17th & Main Sts.)G.

- A. ptarmicoides (Nees)T.& G. Dry sandy prairies, Bayfield."Fl. S(Oakton)Ross.
- A. umbellatus Mill. Flat-top Aster. Marshes, bogs and damp sandy places; infrequent. S(Sandy border of marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church; Damp sandy roadside, Section 6, Butler Township)G. M(Bog at Nelumbo Pond, Lake Township)G.
- A. linarifolius L. Stiff Aster. Sandy prairies and dune-fields; restricted; rare. M("Sandy open woods, Cedar Township, September 1892")Reppert, SUI. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G. Ill RI(Sandy field along R. 80 at the crossroad north of Cordova)G.
- Erigeron L. Fleabane
  - E. pulchellus Michx. Robin's Plantain.
     E. bellidifolius Muhl. of Fl. Prairie remnants; abundant at Pine Hill Cemetery. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)Melville; G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.; Barnes.
  - E. philadelphicus L. Philadelphia Fleabane A frequent weed in moist meadows and damp open woods. S(Credit Island; Pine Hill Cemetery)G.
  - E. annuus (L.)Pers. Daisy Fleabane White-top. Frequent in moist grounds, roadside ditches, etc., in the open or in slight shade. S(Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church: Waverly Road; Fejervary Park)G.; (Blue Grass)Barnes.
  - E. strigosus Muhl. Narrow-leaf White-top. Frequent in dry sandy open habitats; sandy prairies and fields; rare along roadsides. S(Koenig place; Pine Hill Cemetery)G. Ill. RI(Sandy prairie south of the Meredosia)G.
  - E. strigosus Muhl. var. septentrionalis Fern. An occasional weed in the city: blossoms three weeks later than the species. S(14th & Main Sts.: 1620 Main St.)G. . 1
  - canadensis L. Horse-weed. Butter weed. E. Frequent in dry waste places in the open. S(Fairmount Cemetery: 8th & Brady Sts.)G.
  - E. divaricatus Michx. Spreading Fleabane Dry neglected terraces and dry pastures; infrequent. S(Terrace, 11th & Brady Sts.; Lock 14)G. M(Oepping's Pond, Moscow)Barnes.

Antennaria Gaertn. Everlasting. Pussy-toes.

 A. plantaginifolia (L.)Hook. Dry fields and banks; frequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery; Fejervary Park)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G

A. neglecta Greene. Dry soils on slopes and banks; dry prairies; frequent. S(14th & Brady Sts.; Oakdale Cemetery)G. M(Wild Cat Den; Saulsbury Bridge)G.

#### (Filago L.

- F. germanica (L.)Huds. Herba Impia. Johnson Co.(As a weed along a building near the Hawkeye Office, August 4, 1952) Morrissey, SUI.
- Gnaphalium L. Cudweed.
  - G. obtusifolium L. G. polycephalum Michx. of Fl. Dry sandy prairie habitats; frequent. S(Blue Grass)Barnes; (Noels)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.; (Muscatine Co.)Shimek.

(Anaphalis margaritacea (L.)Clarke was reported from Iowa county by Easterly and from Cedar County by Fay. However neither reports Gnaphalium obtusifolium.

- Inula L. Elecampane
- I. Helenium L. Elecampane M("Muscatine, Iowa, July 18, 1876.")Reppert, SUI.
- Iva L. Marsh-elder
  - I. xanthifolia Nutt. M(Muscatine, 1892)Reppert.
- Ambrosia L. Ragweed
  - A. trifida L. Great Ragweed. (including var. integifolia T.&G. Fields, roadsides, stream-banks and waste places generally; common. S(Fairmount Cemetery; 15th & Harrison Sts.)G. M(Muscatine)Shimek; Reppert.
  - A. artemisifolia L. var. elatior (L.)Descourtils. A. elatior L. Common everywhere. S(Credit Island: Pine Hill Cemetery: 7th & Brady Sts.)G.
  - A. psilostachya DC. var. coronopifolia T.& G. A. coronopifolia T& G. Western Ragweed. Restricted to dry sandy areas; dunes and sandy prairies; often abundant locally. S(Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G. M(Muscatine)Reppert. Ill. RI(Cordova)G.

Xanthium L. Cocklebur.

- X. pennsylvanicum Wallr. Smooth-fruited Cocklebur. S(Credit Island)G.; (Riverbank at West Davenport)Barnes.
- X. italicum Moretti. Hairy-fruited Cocklebur. River banks, waste and cultivated fields, etc.; frequent. S(City dump at 11th & Vine Sts.; Switchyard at Schmidt's Road)G.
- X. varians Greene. S("Banks of Mississippi, West Davenport, September 9, 1896.") Barnes.

(X. speciosum Kearney (X)Barnes.

Polymnia L. Leafcup.

P. canadensis L. var. radiata Gray. M("Saulsbury Bridge, June 25, 1891")Reppert, SUL; (Muscatine Co., July, 1894)Reppert.

Silphium Rosin-Weed.

- S. perfoliatum L. Cup-plant. Low grounds along roadsides. Open wooded, hillsides; frequent. S(Davenport)G.; Ross. M(Wild Cat Den)G. Ill. RI(Illinois City)G.
- S. integrifolium Michx. Entire-leaf Rosin-weed. Frequent in low places in prairies, often along railroads. S(Oakton)Ross; (Pine Hill Cemetery; Dixon)G. M(Muscatine)Shimek.
- S. integrifolium Michx. var. Deamii Perry. Involucre glandular-pubescent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G.
- S. laciniatum L. Compass-plant. Dry prairie remnants; infrequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery; Dixon)G.; (Oakton)Ross.

Parthenium L. Feverfew. Wild Quinine.

 P. integrifolium L. Upland prairies; infrequent, but at times abundant locally. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G. (X)Barnes; Paarmann-Sheldon.

Heliopsis Pers. Ox-eye. Heliopsis

- H. helianthoides (L.)Sweet.
   H. laevis Pers. of Fl.
   Prairies and roadsides; infrequent.
   S(Blue Grass; 16th & Marquette Sts., cultivated)G.
- H. helianthoides Sweet var. scabra Dunal. Rough Heliopsis
   H. scabra Dunal of Fl.
   Prairie habitats; woodland borders; railroad tracks; frequent.
   S(Pine Hill Competence: Blue Crass: Eldeidge)C.
  - S(Pine Hill Cemetery; Blue Grass; Eldridge)G. M(Lake Township)G.

#### Eclipta L.

E. alba (L.)Hassk. Muddy pond shores; not infrequent. S(Credit Island)G.; (Blue Grass; Davenport)Barnes. M(Muscatine Co.)Shimek.

Rudbeckia L. Cone-flower.

R. laciniata L. Cut-leaf Cone-flower. Low moist bottomlands; ditches and borders; infrequent. S(Davenport)Ross; Allen's Grove)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.

- R. subtomentosa Pursh. Sweet Cone-flower. Low sandy or alluvial grounds or prairie remnants; infrequent. S(Allen's Grove; Noels)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Shimek. Ill. Henry Co.(Colona)G.
   R. triloba L. Brown-eyed Susan
  - From moist borders of low woods to dry hilly open woods; frequent. S(Devil's Glen)Ross; (Walnut Hill)G. M(Bloomington Township; Weiss' Slough; Lindle's Woods)G.
- R. hirta L. Brown-eyed Susan
   R. serotina Nutt. of Gray, 8th Ed.
   Dry prairies, fields and clearings; very frequent.
   S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G.
   M(Bloomington Township)G.
- R. hirta L. var. pulcherrima (Farw.) Ligules red at the base. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G. M(Prairie remnant at Pine Creek along R. 61)G.

Echinacea Moench. Purple Cone-flower

- E. purpurea (L.)Moench. Purple Cone-flower. Our specimens are all from cultivated plants or escapes. S(Walnut Hill; 425 W. 14th St.)G.
- E. pallida Nutt. Pale Cone-flower. True upland prairies; infrequent. S(Oakton)Ross; (Pine Hill Cemetery)G.
- (E. angustifolia DC. Narrow-leaf Cone-flower. Reported in the Fl., but no specimen from our area can be located.

Ratibida Raf. Prairie Cone-flower.

- R. pinnata (Vent.)Barnh. Gray-headed Cone-flower. Lepachys pinnata Torr. & Gray of Fl.
   Prairies, frields and roadsides; frequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery; Road to Donahue)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.
- R. columnaris (Nutt.)Wooten & Standl. Long-headed Cone-flower.
   S(Blue Grass)Barnes; (Brady St. within the city limits, Sept. 1914)Hauber, St. Ambrose College.

#### Helianthus L. Sunflower.

- H. annuus L. Common Sunflower. Waste places and railroad tracks; infrequent. S(N. Harrison St. road (an escape?)G.
- H. petiolaris Nutt. Prairie Sunflower. Along railroads and roadsides, especially if sandy; sandy prairies and dunes; more frequent in Muscatine county. S(Railroad embankment at 4th & LeClaire Sts.)G. M(Fruitland)Barnes.
- H. occidentalis Riddell.
   Sandy prairies and roadsides; infrequent; rarely in sandy clearings.
   S(Prairie remnant at Pine Hill Cemetery)G.
   M(Prairie remnant on the crest of a ridge, Wild Cat Den)G.
   Ill. Whiteside Co.(Sand field opposite Lock 13)G.

H. rigidus Desf. Stiff Sunflower.

Prairie remnants, dry soils and banks; infrequent. Plant scabrous, with thick narrow leaves, bracts plump, smooth on the back, ovate, blunt-tipped; disk mostly purple, but occasionally yellow, these latter possibly representing some degree of hybridization.

Passes into H. laetiflorus and H. subrhomboideus.

S(Allen's Grove; Pine Hill Cemetery)G.

M(Roadside bank east of Wyoming Hill; "Levee" Section 15, Lake Township)G.

Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G.

H. laetiflorus Pers.

Dry soils, often along roadsides; occasionally seen in cultivation. A taller more branching plant with thinner broader leaves, sometimes very long peduncles; bracts longer and acute-tipped, pubescent disk yellow. "Almost certainly a hybrid between H. rigidus and H. tuberosus." Prof. C. B. Heiser.

S(Garner's farm; Roadside north of Allen's Grove; Railroad tracks at Eldridge)G.

M(Wild Cat Den)Barnes.

H. subrhomboideus Rydb. L. Low, generally unbranched, with thick subrhomboid leaves, short obtuse bracts and purple disk; infrequent; closely related to H. rigidus.

S(Railroad tracks south of Eldridge)G.

- H. mollis Lam. Ashy Sunflower.
- Rare. A colony has flourished under the the sumac at Duck Creek Park for more than twenty years. The late Msgr. Hauber collected it on the grounds of St. Ambrose College in 1914.

S(Duck Creek Park)G.

M("Railroad tracks, Muscatine, 1896.")Barnes. .

H. strumosus L. Woodland Sunflower.

Woodland borders and clearings; frequent. Extremely polymorphous. Tetraploid like H. decapetalus, with which it intergrades or hybridizies; also hexaploid like H. tuberosus and H. rigidus, and hybridizing freely with the various forms of both. The result of these various mixtures is a vast array of ambiguous plants which, in the present state of our knowledge, cannot be identified with any certainty, and whose parentage can only be surmised. Some of these have been described as new species. Prof. C.B. Heiser has annotated many specimens in the Barnes Herbarium as such hybrids. The studies of Heiser and his co-workers on the genetics and taxonomy of the perennial sunflowers will continue to shed much needed light upon this difficult genus.

Representative of H. strumosus in the Barnes Herbarium are the following collections:

S(CRI & P Railroad right-of-way south of Locust St. bridge, 1898) Barnes.

M(Roadside bank east of Fairport, marked 444)Barnes.

Unusual forms, described as new species by E. E. Watson, but not generally accepted are represented in the herbarium by H. leoninus Watson

S(Allen's Grove)G.

and H. chartaceous Watson

S(Duck Creek Park)G.

Forms with the leaves densely soft-pubescent may be distinguished as the var. mollis T.& G.

S(Allen's Grove, August 13, 1947)G.

S(Duck Creek Park, August 11, 1956)G.

Short-petioled forms sometimes identified as H. divaricatus L. are perhaps best regarded as belonging to H. strumosus.

#### H. decapetalus L. Thin-leaf Sunflower.

In twelve years of collecting I have found no plants that would qualify as this species. Plants most closely following the descriptions were called H. tuberosus X H. strumosus by Prof C.B. Heiser and Prof. Dale M. Smith, both of whom I consider the best authorities to pass on them. I conclude that most reports, if not all, from this or neighboring regions are based upon mistaken identifications.

Since the above was written Professor Heiser has discovered and verified a specimen from Muscatine County, collected by Reppert, but without precise locality or data.

(H. hirsutus L. Hairy Sunflower.

Typical H. hirsutus has not been found. A specimen provisionally referred to the var. stenophyllus, and blossoming in late July was referred to H. tuberosus by Heiser.

(H. tracheliifolius Mill.

An ambiguous plant. May be represented by -Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)G.

(H. divaricatus L.

The plants passing under this name are almost certainly not the Linnaean species. Our plants, in their extreme form have short petioles, relatively short-triangular leaves, truncate at the base, with the lateral nerves joining the midrib at the base, the leaves sometimes hard-tomentose underneath. The plant may be regarded as a form of H. strumosus, with which it merges.

S(Hickory Grove, August 14, 1956; Allen's Grove, August 7, 1948)G.

H. tuberosus L.

Frequent in moist or dry situations; along railways and roadsides. fence-rows and fields.

S(Pine Hill Cemetery; Allen's Grove; Fairmount Cemetery)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.

Polymorphous, its various forms hybridizing freely with the H. rigidus and the H. strumosus complexes, resulting in a perplexing variety of forms.

H. tuberosus L. var. subcanesens Grav.

H. subcanescens (Gray)E.E. Watson.

Very gray, leaves strictly opposite, inflorescence cymose, bracts short, obtuse. Almost certainly a hybrid with H. strumosus or H. rigidus.

M(Dry ditch, roadside east of Wild Cat Den)G.

- H. grosse-serratus Martens. Saw-tooth Sunflower. Moist grounds, low prairies, roadside ditches; frequent. S(Duck Creek Park; Pine Hill Cemetery; Eldridge)G.
- H. Maximiliani Schrad. Maximilian's Sunflower. Along railroads as a waif; soon dies out in our area. S(Along the old BCR & N railroad tracks at Blue Grass. Fine vigorous specimens)Barnes; (Schmidt's Crossing)G.

- H. giganteus Raf.
  - A single collection.
    - M(Mucky border of bog at Nelumbo Pond, Section 15, Lake Township)G.
- Actinomeris Nutt. Wing-stem.
  - A. alternofolia L. Yellow Iron-weed.
    - A. squarrosa Nutt. of Fl. Rich alluvial soil in thickets, along streams and in borders; infrequent.
      - M(Creek side at Wilton)G.; ("Swampy wooded slope, Wyoming Hill, September 11; 1926.")Shimek, SUI. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross; (Watch Tower)Barnes; G.
- Coreopsis L. Coreopsis. Tick-seed.
  - C. tinctoria Nutt.
    - S(As a weed along the tracks, E. River St.; vegetable garden, 11th & Brown Sts.)G.
  - C. lanceolata L. Lance-leaf Coreopsis. Cultivated and occasionally escaped. S(14th & Vine Sts.; an escape?: Black Hawk)G. Ill. RI(Section 22, Cordova Township apparently indigenous on a sand bank)G.
  - C. palmata Nutt. Finger Coreopsis Upland prairie remnants and fence-rows, occasional. S(Pine Hill Cemetery; Buttermilk Road)G.; (Oakton)Ross.
  - C. tripteris L. Tall Coreopsis Frequent along R. No. 6, near the Cedar River. M(Moscow)Barnes; ("Borders of woods and copses, August, 1891.")Reppert, SUI. Ill. Henry Co.(Colona)G.
  - C. tripteris L. var. Deamii Standl. Lower surface of leaves and involucre more or less pubescent. M(Moscow)Barnes.
- Bidens L. Beggar-ticks. Bur-marigold.
  - B. cernua L. Nodding Beggar-ticks. Wet muddy or sandy pond and stream shores; frequent. S(Allen's Grove; Credit Island; Creek-valley, Harrison and Kimberly Road)G.; (Blue Grass)Barnes.
  - B. connata Muhl. Infrequent; low moist grounds. S(Credit Island)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
  - B. comosa (Gray)Wieg. Moist thickets and waste places; frequent. S(Credit Island; Allen's Grove; LeClaire)G. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G.
  - B. vulgata Greene. Beggar-ticks. Low grounds, waste places, roadsides; frequent. S(Credit Island; Alley, 7th & Brady Sts.; Bettendorf)G.

- B. frondosa L. Frequent: waste places, damp or dry situations. S(Pine Hill Cemetery; Waverly Road; Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G.
- B. coronata (L.)Britt. Tick-seed Sunflower. Coreopsis trichosperma Michx, of Fl. Bogs, marshy grounds; wet floodplains; infrequent. M(Wet pond shore, Nelumbo Pond, Section 15, Lake Township; Creek west of Wilton)G. Ill. RI(Floodplain of creek, Watch Tower)G.
- B. aristosa (Michx.)Britt. Tick-seed Sunflower Coreopsis aristosa Michx. var. mutica Gray of Fl. Moist low grounds; pond shores; infrequent. S(Oakton)Ross; (Credit Island)G. M(Moscow; Brasenia Pond)G. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.
- B. polylepis Blake Coreopsis involucrata Nutt. of Fl. S(Moist low sandy area northwest of Nahant.)G.
- (B. discoidea (T.& G.)Britt Reported in the Fl. as Coreopsis discoidea: "Wet low grounds. West Davenport," but no specimen can be located.
- B. bipinnata L. Spanish Needles. Louisa Co.(Moist sandy thicket, lake shore, Big Sand Mound)G.
- Galinsoga Ruiz & Pavon. G. ciliata (Raf.)Blake G. parviflora Cav. of Fl. Frequent locally in waste grounds. S(Fairgrounds)Barnes; (Alley, 15th & Brady Sts.)G.

#### Helenium L.

H. autumnale L. Sneeze-weed. Frequent in low grounds and pastures; roadside ditches, damp shores. S(Davenport)Ross; Credit Island; Eldridge Road; Pine Hill Cemetery)G.

#### Gaillardia Foug.

pulchella Foug. An occasional garden escape. G. pulchella Foug. S(Davenport)G.

#### Dyssodia Cav. Fetid Marigold. sodia Cav. Fetid Marigold. D. papposa (Vent.)Hitchc.

- - D. chrysanthemoides Lag. of Fl. Waste places, farmyards, roadsides; infrequent.
    - S(Blue Grass)Barnes, (5th & Harrison Sts.)G. M(Fairport; Farmyard, Goshen Township)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross.

Achillea L. Yarrow

A. Millefolium L. Common Yarrow Frequent; fields and roadsides. S(Davenport)Melville; (Blue Grass)Barnes; (Duck Creek Park)Ĝ. M(Summit)Shimek.

Anthemis L. Chamomile

A. Cotula L. Dog-fennel. Mayweed. Frequent; roadsides, waste places in the country; frequent in abandoned hog-lots. S(Eldridge Road; Blue Grass)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert.

A. tinctoria L. Yellow Chamomile An occasional escape from gardens. S(Fence-row, east side of St. Ambrose Field)G.

Matricaria L. Wild Chamomile Pineapple-weed.

- M. matricarioides (Less.)Porter. M. suaveolens (Pursh)Buchenau. S(Curb at 7th & Brady Sts.)G. Fields and roadsides; frequent.
- M. chamomilla (L.)
  - M("Waste ground in city, August 1, 1891.")Reppert, SUI. Original identification as Anthemis arvensis L. corrected by by Robert A. Davidson.

Chrysanthemum L. Chrysanthemum.

- C. leucanthemum L. var. pinnatifidum Lecog & Lamotte Grassy roadsides and fields; frequent. S(Blue Grass; Pine Hill Cemetery)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross.
- Tanacetum L. Tansy.
  - T. vulgaris L. Common Tansy Escaped to roadsides and waste places; infrequent. S(Roadside east of Maysville; railroad embankment, 4th & Pershing Sts.; waste grounds west of Mt. Nebo Cemetery)G.
- Artemisia L. Wormwood.
  - A. caudata Michx. Sandy soils; dunes and sandy prairies; restricted. S(Noels)G.; (Maysville)Barnes. M(Section 15, Lake Township)G.; (Muscatine Co.)Shimek. Louisa Co.(Big Sand Mound)G.
  - A. dracunculoides Pursh. glauca Pall. var. dracunculina (S.Wats)Fern. of Gray, 8th Ed. M("In dry soil of banks and hillsides, three to four feet tall, September 18, 1894.")Reppert, SUI. A.
  - A. biennis Willd. Biennial Wormwood S("Along the Milwaukee tracks north of Davenport, September 27, 1931.")Hauber.

- A. annua L. S(A casual weed in the garden at 1422 Main St.)G. M("Waste place, September 1895.")Reppert, SUI.
- A. Abrotinum L. Southern Wormwood. M("In old gardens and about dwellings, October 1892.")Reppert, SUI.
- A. vulgaris L. Common Mugwort. S("Rock Island tracks near Capt. Clarks.")Barnes.
- A. ludoviciana Nutt. Western Mugwort. White Sage. S(Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G. (X)Paarmann-Sheldon.
- A. ludoviciana Nutt. var. latifolia (Bess.)T.& G. Upland fence-rows; infrequent. S(Fence-row, high ridge west of Pineo's Grove)G.
- A. gnaphaloides Nutt. White Sage.
   A. ludoviciana Nitt. var. gnaphaloides (Nutt.)T.& G. Banks and fence-rows; not infrequent. S(Marsh northeast of St. Anne's Church)G.; ("Railroad tracks.") Melville.
- A. serrata Nutt. Roadsides and fence-rows; not infrequent. S(Noels; Telegraph Road)G.; (Graveyard Creek)Barnes. M(Saulsbury Bridge)Barnes; (R. 61 at Pine Creek)G. Ill. Henry Co.(North of Colona)G.
- A. Stelleri Besser. Frequently seen as grave decorations. S(Cultivated, Pine Hill Cemetery)G.
- A. tridentata Nutt. Western Sage-brush. S(Established on the terrace at 7th & Main Sts.)G. and the second sec
- Erechtites Raf. Fire-weed.
  - E. hieracifolia (L.)Raf. Damp open places and thickets; frequent. S(Roadside near Pine Hill Cemetery)G. M(Muscatine Island)G.
- Cacalia L. Indian Plantain. C. suaveolens L. C. suaveolens L. S(Duck Creek north of St. Vincent's Home, September 16, 1914) Hauber.
  - M(Cedar River)Reppert.
  - C. atriplicifolia L. Pale Indian Plantain Dry prairie habitats; along railroad right-of-ways; occasional in open woods.
    - S(Davenport)Ross. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert. Ill. RI(Watch Tower; Cordova)G.
  - C. Muhlenbergii (Sch.Bip.)Fern. Great Indian Plantain C. reniformis Mill. of Fl. M(Rocky wooded slope; a few plants only, Wild Cat Den)G.

C. tuberosa Nutt.

Dry upland prairies; infrequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G.; Paarmann-Sheldon; (Oakton)Ross. (X)Barnes.

Senecio L. Ragwort.

- S. pauperculus Michx. var. Balsamitae (Muhl.)Fern. S. aureus L. var. Balsamitae (L.)T.& G. of Fl. Prairies, meadows and grassy roadsides; frequent, Intergrades with S. plattensis. S(Credit Island)G.; (Oakton)Ross. M(Stockton)Barnes. Ill. RI(Watertown)G.
- S. plattensis Nutt. In nearly the same habitats; less frequent than the last. S(Pine Hill Cemetery; Walnut Grove)G.
- S. aureus L. Golden Ragwort. Boggy slope at Wild Cat Den; rare. M(Wild Cat Den)Barnes; G.
- Arctium L. Burdock.
  - A. minus (Hill)Bernh. Common Burdock.
     Waste places about farmyards; an infrequent weed. S(Harrison St.; W. 17th St.)G.
- (Carduus L. Plumeless Thistle.
  - C. nutans L. Musk-thistle. Louisa Co.("U.S. Highway 61, roadside near railway overpass.") Davidson, SUI.
- Cirsium Mill. Thistle.
  - C. vulgare (Savi)Tenore. Common or Bull Thistle. Cnicus lanceolatus Hoffm. of Fl. Pastures and waste places; frequent.
  - S(Davenport)G. C. undulatum (Nutt.)Spreng. Cnicus undulatus Gray of Fl. M("East of Montpelier, a single plant.")Barnes.
  - C. discolor (Muhl.)Spreng. Field Thistle. Cnicus altissimus Willd. var. discolor Gray. Roadsides and dry waste places; frequent. S(Davenport)G.; Ross; (Fejervary Park)G.
  - altissimum (L.)Spreng. Wood Thistle. Cnicus altissimus Willd. of Fl. Clearings and borders; infrequent. S(Allen's Grove)G. C. S(Allen's Grove)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.; (Muscatine Co.)Reppert. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross.
  - C. Hillii (Canby)Fern. Dry sandy prairies; infrequent. sandy prairies; infrequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)Ross; G. M(Bayfield)Shimek. M(Bayfield)Shimek. (X)Barnes.

C. arvense (L.)Scop. Canada Thistle. Cultivated and waste grounds; infrequent. S(Middle Road; County Farm)G.

Cichorium L. Chickory C. Intybus L. Chickory Dry roadsides; frequent. S(Roadside north of Nahant)G. (X)Paarmann-Sheldon.

Krigia Spreng. K. biflora (Walt.)Blake. K. amplexicaulis Nutt. of Fl. Upland prairies; infrequent. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G.; (Eldridge)Barnes. 

Tragopogon L. Goat's-beard. Salsify. (T. pratense L. Grassy roadsides; infrequent. Grassy roadsides; infrequent. Ill. RI(Rock Island Co.)G. major Jacq. T. dubius Scop. T. major Jacq.

Grassy roadsides and along railways; frequent. S(North of Cram Field; North of McCausland)G.

Taraxacum Zinn. Dandelion T. officinale Weber. Common Dandelion.

- Frequent in lawns, grasslands, roadsides, waste places. S(Davenport)Ross.
- (T. erythrospermum Androz. Red-fruited Dandelion. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Paarman-Sheldon.

Sonchus L. Sow-thistle.

- S. asper (L.)Hill. Spiny-leaf Sow-thistle. An infrequent weed of waste places. S(Davenport)Ross; G.; (Pine Hill Cemetery)G.
- oleracea L. Common Sow-thistle Waste places; infrequent. S(Davenport: 8th & Main Sts.)G. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert. S.
- arvensis L. var. glabra G.G.& W. Field Sow-thistle S. Occasional along roadsides in damp ditches. S(Eldridge Road)G.

Lactuca L. Lettuce.

- L. Lettuce.
   L. Scariola L. Prickly Lettuce. Frequent along roadsides and in waste places. S(Pine Hill Cemetery; Waverly Road; Harbor Road)G.
- L. canadensis L. Canada Wild Lettuce. Fields, thickets and borders, roadsides, waste places; frequent. S(Davenport; Eldridge)Barnes; (Pine Hill Cemetery)G. Ill. RI(Loud Thunder Forest Preserve)G.

- L. ludoviciana (Nutt.)Riddell. M("Borders of fields, fence-rows, etc., August, year missing") Reppert.
- L. floridana (L.)Gaertn. Blue Woodland Lettuce. Damp rich woods; most often in bottomlands. S(Credit Island; Allen's Grove)G. M(Wild Cat Den)G.; (Moscow)Barnes.
- L. villosa Jacq. L. floridana L. var. villosa (Jacq.)Cronq. S(Eldridge)Barnes.
- L. biennis (Moench.)Fern. L. leucophaea Gray of Fl. Rich low woods; rare. S(Blue Grass)Barnes. M(Muscatine Co.)Reppert. Ill. RI(Watch Tower)G.

Agoseris Raf. False Dandelion.

 A. cuspidata (Pursh)Raf. Troximum cuspidatum Pursh of Fl. Dry prairies and dry grassy slopes; rare. S(Davenport)Ross; (Pine Hill Cemetery)Whitaker, May 4, 1895; (Dry hillside pasture, Pineo's Grove)G.

Pyrrhopappus DC.

P. caroliniana (Walt.)DC. False Dandelion. S(Cemetery at McCausland)Morrissey.

#### Prenanthes L. Rattlesnake-root.

- P. alba L. White Rattlesnake-root. Frequent; woods and prairies. S(Fejervary Park; Allen's Grove)G. M(Bloomington Township)G. Ill. RI(Rock Island Arsenal)Ross.
- P. aspera Michx. Dry prairies; infrequent. S(Oakton)Ross; (Pine Hill Cemetery)G.; Paarman-Sheldon.
- P. racemosa Michx. M("Bayfield; no date")Reppert, SUI.

Hieracium L. Hawkweed.

- H. canadense Michx.
   "Dry wooded hillsides; infrequent."Fl: S(Davenport)Ross. M(Wild Cat Den)Barnes; (Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
- H. scabrum Michx. Dry open woods; rare. M(Wild Cat Den)Barnes; G.; (Muscatine Co.)Reppert.
- H. longipilosum Torr. Dry prairie remnants; rare. S(Pine Hill Cemetery)G.

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#### APOLOGIA

A work of this kind is never finished, or complete. There comes a time when the author, with regret, yet with relief, lays down the work and simply calls it done.

I am not ashamed of the unabashed subjectivism disclosed in some parts of the work. Without the imagination of a personal consciousness there would be science, and the outer world would have no meaning.

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#### Supplement I

#### EVERGREENS FREQUENTLY PLANTED

Pinus Strobus L. White Pine

- P. Banksiana Lamb. Jack- or Scrub-pine
- P. sylvestris L. Scotch Pine
- P. resinosa Ait. Red or Norway Pine
- P. Mugho Turra. Mountain Pine
- P. nigra Arnold var. austriaca Asch. & Graebn. Austrian Pine

Picea pungens Engelm. var. glauca Rehd. Colorado Blue Spruce (Moench) Voss. White Spruce.

- P. Abies (L.) Karst. Norway Spruce
- P. pungens Engel. Colorado Spruce
- P. Albertiana S. Br. Black Hills Spruce 2625 Main St.
- P. glauca (Moench) Voss

Abies balsamea (L.) Mill Balsam Spruce A. concolor (Gord.) Engelm. Colorado Fir

Tsuga canadensis (L.) Carr. Common Hemlock

Taxus canadensis Marsh. Canada Yew

- T. media Rehd. var. Hicksii Rehd.
- T. media Rehd. var. Hatfieldii Rehd.
- T. media Rehd.
- T. cuspidata Sieb. & Zucc var. capitata Hort

Juniperus virginiana L. Red Cedar

- J. communis L. Common Juniper
- J. Sabina L. Savin
- J. chinensis L. var. Pfitzeri Spach
- J. chinensis var. pyramidalis (Carr) Beiss (J. Japonicus Carr)
- J. horizontalis Moench. Creeping Juniper

Larix decidua Mill. European Larch

Taxodium distichium Rich. Bald Cypress

Ginkgo biloba L. Ginkgo

Pseudotsuga taxifolia Britt. Douglas Fir

Thuja occidentalis L. American Arbor-vitae T. orientalus L. Oriental Arbor-vitae

Examples of nearly all of this list may be seen at Vanderveer Park or Pine Hill Cemetery. A windbreak of Norway Pine stands opposite the Country Club.

#### Supplement 2

#### MAGNOLIACEAE

Species all introduced and cultivated in this region. Specimens in the Barnes Herbarium.

- Magnolia L. Magnolia. M. acuminata L. Cucumber tree. Southern; ranges up to lower Illinois S(222 W. 15th St.; Lau Farm)G.
  - M. Fraseri Walt. Large leaves auriculate at the base. S(Vanderveer Park)G.
  - M. stellats Sieb. & Zucch. From Japan. S(Vanderveer Park)G.
  - M. Soulangeana Soul. Blossoms pinkish. The earliest to bloom. Frequent S(17th Main St.)G.
  - M. tripetala L. Umbrella Tree. Very large leaves at the tips of the branches. S(1720 W. 17th St.)G.
  - M. liliflora Derouss. var. nigra (Nichols)Rehd. Blossoms dark red. S(NE corner of Carey Ave. & High St.)G.
  - M. liliflora Derouss.
     Blossoms dark purple-red outside; pink inside.
     S(W. Central Park Ave.)G.
  - M. glauce L. Sweet Bay Fragrant. S(Vanderveer Park)G.
- ?M. Sieboldii K. Koch. Sepa; s pink. S(Lau Farm)H.
- Liriodendron L. Tulip Tree L. Tulipifera L. A stately tree too infrequently planted. S(Vanderveer Park, Lau Farm)G.

#### Supplement 3

# OLD-FASHIONED GARDEN ROSES COLLECTED IN DAVENPORT

- R. Hugonis Hemsl. Yellow China Rose. The earliest rose to bloom, usually about May 12.. Corner Harrison St. and W. Dover Court
- R. Harrisonii Rivers. Harrison's Double Yellow Rose. Both old favorite yellow roses. Vanderveer Park Rose Garden.
- R. foetida Herrm. Austrian Briar.
- R. foetida Herrm. var. bicolor (Jacq.)Willm. Austrian Copper Rose Vanderveer Park Rose Garden.
- R. rugosa Thunb. Many varieties and hybrids. Vanderveer Park Rose Garden.
- R. alba L. The White Rose. 120 W. 14th St.
- R. centifolia L. Cabbage Rose. Flowers pink, nodding. 1421 LeClaire St.
- R. centifolia L. var. muscosa (Mill.) Ser. Musk-rose. Vanderveer Park
- R. centifolia L. var. cristata Trevost. Goethe Rose. Vanderveer Park
- R. Damascens Mill. Damascus Rose. Vanderveer Park
- R. Damascens Mill. var. versicolor West. York and Lancaster Rose. Vanderveer Park
- R. Moyesii Hemsl. Seven to thirteen leaflets. Vanderveer Park
- R. omiensis Rolfe. var. pteracantha (Franch.) Rehd & Wils. With wide-based thorns and pear-shaped fruits. Vanderveer Park
- R. Soulieana Crep. Dr. Plagman's Garden
- R. spinosissima L. var. altaica (willd.) Rehd. Dr. Plagman's Garden
- R. moschata Herr. Musk-rose. Dr. Plagman's Garden
- R. Watsonii Crep. Leaflets linear. Vanderveer Park

#### THE MAGNOLIA CREST ARBORETUM

The Lau farm is situated two miles east of Mt. Joy at the end of the Jersey Ridge Road. Peter Lau settled here in 1853, and the place has been the family home ever since. This magnificent collection of trees, covering an area of nearly a city block was begun by him and has been continued by his descendents. Many of the trees are over seventy years old and of great size. One majestic oak must be over one hundred years old and a good-sized tree when Peter Lau settled here. The age of many of the trees is evidenced by their great size. Among the scores of varous kinds may be mentioned magnificent examples of red oak, cucumber tree, ginkgo, and many other species native of the south.

Following is an incomplete list of trees and shrubs:

Acer negundo A. saccharum A. saccharinum A. platanoides A. Pseudoplatanus Alnus glutinosa Aralia spinosa Asimina triloba Aesculus Hipocastaneum Betula nigra Carva laciniosa C. illinoisensis Cercis Canadensis Catalpa speciosa Castanea dentata Celtis occidentalis Cladastris lutea Crataegus monogyna Diospyros virginiana Fagus grandifolia F. sylvestris Fraxinus lanceolata Gleditsia triacanthos Gymnocladus dioica Juglans nigra

J. mandshurica Liriodendron tulipifera Maclura pomifera Morus rubra M. tatarica Nyssa sylvestris Platanus occidentalis Quercus alba Q. imbricaria Q. macrocarpa Q. laurifolia Q. palustris Q. rubrus Q. Prinus Robinia Pseudoacacia Sassafras albidum Tilia americana T. europea Ulmus americana U. rubra Xanthoceras sorbifolia Magnolia acuminata Magnolia tripetala Magnolia Soulageana

#### Evergreens:

Taxodium distichium Pinus nigra var austriaca Larix decidua Juniperus virginiana Thuja occidentalis Ginkgo biloba

#### Fruit trees: '

Malus pumila Prunus Cerasus Prunus Persica Prunus domestica

Shrubs and small trees: Ptelea trifolia Spiraea Vanhoutii Syringa vulgaris Sambucus canadensis Philadelphus Lemoinei . Cotinus Coggygria Abies concolor Abies balsamea Picea glauca Picea Abies Pseudotsuga taxifolia

Pyrus sativa Rubus idaeus Rubus sp? (blackberry)

Lonicera sp? Vitis Labrusca Ampelapsis sp? Exochorda sp? Prunus triloba

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#### Supplement 5

#### THE PARRY LIST OF 1847

The following is a transcription, verbatim et literatim, of a list of Iowa plants by Dr. C. C. Parry in his own hand, in the files of the Davenport Public Museum, and never heretofore published so far as known. It purports to be a list of "wild plants growing in the vicinity of Davenport, 1847," though apparently made on a trip from Davenport to "Raccoon Park" (Des Moines?) by way of Bloomington (now Muscatine) and Iowa City.

The latter part of the list, containing names of plants found in Illinois and Wisconsin "in connection with the geological survey" is here omitted. The list is here made available for its historical as well as its taxonomic value; it is a collector's item.

STATISTICS SUSPE

List of Will. iun to Dicinci / averport tud, Char, lound In connection with the Geologieur un un with west " ine u

List of wild plants found in the vicinity of

Davenport, Iowa

1847

# And others found in connection

with the

Geological Survey

1848

Ву

C. C. Parry

- April 6th Thalictrum anemonoides
- April 10th Hepatica triloba
- April 22nd Ranunculus fascicularis

April 23rd Cercis canadensis Pulmonaria virginica Sanguinaria canadensis

April 29th Erythronium albidum Dielytra cucullaria Trillium sessile Dentaria laciniata Viola (Pedata) (cucullata) (pubescens) (sagittata) Batschia canescens Dracontium foetidum Caltha palustris Uvularia grandiflora Plantago cordata Phlox Claytonia virginica Oxalis violacea Leontice thalictroides Androsace occidentalis

May 3rd

Anemone caroliniana Draba caroliniana Corydalis aurea Ribes missouriense

#### May 6th

Polemonium reptans Cardamine rotundifolia Sisymbrium canescens Pyrus coronaria Pedicularis canadensis Dodecatheon meadia Crataegus coccinea var mollis Ranuncolus abortivus Ranuncolus recurvatus Euchroma coccinea Prunus americana Cerasus serotina Staphylea trifoliata Zanthoxylum fraxineum Geranium maculatum Ornithogolum umbellatun Capselleo bursa-pastoris **Ribes** floridum Acer dasycarpum-fruit

May 14th

Hypoxis erecta Rhamnus lanceolatus Ranunculus repens Ranunculus purshii Batschia longiflora Cerasus virginiana Aquilegia canadensis Ellisia ambigua

- May 15th Phalangium esculentum Aralia nucicaulis Vaccinium resinosum Mitella diphylla Ribes cynosbati Fragaria vesca Senecio aureus var balsm Taraxacum dens-leonis Smilax rotundifolia Convallaria stellata Convallaria multiflora
- May 18th Podophyllum peltatum Cypripedium candidum Cypripedium pubescens Phlox Erigeron bellidifolius
- May 20th Troximon cuspidatum Crataegus crusgalli Scutellaria parvula Morus Celtis Panax quinquefolius Actaea alba Nasturtium palustre Cardamine hirsuta Crataegus tomentosa Osmorhiza brevistylis Viburnum lentago Orchis spectabilis
- May 24th Silene antirrhina Robinia pseudoacacia (Nasturtium natans?) amphibium? Anemone pennsylvanica Heuchera richardsonii Arabis dentata Hydrophyllum virginianum Allionia nyctaginea

May 25th Asarum canadense Spiraea opulifolia Zizia airea Zizia integerrima Cynoglossum officinale Veronica peregrina Arabis Amelanchier botryapium Triosteum perfoliatum Betula rubra mx. Rhus toxicodendron Tradescantia virginiana

May 26th Chaerophyllum procumbens Osmorhiza longistylis Potentilla canadensis

May 27th Cynthia virginica Nemophila appendiculatum Utricularia vulgaris Amorpha fruticosa Vitis riparia

May 31st Gymnocladus canadensis Lepidium virginicum Scrophularia marilandica Convallaria racemosa Verbena augustifolia Oxalis stricta Rosa blanda Ptelea trifoliata Astragalua

June 1st Trifolium repens Trifolium pratense Rubus occidentalis Rubus villosus hispidus

June 4th Fragaria - fruit Geranium carolinense Erigeron philadelphican Erigeron strigosum

- June 5th Euphorbia obtusa Monarda Verbena bracteosa Rhus aromatica (Lam) Penstemon grandiflorus Cypripedium spectabile Achillea millefolium
- June 9th Clematis viorna Campanula amplexicaulis Menispermum canadense Comus paniculata Lonicera (flava) ?

June 10th Rosa lucida Physalis pennsylvanica Cymbidium puechellum Batschia gmelini Cryptotaenia canadensis Lobelia claytoniana Euonymus atropurpureus

June 11th Anemone cylindrica Saxifraga pennsylvanica

June 13th Euphorbia corollata Trifolium Cornus sericea Echinospermun lappula Apocynum androsaemifolium

June 15th Lilium philadelphicus Helianthemum canadense Sinapis nigra Achillea millelifolium

June 18th Leave for Raccoon Park. List found on the road, mostly in Polk County. Delphinium azureum (Between Bloomington & Iowa City also interior counties.) Tilia Heracleum lanatum Habenaria leucophaea Iowa River Lythrum alatum Negundo aceroides Cacilia tuberosa Baptisia leucantha Coreopsis palmata Phlox maculata &c Rudbeckia hirta Rudbeckia triloba Echinacea augustifolia Lepachys pinnata Thaspium aureum Menyanthes trifoliata (Polk Co.) Apocynum cannabinum Apocynum pubescens (Polk Co.) Ceanothus ovalis Asclepias tuberosa Asclepias Asclepias Acerates Aesculus Linum rigidum

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Anemone virginiana Circaea lutetiana Phryma leptostachya Acer saccharinum Potentilla arguta Petalostemum violaceum Petalostemum candidum Quellia strepens Hypericum Oenothera

# June 18th

Oenothera serrulata Euchromia grandiflora Astragalus canadensis (from Polk Co.) Astragalus Polygala verticillata Polygala Polygala incarnata Linn Desmodium acuminatum Campanula americana Campanula erinoides Leptandra virginica Silene cucubalus Amorpha canescens Cassia chamaecrista Silphium lacciniatum Silphium integrifolium Silphium perfoliatum Maruta cotula Artemisia ludoviciana Artemisia Artemisia Erechtites hierocifolia

August 12th Davenport

Croton ellipticum Asclepias verticilaris Asclepias Gausa Scutellacia D. Stramonium Cacalia Eupatorium perfoliatum Eupatorium ageratoides Eupatorium serotinum

### August 24th

Lobelia syphillitica Echinostylis lobata Gerardia tenufolia Gerardia Mimulus

#### August 30

Dysodia chrysanthemoides Kuhnia eupatorioides Rudbeckia subtomentosa Echinacea purpurea Xanthium strumarium Solidago rigida Heliopsis laevis Helianthus occidentalis Helianthus vigidus Parthenium integrifolium Vernonia fasciculata Laitris Laitris Laitris Helenium autumnoli

August 30th Nabalus albus Solidago latifolia Solidago memoralis Solidago ulmifolia Solidago speciosa Solidago canadensis Solidago gigantea ?

September 9th Nabalus asper Coreopsis Neottia Lobelia inflata Aster oblongifolius Pycanthemum Phaseolus Lobilia cardinolis Aster sericeus

September 14th Actinomeris

September 16th Gentiana saponaria

September 24th Aster multiflorus

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Deo gratias ego et benedica quod in tam pulchro mirablique horto suso orbis terrarum vitam mihi degere permisit.



Native upland or true prairie at Pine Hill Cometery. The tract contains three and one half acres and has never been ploughed or grazed. The soil is Muscatine silt loam. Most of the grasses in the foreground are the greater bluestem; a few spears of the Indian grass appear at the lower left. Thomas Morrissey in his Flora of the Pine Hill Prairie Relict (Proc. Ia. Acad. Sc. 1956) listed 191 species collected from this tract.

Photo by Henry Priester



Sedge-meadow north of Nahant. The soil is a clay silt loam, and the tract is subject to frequent filooding. The vegetation is sedges, with much slough grass intermixed. Flowering plants are very infrequent.

Photo by Henry Priester



Marsh northeast of McCausland. Late fall aspect. Calamagrostis, Phalaris and cattail in the foreground, sedges in the middle ground and to the left.

Photo by Stewart Peck



Shore plants, Mud-flat on the pond-shore on R. 61 at the Wapsipinicon River. The lanceolate leaves in the foreground are the swamp water-dock; present here also is the arrowhead. At the far right are sedges. The bushes are the button-bush. There is Lemma floating on the water. In the background is alluvial forest, with pin and swamp white oaks, saplings of soft maple, and river birch.

Photo by Stewart Peck



Hanging bog and "Nelumbo Pond" in Section 15 Lake Township. The pond is so called because of its extensive beds of lotus, usually called the water-lily. The bog is directly in the foreground. The tall grass is Phragmites. Many rare species grow here, as, in addition to many sedges, the fringed and the closed gentians, the crested wood-fern, Selaginella apoda, Boehmeria Drummondii, the asters lucidulus and umbellatus.

Photo by Henry Priester



Fixed sandy prairie northeast of St. Anne's Church. The fine Shelby loamy sand is fixed by a luxuriant growth of Leptoloma cognatum. "Leptoloma Prairie".

Photo by Henry Priester



Shifting dunes at the Big Sand Mound at the northeast corner of Louisa County. The small mounds in the distance are topped and fixed by Calamovilfa longifolia. The plants in the left foreground are Oenothera rhombipetala; at the right are plants of Helianthus petiolaria. There is much Aristida tuberculosa sprinkled about everywhere.

Photo by Henry Priester



Netive upland woods at Allen's Grove showing a typical stand of almost pure white oak and shag-bark hickory. "Oak-hickory forest."

Photo by Henry Priester



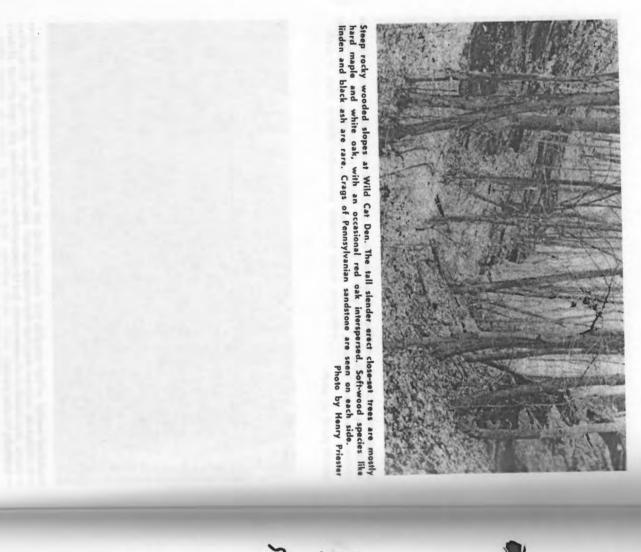
Marsh on Shelby sands northeast of St. Anne's Church. Late fall aspect. The light area through the middle is Leersia oryzoides which forms a watersoaked mat extending several hundred yards to the east. On each side are lush growths of Cyperaceae (including Carex conoidea) many species of Juncus the marsh and sensitive ferns, Aster umbellatus and Eupatorium perfoliatum. To the south the ground rises and forms a sandy prairie.

Photo by Henry Priester



Alluvial woods on the island at the crossing of R. 61 and the Wapsipinicon River. The area is subject to frequent flooding. From right to left are saplings of soft maple, an American elm, a river birch, two cottonwoods and a swamp white oak. Much pin oak, as well as some hackberry is also present.

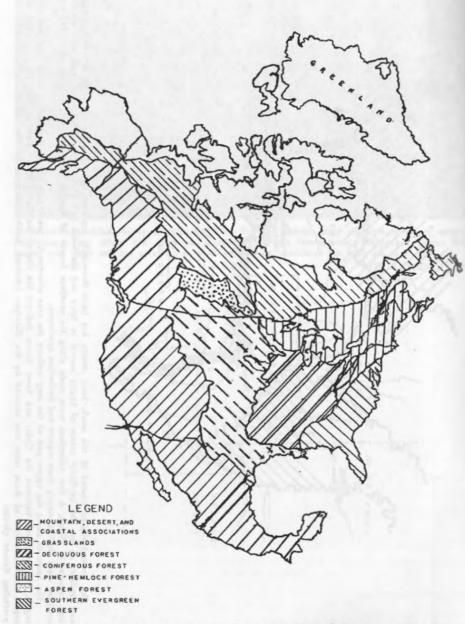
Photo by Stewart Peck





The general region treated in this work. Scott county has been thoroughly explored. Muscatine county has been well investigated and studied, as has the northeast corner of Louisa county in Iowa and the north half of Rock Island and the south half of Whiteside counties in Illinois. A few collections were made along the southern border of Clinton county. Cedar, Johnson and Washington counties were studied mainly from reports and herbarium specimens.

counties were studied mainly from reports and herbarium specimens. The hachures along the upper part of the map indicate the area over-run by the lowan glacier, the last to cover any part of our region. The hachures between the Cedar and lowa Rivers indicate the site of the glacial Lake Calvin of Illinoisan time. The whole region south and east of these areas was covered by the Illinoisan ice-sheet; north and west lie the uplands last covered by the preceding Kansan glacier.



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Approximate ranges of the principal types of vegetation of North America, omitting those of the Rocky Mountains and westward. The tundra of the arctic regions is left blank.